ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

<u>CITY OF BANDON</u> COOS COUNTY, OREGON

2020-2021 COUNCIL MEMBERS AND OFFICERS

CITY COUNCIL	TERM EXPIRES
Mary Schamehorn - Mayor	December 31, 2022
Peter Braun	December 31, 2022
Brian Vick	December 31, 2024
Chris Powell	December 31, 2022
Geri Procetto	December 31, 2024
Geoff Smith	December 31, 2024
Madeline Seymour – Council President	December 31, 2022

Council members receive mail at the address listed below.

OFFICIALS

Dan Chandler, City Manager &
Paula Burris, Finance Director
PO Box 67
Bandon, Oregon 97411

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREPARATION
OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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December 9, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Bandon Coos County, Oregon

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bandon (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bandon as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the schedules of Net pension or OPEB asset, liability and contributions for PERS, RHIA, or Health Insurance or management's discussion and analysis because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

The budgetary comparison schedule presented as Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in our opinion is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The listing of council members containing their term expiration dates, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2021, on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 9, 2021, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

ROY R. ROGERS, CPA

Koy R Rogers

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

June 30, 2021

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the City of Bandon, Oregon (City) presents this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the City's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. It focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow. The report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and supplementary information.

Financial Highlights

Total assets of the City of Bandon exceeded its liabilities by \$38.3 million (reported as net position). Of this amount, \$859 thousand was reported as "unrestricted net position." Unrestricted net position represents the amount available to be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7.3 million, of which \$870 thousand was unassigned. During the current fiscal year, the City's Net Position increased by \$1.0 million and total debt decreased by \$418 thousand.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the major individual funds. The dual perspectives allow the reader to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position (or deficit net position if liabilities exceed assets). Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in a future fiscal period (e.g., uncollected property taxes and earned but unused vacation time). The statement of activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type activities). This statement is intended to summarize and simplify the reader's analysis of the revenues and costs of various City activities and the degree to which activities are subsidized by general revenues.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include administrative and financial accounting services, library, recreation, and cultural services, planning and development, police, and public works (streets and storm drain projects). The business-type activities of the City include water, electric and wastewater utilities.

June 30, 2021

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Urban Renewal Agency (URA) for which the City is financially accountable. Although legally separate, the URA's governing body is identical to the City's, and because the services of the URA are exclusively for the benefit of the City, it is included as an integral part of the primary government. Complete financial statements for the URA may be obtained from the City of Bandon, Finance Department, PO Box 67, Bandon, OR 97411. The government-wide financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found in the basic financial statements.

The City maintains twenty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds and an aggregate total for all other non-major governmental funds. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Urban Renewal District No. 1 fund, the 12th Court LID debt service fund, Local Option Street fund and General Obligation Bond Fund. Summary fund data by fund-type for the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided as other supplementary information.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. To demonstrate compliance with the budget, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for General Fund as required supplementary information. Budgetary comparisons for all other governmental funds have been provided as other supplementary information. The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions that are presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water, and electric utility operations. The enterprise funds are reported separately as proprietary fund financial statements in the basic financial statements.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all proprietary funds. To demonstrate compliance with the budget, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the enterprise funds as other supplementary information. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements.

June 30, 2021

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information. In addition to this discussion and analysis, this report also presents required supplementary information of budgetary comparison for the General Fund.

Other supplementary information. The combining statements and schedules for the non-major funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and the enterprise funds follow the required supplementary information in this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

City of Bandon Net Position

The statement of net position provides a focus on the assets and liabilities related to the City's governmental activities.

Net Position									
	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities				Total				
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,917,707	\$ 6,745,645	\$ 7,196,066	\$ 6,077,215	\$ 15,113,773	\$ 12,822,860			
Capital Assets, Net	16,799,184	17,534,583	17,357,657	17,925,872	34,156,841	35,460,455			
Total Assets	24,716,891	24,280,228	24,553,723	24,003,087	49,270,614	48,283,315			
Deferred Outflows	658,001	433,488	930,426	698,305	1,588,427	1,131,793			
Long-term Liabilities	7,438,893	7,194,122	4,015,624	3,511,468	11,454,517	10,705,590			
Other Liabilities	389,093	437,615	350,514	421,305	739,607	858,920			
Total Liabilities	7,827,986	7,631,737	4,366,138	3,932,773	12,194,124	11,564,510			
Deferred Inflows	217,852	312,496	108,861	198,582	326,713	511,078			
Net Position: Net Investment in									
Capital Assets	11,502,231	11,907,883	16,273,931	16,752,702	27,776,162	28,660,585			
Restricted	6,296,840	3,321,707	3,406,375	2,734,402	9,703,215	6,056,109			
Unrestricted	(470,018)	1,539,893	1,328,844	1,082,933	858,826	2,622,826			
Total Net Position	\$ 17,329,053	\$ 16,769,483	\$ 21,009,150	\$ 20,570,037	\$ 38,338,203	\$ 37,339,520			

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the City of Bandon, total net position (total assets less total liabilities) was \$38.3 million as of June 30, 2021. A portion of the City's net position (\$27.8 million or 72.5%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and right-of-ways, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Of the remaining net position, 1.9% is restricted for debt service, 11.3% is restricted for capital projects, 5.8% is restricted for streets, 0.2% is restricted for customer deposits, and the remaining 2.1% is unrestricted.

June 30, 2021

City of Bandon Statement of Activities

The statement of activities focuses on the program costs and their matching resources. To the extent a program's costs are not recovered by grants and direct charges, the costs are paid from general taxes and other resources. As previously mentioned, the City's activities are divided between governmental and business-type activities. The majority of support for governmental activities comes from taxes, while the business-type activities are supported primarily through user charges.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities resulted in a net increase in the City's net position of \$560 thousand. The main reasons for this increase are increased transient occupancy tax revenues and expenditure reductions across departments. The basic financial statements include a reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the statement of net position.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$439 thousand primarily due to increases in requests for new electrical, water and sewer services; extension fee revenues; and charges for the use of city utility poles.

	Governmen	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities		Total		
REVENUES	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Program Revenue						
Charges for Services and Contracts	\$ 987,042	\$ 678,775	\$ 8,984,550	\$ 7,899,260	\$ 9,971,592	\$ 8,578,035
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	4,281	-	-	-	4,281
General Revenues					-	-
Taxes	2,892,737	2,946,900	-	-	2,892,737	2,946,900
Contributions in Lieu of Taxes	494,836	466,258	-	-	494,836	466,258
Franchise Fees	70,660	47,022	-	-	70,660	47,022
Mis cellaneous Revenue	-		-	-	-	-
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	865,513	813,496	51,552	108,170	917,065	921,666
Total Revenues	5,310,788	4,956,732	9,036,102	8,007,430	14,346,890	12,964,162
EXPENSES						
General Government	2,104,825	1,764,247	-	-	2,104,825	1,764,247
Public Safety	1,446,607	1,335,471	-	-	1,446,607	1,335,471
Highways and Streets	190,928	431,796	-		190,928	431,796
Economic Development	-	-	-		-	-
Culture and Recreation	838,465	1,045,267	-	-	838,465	1,045,267
Interest on Long-Term Obligations	200,393	193,037	-	-	200,393	193,037
Loss on Sale of Property	-	90,944	-	31,204	-	122,148
Water Utility	-	-	1,126,275	1,095,748	1,126,275	1,095,748
Sewer Utility	-	-	1,031,044	1,071,447	1,031,044	1,071,447
Electric Utility			6,409,670	6,304,407	6,409,670	6,304,407
Total Expenses	4,781,218	4,860,762	8,566,989	8,502,806	13,348,207	13,363,568
Transfers	30,000	(371,442)	(30,000)	371,442	-	-
Change in Net Position	559,570	(275,472)	439,113	(123,934)	998,683	(399,406)
Cumulative Effect of Change in		, , ,				
Accounting Principle	-	(18,469)	-		-	(18,469)
Prior Period Adjustment	-	476,358	-	-	-	476,358
Net Position, July 1	16,769,483	16,587,066	20,570,037	20,693,971	37,339,520	37,281,037
Net Position, June 30	\$ 17,329,053	\$ 16,769,483	\$ 21,009,150	\$ 20,570,037	\$ 38,338,203	\$ 37,339,520

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

June 30, 2021

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

City of Bandon General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2021, total fund balance for the General Fund equaled \$877 thousand, which was all unassigned with the exception of customer deposits of \$6.6 thousand. Unassigned fund balance is the amount considered available to spend. At June 30, 2020, the fund balance of the City's General Fund was \$575 thousand. The increase in fund balance of \$302 thousand is a result of a broad range of minor revenue increases and reduced and deferred expenditures across General Fund departments.

Chan	ge	in I	Fund	Balanc	e -	Gov	ernmen	tal Funds

		Fund E	Balan	ce		
Fund	6	/30/2021	6	/30/2020	 hange (\$)	Change (%)
General Fund	\$	876,678	\$	575,229	\$ 301,449	52.4%
Urban Renewal District No. 1		1,472,883		1,325,102	147,781	11.2%
Local Option Street Fund		1,712,871		1,329,880	382,991	28.8%
G.O. Bond Debt Service Fund		407,828		366,192	41,636	11.4%
12th Court LID Debt Service Fund		225,494		239,970	(14,476)	-6.0%
Other Governmental Funds		2,636,027		2,256,370	 379,657	16.8%
Total	\$	7,331,781	\$	6,092,743	\$ 1,239,038	20.3%

General Fund Summary

	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	Change (\$)	Change (%)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$1,548,188	\$1,429,512	\$ 118,676	8.3%
Payments in lieu of taxes	477,756	447,856	29,900	6.7%
Reimbursements	408,855	409,394	(539)	0.1%
Other revenues	545,974	231,214	314,760	-136.1%
Total revenues	\$2,980,773	\$2,517,976	\$ 462,797	18.4%
Expenditures				
General government	1,125,393	956,899	\$ 168,494	17.6%
Public safety	1,245,165	1,121,546	123,619	11.0%
Highways and streets	131,315	101,882	29,433	-28.9%
Culture and recreations	222,698	287,391	(64,693)	
Total expenditures	\$2,724,571	\$2,467,718	\$ 256,853	10.4%
Transfers In (Out)	45,247	5,282	\$ 39,965	756.6%
Sale of Property		281,503	\$ (281,503)	-100.0%
Change in Fund Balance	301,449	337,043	(35,594)	-10.6%
Beginning Fund Balance	575,229	238,186	337,043	-141.5%
Ending Fund Balance	876,678	575,229	301,449	

City of Bandon Other Governmental Funds. The Urban Renewal District No. 1 Fund, Local Option Street Tax Fund, general obligation bond fund, and 12th Court Local Improvement District Debt Service Fund are the other major governmental funds. During the Fiscal Year 2021, the Urban Renewal District No. 1 Fund had an increase in its fund balance of \$148 thousand, Local Option Street Fund increased by \$383 thousand, General Obligation Bond Fund increased by \$42 thousand, and the 12th Court Local Improvement District Fund decreased by \$14 thousand during the year.

June 30, 2021

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. The sewer fund, water fund, and electric fund are the major proprietary funds. For Fiscal Year 2021, the water utility saw an increase in net position of \$286 thousand, the sewer utility saw an increase of \$42 thousand, and the electric utility saw a \$110 thousand increase in net position. The increases are primarily due to services related to new construction and electrical pole contacts.

Change in Net Position - Business-type Activities

Source	Water	Sewer	Electric	Total
Revenues	\$ 1,378,537	\$ 1,068,726	\$ 6,537,286	\$ 8,984,549
Operating Expenses	1,114,971	1,021,764	6,409,670	8,546,405
Operating Income	263,566	46,962	127,616	438,144
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	22,891	(4,892)	12,970	30,969
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-	(30,000)	(30,000)
Change in Net Position	286,457	42,070	110,586	439,113
Beginning Net Position	8,330,394	3,545,787	8,693,856	20,570,037
Ending Net Position	\$ 8,616,851	\$ 3,587,857	\$ 8,804,442	\$21,009,150

General Fund Budget

Actual revenues for Fiscal Year 2020-21 are approximated budgeted amounts. Expenditures were approximately 7% less than budgeted as staff carefully monitored transactions and reduced expenses where possible.

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$34.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets, which decreased by \$1.3 million, includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure (streets, water, wastewater, storm drainage, and electric system). The decrease is the net impact of \$2.1 million in depreciation, \$1 million in new capital assets, and \$200 thousand in net book value of disposed assets. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2021, the City had total long-term debt of \$6.4 million, including enterprise activity commitments. Outstanding debt includes \$2.2 million in general obligation bonds to be serviced by general property taxes and \$1.5 million Urban Renewal general obligation bonds that are serviced by tax increment financing. The City would be liable for this Urban Renewal debt in the event of default by the Urban Renewal Agency. In addition, there is \$395 thousand in local improvement district bonds (special assessment debt) for which the City is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment.

The City's total debt decreased by \$418 thousand during the current fiscal year due to scheduled payments. The City of Bandon complies with Oregon Revised Statutes that limit general obligation bond debt to 3% of the real market value of all taxable property within the City's boundaries. Additional information on the City's bonded debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

June 30, 2021

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Fiscal Year 2021-22 budget total is \$28,980,637, which is \$8,468,608 (29.2%) more than the prior Fiscal Year 2020-21 budget of \$20,512,029. This increase is primarily due to the City planning to issue the General Obligation Bonds for water and sewer improvements in the late summer of 2021, anticipated American Rescue Plan funding, revenue generated from the long-term leasing of cell towers, and a strong prior-year carryover.

Bandon's overall revenues are primarily generated by its electric, water, and sewer utilities. In September 2020, voters approved significant increases to water and sewer rates. This will stabilize water and sewer revenue for some time to come. The electric utility has the ability to raise rates to cover for any increased wholesale charges without a vote.

At only \$.46 per \$1,000 assessed valuation, the City of Bandon's permanent property tax rate is low compared to other full-service cities in the County, whose rates range from \$6.10 to \$7.99. General Fund revenues are split between the transient occupancy tax, utility taxes, utility in-lieu payments, and utility reimbursements. Other resources include property taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental reimbursements such as liquor, cigarette, and miscellaneous permits and fees.

Voters at the May 18, 2021 Election approved the continuance of a local option street tax in the amount of \$0.8455 per \$1,000 assessed valuation for 10 years, that provides funding for streets, drainage systems, and pedestrian facilities. This tax was initially approved by voters in 2001, then again in 2011, and now approved a third time in 2021 for an additional 10-year period. While there is a local option street tax, the Urban Renewal special levy will not be imposed.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

Dan Chandler
City Manager/Director of Utilities
City of Bandon
P.O. Box 67
Bandon, OR 97411

Basic Financial Statements

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,586,840	\$ 1,661,277	\$ 5,248,117
Receivables			
Accounts	41,051	573,415	614,466
Property taxes	133,181	-	133,181
Loans/Notes	24,195	1,048,463	1,072,658
Special assessments	325,195	47,385	372,580
Inventories	-	506,536	506,536
Restricted cash	3,807,245	3,358,990	7,166,235
Capital assets			
Capital assets, not depreciable	1,903,638	1,067,419	2,971,057
Depreciable capital assets, net of			
accumulated depreciation	14,895,546	16,290,238	31,185,784
Total assets	24,716,891	24,553,723	49,270,614
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferrals - PERS	646,042	918,098	1,564,140
Deferred Outflows on OPEB - Health Insurance	11,959	12,328	24,287
Total deferred outflows	658,001	930,426	1,564,140
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	25,374,892	25,484,149	50,859,041
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	86,163	64,106	150,269
Accrued payroll and benefits	32,632	36,201	68,833
Customer deposits	6,644	80,032	86,676
Accrued interest payable	111,451	11,077	122,528
Compensated absences payable	152,203	159,098	311,301
Non-current liabilities	,	227,070	,
Amount due within one year	346,942	90,040	436,982
Amount due after one year	4,950,011	1,023,487	5,973,498
Net pension liability - PERS	2,048,842	2,806,125	4,854,967
Net OPEB Health Insurance Liability	93,098	95,972	189,070
Total liabilities	7,827,986	4,366,138	12,194,124
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	92,265	_	92,265
Pension related deferrals - PERS	125,587	108,861	234,448
Total deferred inflows	217,852	108,861	326,713
NET DOGITION			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	11,502,231	16,273,931	27,776,162
Restricted for Debt service	Z07 ZZ	20.001	717 461
	687,660	29,801	717,461
Capital projects Streets	1,039,461	3,296,542	4,336,003
	2,231,527	00.000	2,231,527
Customer deposits Urban Renewal	6,644	80,032	86,676
Unrestricted	2,331,548 (470,018)	1,328,844	2,331,548 858,826
TOTAL NET POSITION			
TOTAL NET FOSITION	\$ 17,329,053	\$ 21,009,150	\$ 38,338,203

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenue	es	Net (Expenses) F	Revenue and Chang	ges in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grant	s Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and Contribution	s and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
General government	\$ 2,104,825	\$ 547,949	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,556,876)	\$ -	\$ (1,556,876)
Public safety	1,446,607	· -	-	-	(1,446,607)	-	(1,446,607)
Highways and streets	190,928	74,190	-	-	(116,738)	-	(116,738)
Culture and recreation	838,465	364,903	-	-	(473,562)	-	(473,562)
Interest on long-term debt	200,393		-	-	(200,393)	-	(200,393)
Total governmental activities	4,781,218	987,042		-	(3,794,176)		(3,794,176)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Sewer	1,031,043	1,068,726	-	-	-	37,683	37,683
Water	1,126,275	1,378,537	-	-	-	252,262	252,262
Electric	6,409,670	6,537,286				127,616	127,616
Total business-type activities	8,566,988	8,984,549				417,561	417,561
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 13,348,206	\$ 9,971,591	\$ -	\$ -	(3,794,176)	417,561	(3,376,615)
	(GENERAL REVI	ENUES				
		Taxes and assess	sments				
		Property taxes			1,412,584	-	1,412,584
			nd assessments		1,480,153	-	1,480,153
		Contributions in	lieu of taxes		494,836	-	494,836
		Franchise fees			70,660	-	70,660
		Interest and inve	estment earnings		865,513	51,552	917,065
		Transfers			30,000	(30,000)	
		Total gene	eral revenues and t	ransfers	4,353,746	21,552	4,375,298
	(CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION		559,570	439,113	998,683
	1	NET POSITION			16,769,483	20,570,037	37,339,520
	1	NET POSITION,	end of year		\$ 17,329,053	\$ 21,009,150	\$ 38,338,203

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Capital Projects					
			Ur	ban Renewal	L	ocal Option			
		General	D	istrict No. 1		Street			
ASSETS	•	000 101	•						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	923,486	\$	-	\$	-			
Receivables		10.620		25 100		40.574			
Property taxes Accounts, Net		19,629		35,100		40,574			
Notes receivable		37,697		-		-			
Loans		_							
Special assessments		-		-		_			
Interfund loans receivable				_		_			
Restricted cash		6,644	\$	1 469 120		1 705 045			
Total assets	\$			1,468,130	•	1,705,945			
Total assets	3	987,456	\$	1,503,230	\$	1,746,519			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	61,841	\$	888	\$	-			
Accrued payroll benefits		26,010		-		-			
Customer deposits		6,644		-		-			
Total liabilities		94,495		888		-			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenues									
Property taxes		16,283		29,459		33,648			
Assessments		-				_			
Loans				-		-			
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,283		29,459		33,648			
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted for debt service		-		-		-			
Restricted for customer deposits		6,644		-		_			
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		-			
Restricted for urban renewal		-		1,472,883		-			
Restricted special projects - streets		-		-		1,712,871			
Committed for capital projects		-		-		-			
Committed for special projects		-		-		-			
Unassigned		870,034		-		_			
Total fund balances		876,678		1,472,883		1,712,871			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				-					
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	987,456	\$	1,503,230	\$	1,746,519			
			_	77		- ,			

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Cash and cash equivalents S			Debt S	Service			Other		
ASSETS				12th	Court LID	Go			Total
Property taxes	ASSETS		Barrett Berra		- Court Elle		1 41145		1000
Property taxes	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$		\$	2,663,354	\$	3,586,840
Notes receivable	Receivables								, ,
Notes receivable Loans	Property taxes		22,004		-		15,874		133,181
Loans	Accounts		3,354				· •		41,051
Special assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Interfund loans receivable -	Notes receivable								
Special assessments 300,722 24,472 325,194 Interfund loans receivable 2 -	Loans		-		-		24,195		24,195
Interfund loans receivable	Special assessments		-		300,722		24,472		-
Total assets \$ 426,390 \$ 526,216 \$ 2,727,895 \$ 7,917,706	Interfund loans receivable		-		-				· -
Total assets \$ 426,390 \$ 526,216 \$ 2,727,895 \$ 7,917,706	Restricted cash		401.032		225,494		-		3.807.245
Clabilities	Total assets	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	2 727 895	-\$	
Accounts payable \$ - \$ - \$ 23,434 \$ 86,163 Accrued payroll benefits 6,622 32,632 Customer deposits 6,622 32,632 Customer deposits 6,644 Total liabilities 30,056 125,439 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues Property taxes 18,562 - 13,145 111,097 Assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Loans 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits 6,644 Restricted for customer deposits 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for utban renewal - 888,665 2,331,548 Restricted for cupital projects - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for special projects 69,219 69,219 Unassigned 69,219 69,219 Unassigned 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781	. 0		120,550		320,210		2,727,055	<u> </u>	7,517,700
Accrued payroll benefits 6,622 32,632 Customer deposits 6,644 Total liabilities 30,056 125,439 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues Property taxes 18,562 - 13,145 111,097 Assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Loans 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for capital projects 6,644 Restricted for urban renewal - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted for urban renewal - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects 69,219 Unassigned 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	LIABILITIES								
Customer deposits - - - 6,644 Total liabilities - - 30,056 125,439 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues - - 13,145 111,097 Assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Loans - - 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - <td< td=""><td>Accounts payable</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td>23,434</td><td>\$</td><td>86,163</td></td<>	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,434	\$	86,163
Customer deposits - - - 6,644 Total liabilities - - 30,056 125,439 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues - - 13,145 111,097 Assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Loans - - 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - <td< td=""><td>Accrued payroll benefits</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>6,622</td><td></td><td>32,632</td></td<>	Accrued payroll benefits		-		-		6,622		32,632
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues Property taxes 18,562 - 13,145 111,097 Assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Loans - 24,195 24,195 24,195			-		-		_		
Property taxes 18,562 - 13,145 111,097	Total liabilities		-		-		30,056		
Property taxes 18,562 - 13,145 111,097									
Property taxes 18,562 - 13,145 111,097 Assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Loans - - 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Assessments - 300,722 24,472 325,194 Loans - - - 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Unavailable revenues								
Loans - - 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Property taxes		18,562		-		13,145		111,097
Loans - - 24,195 24,195 Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Assessments		_		300,722		24,472		325,194
Total deferred inflows of resources 18,562 300,722 61,812 460,486 FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Loans		-		-				24,195
FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects 95,688 Committed for special projects 69,219 Unassigned 69,219 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				***************************************					
FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects 95,688 Committed for special projects 69,219 Unassigned 69,219 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Total deferred inflows of resources		18,562		300,722		61,812		460,486
Restricted for debt service 407,828 225,494 54,338 687,660 Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
Restricted for customer deposits - - - 6,644 Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for capital projects - - 1,039,461 1,039,461 Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Restricted for debt service		407,828		225,494		54,338		687,660
Restricted for urban renewal - - 858,665 2,331,548 Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Restricted for customer deposits		-		-		-		6,644
Restricted special projects - streets - - 518,656 2,231,527 Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Restricted for capital projects		-		-		1,039,461		1,039,461
Committed for capital projects - - 95,688 95,688 Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Restricted for urban renewal		-		-		858,665		2,331,548
Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Restricted special projects - streets		-		-		518,656		2,231,527
Committed for special projects - - 69,219 69,219 Unassigned - - - - 870,034 Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Committed for capital projects		-		-		95,688		95,688
Total fund balances 407,828 225,494 2,636,027 7,331,781 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Committed for special projects		-		-				
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	Unassigned		-		-		-		870,034
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
	Total fund balances		407,828		225,494		2,636,027		7,331,781
BUELOWIG OF BEGOVEROES AND	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND	INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND								
FUND BALANCE \$ 426,390 \$ 526,216 \$ 2,727,895 \$ 7,917,706	FUND BALANCE	\$	426,390	\$	526,216	\$	2,727,895	\$	7,917,706

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

TOTAL FUND BALANCES – governmental funds	\$ 7,331,781
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
The net pension asset (liability) and OPEB Liability is the difference between the total PERS pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries	
Net Pension Liability - PERS	(2,048,842)
OPEB Liability - Health Insurance	(93,098)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the PERS pension plan	
include differences between expected and actual experience, changes	
of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and	
contributions subsequent to the measurement date	
Inflows- Pension Related Deferrals - PERS	(125,587)
Outflows- OPEB Related Deferrals - Health Insurance	11,959
Outflows- Pension Related Deferrals - PERS	646,042
Capital assets are not current financial resources in governmental	
funds, but are reported in the statement of net position at	
their net depreciable value	
Capital assets, not depreciable 1,903,638	
Depreciable capital assets, net of 14,895,546	
	16,799,184
The statement of net position reports receivables at their net realizable	
value. However, receivables not available to pay for current	
period expenditures are deferred in governmental funds	
Property taxes 111,097	
Loans receivable 24,195	
Special assessments 325,194	
	460,486
All liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. However,	
if they are not due and payable in the current period, they	
are not recorded in the governmental funds	
Long-term obligations (5,296,953)	
Deferred charge on refunding (92,265)	
Accrued interest payable on bonds and notes (111,451)	
Compensated absences (152,203)	
	 (5,652,872)
NET POSITION - governmental activities	\$ 17,329,053

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDEDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

REVENUES -	General	Capital I Urban Renewal District No. 1	Local Option		
REVENUES -	General	District No. 1	-		
REVENUES		D13t110t 110. 1	Street		
Taxes	\$ 1,548,188	\$ 360,960	\$ 442,932		
Licenses and permits	229,457	-	-		
Intergovernmental	78,583	-	-		
System development charges	-		-		
Payments in lieu of taxes	477,756	5,789	6,581		
Fines and police income	40,754	-	-		
Special assessments	-	-	-		
Grants		-	-		
Interest	3,686	8,890	11,276		
Reimbursements	408,855	-	45.015		
Other	193,494	-	45,817		
Total revenues	2,980,773	375,639	506,606		
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	1,125,393	20,010	-		
Public safety	1,245,165	-	-		
Highways and streets	131,315	-	-		
Culture and recreation	222,698	-	-		
Capital outlay	-	12,906	68,607		
Debt service	*	194,942	55,008		
Total expenditures	2,724,571	227,858	123,615		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	256,202	147,781	382,991		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer in (out), Net	45,247	-	-		
Loan forgiven with property purchase	-	-	-		
Sale of property	-	-	-		
Loan Interest	-	_	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	45,247	-	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	301,449	147,781	382,991		
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	575,229	1,325,102	1,329,880		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 876,678	\$ 1,472,883	\$ 1,712,871		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Debt Service					Other	
	(General		Court LID	Go	vernmental	
	Obli	gation Bond	De	bt Service		Funds	Total
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	220,408	\$	-	\$	406,330	\$ 2,978,818
Licenses and permits		-		-		-	229,457
Intergovernmental		-		-		410,027	488,610
System development charges		~		-		229,872	229,872
Payments in lieu of taxes		3,855		-		855	494,836
Fines and police income		-		-		-	40,754
Special assessments		-		13,865		(17,246)	(3,381)
Grants				-		-	-
Interest		2,749		11,458		18,141	56,200
Reimbursements		-		-		-	408,855
Other		38,400		-		119,582	397,293
Total revenues		265,412		25,323		1,167,561	5,321,314
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		-		-		6,529	1,151,932
Public safety		-		-		32,238	1,277,403
Highways and streets		-		-		182,717	314,032
Culture and recreation		-		-		418,613	641,311
Capital outlay		-		-		106,899	188,412
Debt service		223,776		39,799		28,826	542,351
Total expenditures		223,776		39,799		775,822	\$ 4,115,441
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		41,636	***************************************	(14,476)		391,739	\$ 1,205,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer in (out), Net		-		-		(15,247)	30,000
Loan forgiven with property purchase		-		-		-	-
Sale of property		-		-		-	-
Loan Interest		-		-		3,165	3,165
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		-		(12,082)	33,165
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		41,636		(14,476)		379,657	1,239,038
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		366,192		239,970		2,256,370	6,092,743
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	407,828	\$	225,494	\$	2,636,027	\$ 7,331,781

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are dis	fferent because:	\$ 1,239,038
The pension expense represents the changes in net pension asset (liability) from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits.		(181,831)
The OPEB Expense represents the changes in Net OPEB Asset (Liability) from year to year due to changes in total OPEB liability and the fair value of OPEB plan net position available to pay OPEB benefits.		(81,139)
Governmental funds defer inflows of resources that do not provide current financial resources. However, the statement of activities recognizes such revenues at their net realizable value when earned, regardless of when received Property taxes Loans receivable Special assessments	(15,421) (2,207) 3,937	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the period		(13,691)
Capital acquisitions and capital contributions	397,787	
Disposals and loss on disposals	(193,315)	
Depreciation	(939,871)	(525.200)
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities consist of		(735,399)
Change in interest payable	4,602	
Changes in compensated absences payable	(9,366)	
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	7,609	
Principal payments on long-term debt	329,747	332,592
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 559,570

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	30110	30, 2021					
		Sewer		Water		Electric	Total
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivable	\$	48,460	\$	(28,880)	\$	1,641,697	\$ 1,661,277
Accounts		84,892		78,692		409,831	573,415
Special assessments		12,112		35,273		-	47,385
Restricted cash		437,433		2,828,377		63,379	3,329,189
Inventory		-		18,334		488,202	506,536
Total current assets		582,897		2,931,796		2,603,109	 6,117,802
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Notes receivable		-		283,463		765,000	1,048,463
Restricted cash		-		29,801		-	29,801
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		1,283,321		5,990,630		7,083,706	 17,357,657
Total noncurrent assets		1,283,321		6,303,894		7,848,706	18,435,921
Total assets		1,866,218		9,235,690		10,451,815	24,553,723
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,000,210		7,233,070		10,431,013	 24,555,725
Deferred outflow - Pension		121,806		181,371		614,921	918,098
Deferred outflow - OPEB Health Insurance		1,843		2,311		8,174	12,328
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES		1,989,867		9,419,372		11,074,910	 25,484,149
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable		14,659		12,524		36,923	64,106
Accrued payroll benefits		5,072		6,318		24,811	36,201
Compensated absences payable		43,551		25,089		90,458	159,098
Customer deposits		10,613		6,040		63,379	80,032
Accrued interest payable		5,268		5,809		-	11,077
Current portion of long-term debt		60,239		29,801		-	 90,040
Total current liabilities		139,402		85,581		215,571	 440,554
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES							
Net pension liability		385,174		515,376		1,905,575	2,806,125
Net OPEB Liability - Health Insurance		14,349		17,990		63,633	95,972
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	-	842,765		180,722		-	 1,023,487
Total liabilities		1,381,690		799,669		2,184,779	 4,366,138
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflow - pension		20,320	***************************************	2,852		85,689	 108,861
Total Deferred Inflows		20,320		2,852		85,689	 108,861
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		3,380,317		5,780,107		7,083,706	3,577,244
Restricted for debt service	•	-,500,517		29,801		-,005,700	29,801
Restricted for capital projects		438,932		2,857,610		-	3,296,542
Restricted for customer deposits		10,613		6,040		63,379	80,032
Unrestricted		(242,005)		(56,707)		1,657,357	 1,358,645
TOTAL NET POSITION	_\$ 3	3,587,857	\$	8,616,851	_\$_	8,804,442	\$ 21,009,150

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services				Total		
Sewer charges	\$ 964,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 964,836		
Water sales	-	979,899	•	979,899		
Electricity sales	-	-	6,171,455	6,171,455		
BPA Conservation	-	-	48,081	48,081		
Service charges, fees and permits	91,469	343,846	304,082	739,397		
Other	12,421	54,792	13,668	80,881		
Total operating revenues	1,068,726	1,378,537	6,537,286	8,984,549		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administration	125,600	122,328	535,149	783,077		
Cost of sales and services	660,843	627,716	5,302,245	6,590,804		
Energy assistance payments	-	-	3,216	3,216		
Plant improvement (non-capital)	-	34,998	-	34,998		
Depreciation and amortization	235,321	329,929	569,060	1,134,310		
Total operating expenses	1,021,764	1,114,971	6,409,670	8,546,405		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	46,962	263,566	127,616	438,144		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE)						
Interest income	4,387	34,195	12,970	51,552		
Interest expense	(9,279)	(11,304)	-	(20,583)		
T-4-1						
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(4,892)	22,891	12,970	30,969		
DICOME DEFONE OPENATING						
INCOME BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	42,070	286,457	140,586	469,113		
CTVIED BY LIVER IS SOUTH THE SUSTEIN						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer (to) from other funds	•	_	(30,000)	(30,000)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	42,070	286,457	110,586	439,113		
NET POSITION, beginning of year, Restated	3,545,787	8,330,394	8,693,856	20,570,037		
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 3,587,857	\$ 8,616,851	\$ 8,804,442	\$ 21,009,150		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

		Sewer		Water		Electric		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	\$	1,043,112	\$	1 262 225	C	6,511,865	P	8,917,202
Cash paid to employees	Ф	(292,202)	Ф	1,362,225 (282,867)		(1,380,619)		(1,955,688)
Cash paid to suppliers		(492,946)		(462,281)		(4,228,820)		(5,184,047)
1						<u> </u>		
Net cash provided by operating activities		257,964		617,077		902,426		1,777,467
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Customer deposits Interfund transfers (net)		625		358		1,342 (30,000)		2,325 (30,000)
						(30,000)		(30,000)
NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		625		358		(28,658)		(27,675)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Principal payments		(59,643)		(28,455)		-		(88,098)
Interest paid		(9,626)		(12,089)		-		(21,715)
Acquisition of capital assets		(131,952)		(59,720)		(374,418)		(566,090)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(201,221)		(100,264)		(374,418)		(675,903)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received		4,387		34,195		12,970		51,552
Principal payments on notes receivable		(9,306)		(2,104)				(11,410)
Net cash received from investing activities		(4,919)		32,091		12,970		40,142
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		52,449		549,262		512,320		1,114,031
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, at beginning of year (including restricted cash of \$2,740,447)		433,444		2,280,036		1,192,756		3,906,236
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, at end of year (including restricted cash of \$2,902,369)	_\$_	485,893	_\$_	2,829,298	_\$_	1,705,076	_\$_	5,020,267
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO								
Operating income (loss)	\$	45,119	\$	261,273	\$	119,443	\$	425,835
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net								
cash provided by operating activities Depreciation and amortization		235,321		329,929		569,060		1,134,310
Change in assets and liabilities		233,321		329,729		309,000		1,134,310
Accounts		(20,975)		(11,553)		15,684		(16,844)
Inventory		-		2,710		20,706		23,416
Pension and OPEB liability		88,549		111,017		392,685		592,251
Deferred outflows		(34,094)		(39,421)		(146,284)		(219,799)
Accounts payable		(28,912)		(15,682)		30,164		(14,430)
Accrued payroll and benefits		(807)		(1,487)		2,591		297
Unearned revenue - prepaid utility billing		(4,639)		(4,759)		(41,106)		(50,504)
Compensated absences Deferred inflow		(8,183) (13,415)		1,868 (16,818)		(1,029) (59,488)		(7,344) (89,721)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	257,964	\$	617,077	\$	902,426	•	1,777,467
THE CAUTE TO THE DE OF LICHTING ACTIVITIES	Ψ	201,707	Ψ	017,077	Ψ	704,740	Ψ.	1,777,707

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

City of Bandon Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Bandon (City), Coos County, Oregon, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The City provides public safety (police), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), these financial statements present the City and all component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

The basic financial statements include all financial activities, organizations and functions for which the City Council is responsible for financial accountability. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either; a) the ability to impose its will on the component unit, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. Therefore, although legally separate entities, blended component units are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. Based on the application of the criteria established by Governmental Auditing Standards Board (GASB), the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Bandon is a component unit of the City.

Blended component unit — The Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Bandon, Oregon (Agency), was created by adoption of City Ordinance 1191 on August 5, 1986. The Agency is organized under general laws pertaining to urban renewal agencies in the state of Oregon. The City is not responsible for deficits nor entitled to surpluses of the Agency, the Agency Board designates management, budgeting authority lies solely with the Agency Board, the Agency is responsible for fiscal management and determination of revenue sources and the City is not legally or morally obligated for the Agency's debts. In this situation, the preceding factors are conclusive in contrast with the following factor which may indicate inclusion: the Agency Board is appointed by and made up of the same members as the Common Council of the City. However, legally the two boards are distinct and conduct all business as such. Based on standards set forth in GASB Statement 61, the Agency is considered to be a "component unit" of the City because the City appoints the board members of the Agency. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Agency are included in the City's basic financial statements as capital project funds using the "blended" method of presentation.

A copy of the financial statement for the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Bandon may be obtained by contacting City Hall.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP as applied to government units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Interfund activity such as loans and transfers are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

Governmental activities – The City's general government activities are reported in this category, including the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds. Funding sources vary and include property, utility and franchise taxes, special assessments, permits and licensing, and charges for services.

Business-type activities – The City provides sewer, water and electrical service to its customers and this category reports the activities of the enterprise funds.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The various funds of the City are grouped into the categories governmental and proprietary.

All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for the governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City's finances meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available").

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and claims of judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes, utility taxes, franchise taxes, special assessments, licenses, fees and permits, interest and charges for services are susceptible to accrual if collected within one (1) month of fiscal year end. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met. There are, however, essentially two types of intergovernmental revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, all eligibility requirements are determined to be met when the underlying expenditures are recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to the purpose of the expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements; therefore, all eligibility requirements are determined to be met at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

The City presents separate financial statements for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements, with nonmajor funds being combined into a single column.

Major governmental funds include:

General Fund – This is the City's primary operating fund. This fund is used to account for all financial resources and transactions not required to be accounted for in other funds.

General Obligation Bonds Fund – This fund is used to account for all general obligation bonds. These bonds were previously accounted for individually in funds 343, 344, 360, and 375.

12th Court Local Improvement Districts Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments. Expenditures are restricted to the repayment of the debt incurred.

Urban Renewal District No. 1 Fund – This fund is used to account for construction, administration, and certain debt service payments within the urban renewal areas. These funds are financed by property taxes (tax increments) levied in various taxing districts.

Local Option Street Fund – This fund is used to account for loan proceeds, interest, capital expenditures, and interfund transfers necessary for the street paving project.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects).

The **Debt Service Funds** account for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary funds.

The **Capital Projects Funds** account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds include the following fund type:

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Major enterprise funds include:

Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the sewer disposal system.

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the water system.

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the electric utility.

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and cash equivalents – The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments in the Oregon State Treasury Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The City maintains merged bank accounts and investments for its funds in a central pool of cash and investments. The investment policy of the City is to invest in LGIP and interest-bearing demand deposits with local banks and to transfer resources to the general checking account as the need arises. This policy is in accordance with ORS 294.035, which specifies the types of investments authorized for municipal corporations. The City allocates earnings on investments to each fund based on average monthly cash balances throughout the year. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments are stated at amortized cost, which equals market value.

Receivables and payables — Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Other receivables including property taxes, accounts, entitlements, and shared revenues are reported in accordance with the policies enumerated in Paragraph B above. An allowance for bad debts is carried in the enterprise funds. The City has strong enforcement procedures including shut off of utility services. An allowance for bad debt is not carried in the governmental funds because the City has determined that any uncollectible amount would be immaterial to the financial statements.

Inventories – Physical inventories, with the exception of the proprietary funds, are taken for control purposes only. The cost value of such inventories has been recorded as expenditures when purchased. Accordingly, with the exception of the proprietary funds, a value is not included in the balance sheet.

Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of proprietary fund-type inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted assets – Certain resources are set aside for repayment of debt and are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited. Reserve accounts are used to report resources set aside for repairs and replacement to the water and sewer system and, when necessary, for the purpose of making principal and interest payments on the bonds and notes payable. Utility deposits are also reported as restricted assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital assets – General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and a useful life of over one year. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Furnishings and	
equipment	5–7 years
Infrastructure	10-60 years
Land improvements	5-100 years
Buildings	30-100 years
Other	5-100 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources – In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has property taxes, assessments, and loans receivable that fit into this classification.

Compensated absences – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation leave can be accumulated up to 240 hours. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave. In proprietary funds, vested vacation benefits are recognized as expenses when earned by the employee and unpaid benefits are liabilities of those funds. Governmental fund types recognize the expenditure when benefits are paid. Vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as the result of employee resignations and retirements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The funds typically used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences are any funds with payroll, which include: general, library, state tax street, sewer, water, and electrical funds. Employees have the option to accumulate overtime as compensatory pay, which accrues at overtime rates.

Long-term obligations – The City reports long-term debt on the statement of net position. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as another financing source net of the applicable premium or discount. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, if any.

Operating revenues and expenses, non-operating revenues and expense — Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for sales of water, sewer, and electrical services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that is the primary activity of the fund.

Non-operating revenues and expenses of the City are those revenues and expenses not directly related to the service provided by the fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses include interest, grants, and gain or loss on disposition of capital assets.

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund balance – In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-spendable – Includes amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted – Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, granters or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.

Committed – Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assigned – Includes amounts assigned for specific purposes by council action who authorizes, by resolution, the City Manager to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category. Only the general fund may have an unassigned balance.

Use of restricted resources – When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Net position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or law or regulations of other governments. For specific details see the statement of net position.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP for all governmental funds. The annual budgets for the proprietary funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with U.S. GAAP to comply with Oregon Local Budget Law. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Oregon Local Budget Law establishes standard procedures relating to the preparation, adoption, and execution of the annual budget. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The level of control for the general fund, water fund, sewer fund, and electric fund is by department. Total personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, contingency and transfers are the levels of control for the remaining funds.

Original appropriations may be changed through resolutions by transferring amounts between appropriations in the same fund or by transferring from an appropriation in the general fund to an appropriation category in another fund. A supplemental budget is needed to increase appropriations when appropriations transfers are unauthorized. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

Management may reassign resources within functions without seeking approval of the City Council.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations and Deficit Fund Balances

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following amounts:

	An	Amount of			
Fund / Budget Category	Over J	Expenditure			
GENERAL FUND					
General government					
Administration and general	\$	3,088			
Accounting and Billing	\$	19,903			
Planning Department	\$	3,611			
LOCAL OPTION STREET TAX FUND					
Debt Service interest	\$	143			
WATER FUND					
Transfer to other funds	\$	5,677			
ELECTRIC FUND					
Nondepartmental					
Materials and services	\$	3,987			

3. Cash and Investments

The cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorize investing in bankers acceptances, commercial paper, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as Cash and Investments.

Deposits – The GASB has adopted U.S. GAAP, which include standards to categorize deposits to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at June 30, 2021. If bank deposits at year end are not entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, the City must disclose the custodial credit risk that exists. Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits. Any deposits with financial institutions will be covered up to \$250,000 by Federal Depositary Insurance, and the remaining deposited at an approved depositary as prescribed by the Oregon State Treasurer.

The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Effective July 1, 2008, state statutes (ORS 295.002) allow public officials to deposit public funds in one or more depositories currently qualified pursuant to ORS 295.001 to 295.108. As long as the bank depository has entered into an agreement (ORS 295.008(2)(b)) and has deposited securities pursuant to state statutes (ORS 295.015(1)), there may now be on deposit at any one bank depository and its branches, a sum in excess of the amount insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the total amount of the City's deposits in various financial institutions was \$1,129,718. All deposits are held in the name of the City. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized.

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2021, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to credit risk.

Investments – The City has invested funds in the State Treasurer's Oregon Short-Term Fund LGIP during fiscal year 2021. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the local government investment pool for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). LGIP is an unrated external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The amounts invested in the pool are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 40.

In addition, the Oregon State Treasury LGIP distributes investment income on an amortized cost basis and participants' equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

Investments in the Oregon State Treasury LGIP are made under the provisions of ORS 194.180. These funds are held in the City's name and are not subject to collateralization requirements or ORS 295 .015. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

3. Cash and Investments (continued)

Credit risk – State statutes authorize the City to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers, and the State Treasurer's investment pool, among others. The City has no formal investment policy that further restricts its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk – The City is required to provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in one issuer that represent 5.00% or more of the total investments, excluding investments in external investment pools or those issued and explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The City has no such investments.

Interest rate risk – The City has no formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

As of June 30, 2021, the City had the following investment:

Investment Type	Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio	Fair	Value
Local Government Investment Pool	1 day	100%	\$ 11	,466,233
A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as Carrying amount of deposits Local Government Investment Pool Total	shown on the staten	nent of net position an	\$ 1	sheet follows: 948,119 1,466,233 2,414,352
BALANCE SHEET Governmental Activities Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash Total governmental activities			\$	3,586,840 3,807,245 7,394,085
Business-type Activities Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash Total business-type activities TOTAL				2,088,097 2,932,170 5,020,267 12,414,352

4. Property Taxes Receivable

Non-current property taxes and special assessments receivable are treated as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Accounts receivables are considered to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no provision for estimated uncollectible balances has been established for those accounts.

Property taxes – Property taxes are assessed and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable on November 15. They may be paid in installments due November 15, February 15, and May 15. Taxes are billed and collected by the County of Coos and remittance to the City is made at periodic intervals. For fiscal year 2020-21, the City imposed a property tax rate of \$0.4600, bond levies of \$0.5000, and local option tax levy of \$0.8500 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Coos County determined the actual taxable assessed valuation within the City to be \$531,551,154. After subtracting the Urban Renewal excess and after adjustments, the net levy result was \$890,561.

Following is a summary of property tax transactions for the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Coos County	Receivable June 30, 2020		Collections 2020-2021 and Net Levy Adjustments	
2020-21		\$ 890,561	\$ (859,795)	\$ 30,766
2019-20	\$ 33,956	-	(17,553)	16,403
2018-19	18,440	-	(7,772)	10,668
2017-18	12,155	-	(7,523)	4,632
2016-17	6,181	-	(3,945)	2,236
Prior years	6,825	•	(2,485)	4,340
Total	\$ 77,557	\$ 890,561	\$ (899,073)	\$ 69,045
		June 2021 turn	over received July	13,162
			Balance per City	\$ 82,207
	Presentatio	n on Governmental Fu	ınds Balance Sheet	
			General Fund	\$ 19,629
		Local (Option Street Fund	40,574
		General Obl	igation Bond Fund	22,004
				\$ 82,207

4. Property Taxes Receivable (continued)

The Urban Renewal Agency receives a tax increment under Section 1c, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution, and ORS Chapter 457. It states that the portion of the taxes representing the levy against the increase, if any, in true cash value of property located in the urban renewal area shall, after collection by the tax collector, be paid into a special fund of the Agency and shall be used to pay the principal and interest on indebtedness incurred by the Agency to finance or refinance the implementation of the urban renewal plan.

All non-current property taxes receivable is treated as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue. Other accounts and intergovernmental receivables are considered to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no provision for estimated uncollectible balances has been established.

Following is a summary of property tax transactions for the City's URA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

			Collections	
	Receivable	2020-2021	and	Receivable
Coos County	June 30, 2020	Net Levy	Adjustments	June 30, 2021
2020-21		\$ 542,980	\$ (524,220)	\$ 18,760
2019-20	\$ 18,901		(4,772)	14,129
2018-19	10,701		(5,097)	5,604
2017-18	6,803		(4,099)	2,704
2016-17	4,093		(2,560)	1,533
Prior years	8,463			2,162
Total	\$ 48,961	\$ 542,980	\$ (540,748)	44,892
		June 2020 turne	over received July	6,082
			Balance per City	\$ 50,974
	Presentatio	on on Governmental Fu	nds Balance Sheet	
			enewal District #1	\$ 35,100
		Urban Re	enewal District #2	15,874
				\$ 50,974

5. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Outstanding balances between funds may result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. There are no interfund receivable (payable) balances as of June 30, 2021.

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance		Deletions and	Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	June 30, 2020	Additions	Transfers	June 30, 2021
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land	\$ 1,709,231	\$ -	-	\$ 1,709,231
Construction in progress	189,485	198,237	(193,315)	194,407
m (1				
Total nondepreciable				
capital assets	1,898,716	198,237	(193,315)	1,903,638
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS				
Buildings	9,012,353		-	9,012,353
Land improvements	1,365,658	21,564	-	1,387,222
Furnishing & equipment	2,100,459		(72,621)	2,027,838
Streets	63,038,923	177,986	(83,000)	63,133,909
Storm drains	3,275,185		•	3,275,185
Total depreciable capital assets	78,792,578	199,550	(155,621)	78,836,507
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
Buildings	(2,379,210)	(232,184)	-	(2,611,394)
Land improvements	(308,875)	(42,900)	-	(351,775)
Furnishing & equipment	(1,521,106)	(88,077)	72,621	(1,536,562)
Streets	(57,462,906)	(478,852)	83,000	(57,858,758)
Storm drains	(1,484,614)	(97,858)		(1,582,472)
Total accumulated depreciation	(63,156,711)	(939,871)	155,621	(63,940,961)
Total depreciable assets	15,635,867	(740,321)	_	14,895,546
NET GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$17,534,583	\$ (542,084)	\$ (193,315)	\$ 16,799,184

Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the governmental programs as follows:

General government	\$ 707,997	
Public safety	48,353	
Highways and streets	45,100	
Culture and recreation	138,421	
	\$ 939,871	

Construction in Progress was completed and transferred to Streets and Land improvements. Other deletions were the result of disposals by the City of fully depreciated assets.

6. Capital Assets (Continued)						
]	Balance		Deletions and		Balance
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	_Jun	e 30, 2020	Additions	Transfers	Jı	une 30, 2021
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land	\$	854,160	-	\$ -	\$	854,160
Construction in progress		138,707	74,552			213,259
Total nondepreciable						
capital assets		992,867	74,552	_		1,067,419
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS						
Buildings		4,595,215	118,487	-		4,713,702
Land Improvements		-	33,476	-		33,476
Furnishing & equipment		2,566,864	162,712	-		2,729,576
Infrastructure	3	3,422,460	176,860	_		33,599,320
Total depreciable capital assets	4	0,584,539	491,535	_		41,076,074
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
Buildings	(2,266,945)	(116,524)	-		(2,383,469)
Land Improvements		-	(1,674)			(1,674)
Furnishing & equipment	(1,843,388)	(106,299)	-		(1,949,687)
Infrastructure	(1	9,541,201)	(909,805)			(20,451,006)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2	3,651,534)	(1,134,302)			(24,785,836)
Total depreciable assets	1	6,933,005	(642,767)	-		16,290,238
NET BUSINESS-TYPE CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 1	7,925,872	\$ (568,215)	\$ -	\$	17,357,657
Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the	he bus	siness-type ac	ctivities as follo	ws:		
Electric			\$ 569,060			
Water			329,921			
Sewer		-	235,321			
		=	\$ 1,134,302			

7. Long-term obligations

General obligation bonds – The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary funds. In prior years, these bonds were reported in the proprietary funds if they were expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues; otherwise, they were reported in the governmental activities. All general obligation bonds have been reclassified into one general obligation fund that is reported in governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Revenue bonds – The City also issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Summary of long-term obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

	L	Balance ne 30, 2020	Add	litions	r	Deletions	T.,,	Balance ne 30, 2021		Within e Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Auc	1110115	1	Defections	Jul	110 30, 2021		ie reai
Bonds Payable										
2000 General obligation bonds	\$	2,221,168	\$	-	\$	(65,816)	\$	2,155,352	\$	68,777
2000 LID bond		9,562		-		(837)		8,725		883
2012 General obligation bonds		1,565,000		-		(100,000)		1,465,000	1	00,000
2018 OECDD Water Clarification loan		562,866		_		(30,084)		532,782		35,288
Direct Borrowing								•		·
12th Court LID Ioan		67,161		-		(1,720)		65,441		1,795
Note payable - 2004 HWY 101 LID		343,934		-		(22,888)		321,046		23,431
2012 Wedbush LoCap refinance		68,980		-		(26,988)		41,992		27,790
2018 OECDD loan		420,015		-		(24,906)		395,109		30,112
2019 Sweeper loan		200,556		-		(48,437)		152,119		50,320
2019 Golf Course loan		167,458		-		(8,071)		159,387		8,546
Total governmental activities	\$	5,626,700	\$	-	\$	(329,747)	\$	5,296,953	\$ 3	46,942
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Direct Borrowing										
2006 OECDD loan	\$	238,978	\$	-	\$	(28,455)	\$	210,523	\$	29,801
2015 Wastewater Improvement Ioan		962,647				(59,643)		903,004		60,239
Total business-type activities	\$	1,201,625	\$	-	\$	(88,098)	\$	1,113,527	\$	90,040

Changes in other liabilities – The following is a summary of changes in other liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	I	Balance			E	Balance	Due Within
	June	30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	June	30, 2021	One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Vacation payable		142,837	\$ 152,203	\$ (142,837)	\$	152,203	\$ 152,203
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Vacation payable	\$	166.442	\$ 159,098	\$ (166,442)	\$	159.098	\$ 159,098

Business-Type Activities

Direct Borrowing – The City obtained a loan from the State of Oregon State Revolving Fund for use in construction of its sewer treatment plant. The City has pledged the net operating revenues of the sewer fund to pay amounts due under this loan. State revolving fund loans currently outstanding are as follows.

2006 OECDD Water Loan – On November 30, 2006, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Economic & Community Development Department to borrow \$740,010 to finance the airport water and sewer project. During 2006 and 2007, the City drew on the note and the note closed in October 2007. This debt is payable prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is to be computed annually on the outstanding balance at 4.73%. The grant portion of the loan was realized during the 2011-12 fiscal year resulting in a reduction in loan principal of \$204,518. Principal and interest payments are due in December of each year through 2028. In the event of Default, the State shall have the right to declare all payments immediately due and payable.

Fiscal Year	Principal		I	nterest		Total
2022	\$	29,801	\$	9,958	\$	39,759
2023		31,211		8,548		39,759
2024		32,687		7,072		39,759
2025		34,233		5,524		39,757
2026		35,853		3,906		39,759
2027-2028		46,738	***************************************	2,646		49,384
		210,523	\$	37,654	_\$	248,177
Less current portion		(29,801)				
Total	\$	180,722				

2015 Bandon Wastewater Improvements Loan – On July 1, 2015, the City entered into a loan agreement with Business Oregon to borrow \$1,250,000 to finance the sewer project. This debt is payable prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is to be computed annually on the outstanding balance at 1.00%. Principal and interest payments are due in December of each year through 2035.

Fiscal Year	Principal		Principal		Princi		Ir	nterest	 Total
2022	\$	60,239	\$	9,030	\$ 69,269				
2023		60,842		8,428	69,270				
2024		61,450		7,819	69,269				
2025		62,064		7,205	69,269				
2026		62,685		6,584	69,269				
2027-2031		322,955		23,392	346,347				
2032-2035		272,769		6,891	 279,660				
		903,004	\$	69,349	\$ 972,353				
Less current portion		(60,239)							
Total	\$	842,765							

Governmental Activities

Bonds Payable

2000 General Obligation Water Bond – The original issue date was November 9, 2000 for \$3,050,000. There are no reserve requirements. Interest is computed annually at 4.50% on the outstanding balance. All or part of the outstanding installments may be paid in inverse order on any date without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are November 9 each year through 2041. Annual debt requires are shown below:

Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest	 Total		
2022	\$	68,777	\$	96,991	\$ 165,768		
2023		71,872		93,896	165,768		
2024		75,106		90,662	165,768		
2025		78,486		87,282	165,768		
2026		82,018		83,750	165,768		
2027-2031		468,889		380,143	849,032		
2032-2036		584,322		269,681	854,003		
2037-2041		725,882		139,067	864,949		
		2,155,352	_\$	1,241,472	\$ 3,396,824		
Less current portion	***************************************	(68,777)	·				
Total	\$	2,086,575					

2000 Local Improvement City Bond – The original issue date was June 28, 2000 for \$352,995. The Bond Resolution created a sinking fund for the installment payments. Interest is computed annually at 5.316% on the outstanding balance. The City paid an additional \$108,800 of principal during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 and renegotiated the term of the bond. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are on June 28 and December 28 each year through 2029. During 2013, the City made additional principal pay down of \$20,890. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal		<u>I</u> 1	nterest	Total		
2022	\$	883	\$	496	\$	1,379	
2023		936		444		1,380	
2024		990		389		1,379	
2025		1,050		330		1,380	
2026		1,112		268		1,380	
2027-2029		3,755		393		4,148	
		8,725	\$	2,320	\$	11,045	
Less current portion		(883)					
Total	\$	7,842					

2009 OECDD Water Clarifier Loan (Refunded 2018) – During 2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Economic & Community Development Department to borrow up to \$1,010,000 to finance the water clarifier project. The City intends to repay the loan from the water fund. On May 27, 2009, the note closed with a revised loan agreement to finance a \$925,576 loan instead of the original \$1,010,000 amount. In April 2018, the note was refunded in the amount of \$696,061 with a revised loan agreement to finance \$627,401 resulting in a gain of \$68,660 which is reported as deferred inflow and will be amortized over the remaining life of the loan. Interest is to be computed annually on the outstanding balance at a rate of 3.00% to 4.75%. Principal and interest payments are due on December 1 each year through 2034. There are no reserve requirements. After January 1, 2019, this debt may be paid in full without penalty. Upon Default, the Department may declare all amounts immediately due and payable.

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2022	35,288	26,471	\$	61,759	
2023	30,552	24,707		55,259	
2024	30,830	23,179	r	54,009	
2025	31,063	21,696		52,759	
2026	36,366	20,143		56,509	
2027-2031	211,985	219,821		431,806	
2032-2034	156,698	15,826		172,524	
	532,782	\$ 351,843	\$	884,625	
Less current portion	(35,288)				
Total	\$ 497,494				

2012 General Obligation Bond – On August 15, 2012, the city entered into an agreement with Wedbush Securities Inc. for the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$2,200,000. Interest is computed bi-annually at 2.00% to 4.00%. This debt can be prepaid after August 1, 2022 without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are February 1 and August 1, each year through fiscal year 2032-33. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2022	\$	100,000	\$ 46,531	\$ 146,531		
2023		105,000	42,431	147,431		
2024		110,000	38,681	148,681		
2025		115,000	35,306	150,306		
2026		115,000	31,856	146,856		
2027-2031		635,000	101,925	736,925		
2032-2033		285,000	 9,703	 294,703		
		1,465,000	\$ 306,433	\$ 1,771,433		
Less current portion		(100,000)				
Total	\$	1,365,000				

Governmental Activities

Direct Borrowing

2004 HWY 101 Sewer LID – The original loan date was October 2004 for \$417,698. The City paid an additional \$10,000 of principal during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 and renegotiated the term of the loan. Interest is computed bi-annually at 4.93%. During 2013, the City made additional principal pay down of \$7,541. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal		I1	nterest	Total		
2022	\$	23,431	\$	9,867	\$	33,298	
2023		24,170		9,128		33,298	
2024		24,910		8,388		33,298	
2025		25,719		7,580		33,299	
2026		26,530		6,769		33,299	
2027-2031		145,728		20,764		166,492	
2032-2033		50,558	******	1,665		52,223	
		321,046	_\$	64,161	\$	385,207	
Less current portion		(23,431)			1		
Total		297,615					

2005 OECDD Loan (Refunded 2018) – On July 15, 2005, the City entered into an agreement with the Oregon Economic Development Department to borrow \$985,000 to finance improvements to Fillmore Avenue. In April 2018, the note was refunded in the amount of \$530,685 with a revised loan agreement to finance \$484,257 resulting in a gain \$46,428 which is reported as deferred inflow and will be amortized over the remaining life of the loan. The Agency has agreed to make the annual debt service payments, but the City retains ultimate responsibility. There are no reserve requirements. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is computed semi-annually on the outstanding balance at 4.00%. Principal and interest payments are required in December of each year through December 2, 2031. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	P	Principal		Interest	Total		
2022	\$	30,112	\$	19,300	\$	49,412	
2023		30,329		17,833		48,162	
2024		30,556		16,356		46,912	
2025		30,795		14,867		45,662	
2026		36,048		13,364		49,412	
2027-2031		194,449		35,691		230,140	
2032	***************************************	42,820		6,262		49,082	
		395,109	\$	123,673	\$	518,782	
Less current portion	-	(30,112)					
Total	\$	364,997					

2012 Wedbush Refinancing of LoCap Loan – On November 28, 2012, the City entered into an agreement for a \$248,000 loan with Wedbush Bank to refinance their loan from 2008 to finance improvements to the community building. The Agency has agreed to make the annual debt service payments, but the City retains ultimate responsibility. There are no reserve requirements. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is computed semi-annually on the outstanding balance at a rate of 2.95% until maturity on December 1, 2022. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Total		
2022	\$	27,790	\$	1,035	\$	28,825	
2023		14,202		210_		14,412	
		41,992	\$	1,245	\$	43,237	
Less current portion		(27,790)					
Total	\$	14,202					

2012 12th Court LID Loan — The original loan date was April 11, 2012 for \$300,000. There are no reserve requirements. Interest is computed annually at 5.39% on the outstanding balance. The City paid an additional \$3,077 of interest during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are April 11 and October 11, each year, through 2043. Any payment over 10 days late shall be charged 5% interest. During 2013, the City made additional principal pay down of \$211,545. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal		I	nterest	 Total		
2022	\$	1,795	\$	3,552	\$ 5,347		
2023		1,895		3,453	5,348		
2024		1,990		3,357	5,347		
2025		2,110		3,238	5,348		
2026		2,227		3,121	5,348		
2027-2031		13,117		13,620	26,737		
2032-2036		17,173		9,564	26,737		
2037-2041		22,496		4,241	26,737		
2042	***********	2,638		72	 2,710		
		65,441	\$	44,218	\$ 109,659		
Less current portion		(1,795)					
Total	\$	63,646					

2019 Sweeper Loan – The original issue date was May 21, 2019 for \$250,405. This loan was for the purchase of a 2018 Street Sweeper. Interest is computed at 3.65% for the life of the loan computed on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed over a year of 360 days. The City may prepay all or any portion of the outstanding balance at any time, without penalty, upon written notice given to the lender thirty days in advance of the prepayment date. Any payment over 10 days late shall be charged 5% interest. The scheduled payment dates are June 1 of each year through 2024. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2022	\$	50,320	\$	4,783	\$	55,103	
2023		52,214		2,889		55,103	
2024	Management	49,585		920		50,505	
		152,119	\$	8,592	\$	160,711	
Less current portion	***************************************	(50,320)			********		
Total	\$	101,799					

2019 Golf Course Loan – The original issue date was November 14, 2018 for \$175,000. This loan was for the purchase of a golf course and land. Interest is computed at 5.50% per year. Annual payments are required beginning November 2018 through November 2023. A late charge of 5% of the overdue payment amount applies when not received within 10 days of the payment due date. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	P]	nterest	Total		
2022	\$	8,546	\$	8,888	\$	17,434
2023		9,023		8,411		17,434
2024		141,818		7,908		149,726
						-
		159,387	_\$	25,207	\$	184,594
Less current portion		(8,546)				
Total	\$	150,841				

Default clauses for any of the aforementioned debt items with potentially significant financial impact to the City are included in the descriptions of those individual debt items. Any debt items with no default clause mentioned are presumed to have no clauses with potentially significant financial impact to the City.

8. Restricted Net Position

The City's bond covenants require certain reservations of certain funds' net position for repayment of general obligations. Property taxes levied for payment of debt are restricted as to their use. In addition, revenues derived from certain sources are restricted for special projects. Net position in these funds as of June 30, 2021 are classified as follows:

		stomer	Debt			Capi		Urban		_		
	\mathbf{D}	eposits	Ser	vice	Streets		Projects		Renewal		Total	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
General fund	\$	6,644	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,644
Urban Renewal District No. 1		-		-		-		-	1,472,	,883	1,4	472,883
12th Court LID debt service		-	225,494			-		-	-		225,494	
General obligation bond		-	40	7,828	-		-			-	4	407,828
Local option street		-		-	1,71	2,871		-		-	1,	712,871
Nonmajor funds		-	5	4,338	51	8,656	1,039	,461	858,	,665_	2,4	471,120
Total restricted net position												
for governmental activities	\$	6,644	\$ 68	7,660	\$2,23	1,527	\$1,039	,461	\$ 2,331.	,548_	\$ 6,3	296,840

	Customer Deposits		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Sewer	\$	10,613	\$	· -	\$	438,932	\$ 449,545
Water		6,040		29,801		2,857,610	2,893,451
Electric		63,379		-	**********	-	 63,379
Total restricted net position				•			
for business-type activities	\$	80,032	\$_	29,801	\$	3,296,542	\$ 3,406,375
				-			

9. Internal Transfers

Interfund Transfers were made to fund operations.

Fund	<u>Tr</u>	Transfer In		Transfer Out	
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$	62,600 17,353	\$	(17,353) (32,600)	
Electric Fund		-		(30,000)	
Total		79,953		(79,953)	

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Plan description

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2020-CAFR.pdf

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238).** The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
 - A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the

beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:

- member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
- member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
- member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv. Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.
- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. **Pension Benefits.** This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
- iii. **Disability Benefits.** A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

<u>Contributions</u> – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2019. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and

political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Effective January 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 requires employees to pay contributions on re-employed PERS retirees' salaries as if they were an active member, excluding IAP (6%) contributions. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$489,947, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

Pension Asset or Liability -- At June 30, 2021, the City reported a net pension liability of \$4,854,967 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the City's proportion was 0.02224657 percent and .02241504 percent, respectively.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2021 were (1) 24.76% for Tier 1/Tier 2, (2) 18.23% for OPSRP general services, and (3) 22.86% for OPSRP police and fire.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$368,598, of which \$181,831 was recognized by governmental activities and \$186,767 was recognized by business-type activities. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	213,677	\$	-
Change of assumptions		260,551		9,129
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on investments		570,881		-
Changes in proportionate share		-		183,510
Difference between employer contributions and employer's				
proportionate share of system contributions		29,085		41,809
Subtotal - amortized deferrals		1,074,194		234,448
Contribution made subsequent to measurement period		489,947		-
Total	\$	1,564,141	\$	234,448

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflows of resources, \$1,074,194, and deferred inflows of resources, \$234,448, net to \$839,746 and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows (Inflows)
Year ended June 30,	of Resources
2022	159,424
2023	260,333
2024	239,566
2025	180,201
2026	222
	\$ 839,746

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS systemwide GASB 68 reporting summary dated March 12, 2021. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2020-CAFR.pdf

Actuarial method and assumptions

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2021, were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Valuation date	December 31, 2018
Experience Study Report	2018, Published July 24, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent
Discount rate	7.20 percent
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent
Cost of Living Adjustment	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision, blend based on service
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
Mortality	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

Assumed asset allocation

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Investments	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2020 PERS ACFR; p. 102)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in May 2019 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Core Fixed Income	9.60%	4.07%
Short-Term Bonds	9.60%	3.68%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.60%	5.19%
High Yield Bonds	1.20%	5.74%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	16.17%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.35%	6.68%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.35%	6.79%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.48%	6.91%
Emerging Market Equities	4.24%	7.69%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.93%	7.25%
Private Equity	17.50%	8.33%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.55%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.69%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	1.50%	4.06%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.38%	5.59%
Timber	1.13%	5.61%
Farmland	1.13%	6.12%
Infrastructure	2.25%	6.67%
Commodities	1.13%	3.79%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

(Source: June 30, 2020 PERS ACFR; p. 74)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the measurement dates June 30, 2020 and 2019 was 7.20% for both years for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% Decrease Rate		Rate	1% Increase		
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,209,225	\$	4,854,967	\$	2,880,812

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2020 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

Deferred Compensation Plan

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of resignation, death, disability, or retirement; unforeseeable emergency; or by requesting a de minimis distribution from inactive accounts valued less than \$5,000. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the City.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description:

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions:

Employees of the City pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. The City did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. Workers' compensation insurance is also provided through a commercial carrier. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year, and the City has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

11. Other Post Employment Benefit Plans - (RHIA)

Plan Description

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the City currently contributes 0.06% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.00% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2021. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's contributions to RHIA for the year ended June 30, 2021 equaled the required contribution amounts.

At June 30, 2021, the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows for RHIA were not considered to be material to the basic financial statements by management and were not accrued on the government wide statements.

12. Other Post Employment Benefits – Health Insurance

The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan that provides access to post-employment health benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements.

The District's post-retirement health insurance program was established in accordance with ORS 243.303. ORS stipulates that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims costs, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree health insurance premiums, represents the District's implicit employer contribution. The plan is currently unfunded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

At July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Participant Counts	Total
Number of Active Participants	20
Number of Inactive Participants	1
Total Number of Participants	21

The City's total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial Assumption:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment return assumption	The 2.21% investment return assumption is based on the 20-Year
(Interest Discount)	General Obligation Municipal Bond Index Published by Bond Buyer
	10% assumed will elect coverage at retirement if eligible for District
Plan Participation	paid insurance; 40% assumed if only eligible for self-pay insurance
Inflation Rate	2.5% per year
Annual salary rate increase	3.5% for all future years
Health Care premium	

Beginning in 2018 a 40% excise tax will be imposed under the affordable care act on employers if the aggregate value of medical coverage exceed a threshold limit. This excise tax is not included in the calculations because it is believed to be immaterial in regard to the OPEB plan. The federal government delayed the implementation of the tax from 2020 to 2022.

12. Other Post Employment Benefits - Health Insurance- (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2020	\$ 174,437
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	6,175
Interest	6,112
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	14,408
Benefit Payments	(12,062)
Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2021	\$ 189,070

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to changes in discount rate: the following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point higher and lower than the current rate.

Discount Rate Sensitivity:

	1%		Current		1%	
	Ι	Decrease		count Rate	Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	200,748	\$ 189,070		\$177,827	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: the following presents the total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point higher and lower than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Healthcare Trend Rate Sensitivity:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		end Rate	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 173,388	\$	189,070	\$207,069

12. Other Post Employment Benefits - Health Insurance- (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense for Health Insurance of \$19,164. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for Health Insurance from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions or input	•	_	•	12,225	
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (Below)		-		12,225	
Benefit Payments		-		12,062	
Total as of June 30, 2020	\$		\$	24,287	

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Subtotal amounts related to OPEB as deferred outflows of resources of \$12,225 and deferred inflows of resources, (\$0) net to \$12,225 and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	Annual				
June 30:	Recognition				
2022	\$	2,183			
2023		2,183			
2024		2,183			
2025		2,183			
2026		2,183			
Thereafter		1,310			
	\$	12,225			

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>— The total OPEB Liability for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal method. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about mortality, claim cost and the healthcare cost trend. The actuarial assumptions include; (a) an interest discount rate of 2.25% per year; (b) an inflation rate of 2.5% per year; (c) a payroll increase of 3.5% per year; (d) demographic assumptions based on Oregon PERS valuation assumptions as of December 31, 2018.

13. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. Investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. The City intends to measure these investments at book value, as the LGIP's fair value approximates its amortized cost basis.

LGIP measured at the net asset value (NAV) are readily available to spend when needed. The balance in this pool is expected to stay fairly static as the interest rate in the pool is desirable. The risk associated with the LGIP is very low. The City only invests in the LGIP. The NAV of the City's investments as of June 30, 2021 was \$11,466,233.

14. Tax Abatements

The City has entered into no tax abatement programs. There are no tax abatement programs entered into by another government reducing the City's property tax revenues for the year ended June 30, 2021.

14. Accounts Receivable

The City has determined that certain Accounts Receivable amounts related to utility billings are not historically collectible, and have adjusted their allowance for doubtful accounts amount to reflect this. The below chart is the receivables and corresponding allowances by fund:

		Gross				Net
	Accounts					
Fund	Receivable Allow		lowance	R	eceivable	
General	\$ 41,051		\$	(3,354)	\$	37,697
Debt		3,354		-		3,354
Total Governmental	\$	44,405	\$	(3,354)	\$	41,051
Sewer	\$	84,892	\$	-	\$	84,892
Water		84,848		(6,138)		78,710
Electric	ectric 452,537			(42,706)		409,831
Total Proprietary	\$	622,277	\$	(48,844)	\$	573,433

16. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments - Construction in Progress

At June 30, 2021, the City is involved in the various phases of improvement projects. There were no significant contract commitments at year end. The most significant remaining ongoing project is for improvements to the City Shop.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by granter agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granter cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Other Contingencies

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused substantial disruption to business and local governments due to mandated and voluntary suspension of operations and stay at home orders. There is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the outbreak and the long-term impact to the overall economy. The effect on the city's revenues is not yet determined.

17. Subsequent Events

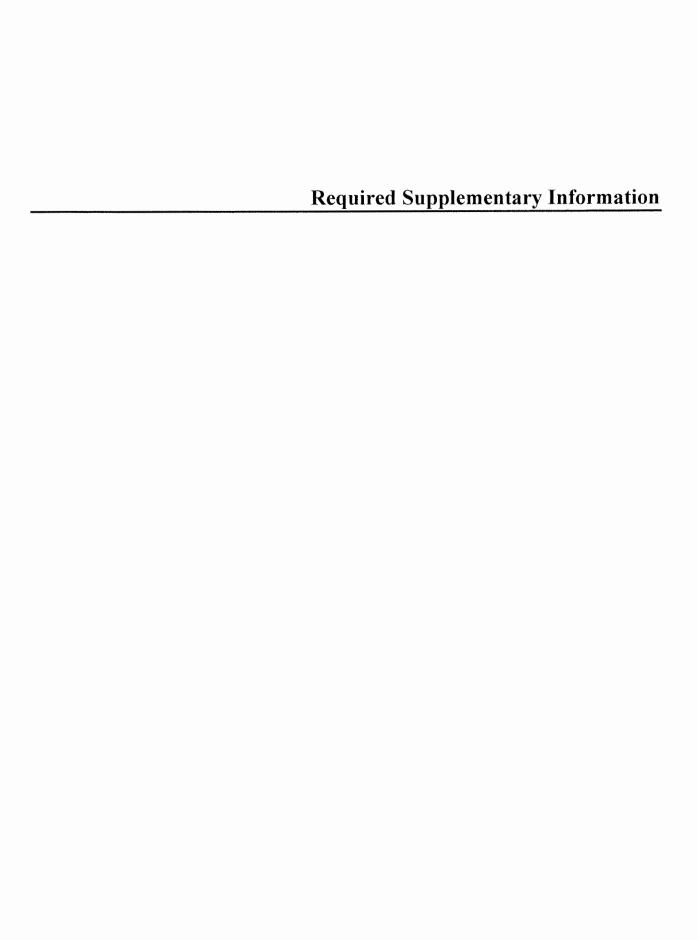
In August of 2021, the City issued a \$5,500,000 Bond at 1.82% interest, as part of the General Obligation Bond measure approved by voters in 2019. Interest payments occur semi-annually beginning in December 2021, with the first annual principal repayment due in June 2022. Complete retirement of the Bond is expected by 2036.

18. Prior Period Misstatements

There were two misstatements in the prior period related to Pensions and Other Post-employment Benefits. The net impact on Beginning Net Position and Personnel Expenses is immaterial and has therefore been corrected as a current year adjustment. The net effect on prior Net Position and Current year expenses is shown as:

	Impact on					
	Beginning Net Position					
	Overstated (Understated)					
	Governmental Business-type					
	A	ctivities	A	Activities		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension-related Deferrals - PERS	\$	67,002	\$	69,749	\$	136,751
Net OPEB Liability						
Implicit Subsidy - Health insurance		(85,467)		(88,970)		(174,437)
Net correction of misstatement	\$	(18,465)	\$	(19,221)	\$	(37,686)

	impact on					
	Current Expenses Overstated (Understated)					
		ernmental ctivities		iness-type ctivities		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension-related Deferrals - PERS	\$	(67,002)	\$	(69,749)	\$	(136,751)
Net OPEB Liability						
Implicit Subsidy - Health insurance		85,467		88,970		174,437
Net correction of misstatement	\$	18,465	\$	19,221	\$	37,686



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2021

PERS
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	propo of th	(b) Employer's ortionate share he net pension bility (NPL)	(c) Employer's covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2021	0.02 %	\$	4,854,967	\$ 2,328,102	208.5 %	75.8 %
2020	0.02		3,877,265	2,291,800	169.2	80.2
2019	0.02		3,622,243	2,170,659	166.9	82.1
2018	0.02		3,234,154	2,182,895	148.2	83.1
2017	0.03		3,825,491	2,210,369	173.1	80.5
2016	0.03		1,787,009	2,091,533	85.4	91.9
2015	0.03		(709,597)	1,940,273	(36.6)	103.6
2014	0.03		1,597,545	1,940,273	82.3	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2021

PERS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	Statutorily required ontribution	rela statut	tributions in ation to the corily required ontribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2021	\$ 489,947	\$	489,947	\$	\$ 2,442,667	20.1 %
2020	472,958		472,958	-	2,328,102	20.3
2019	380,444		380,444	-	2,291,800	16.6
2018	356,422		356,422	-	2,170,659	16.4
2017	307,903		307,903	-	2,182,895	14.1
2016	302,415		302,415	-	2,210,369	13.7
2015	372,960		372,960	-	2,091,533	17.8
2014	387,070		387,070	-	1,940,273	19.9
2018 2017 2016 2015	356,422 307,903 302,415 372,960		356,422 307,903 302,415 372,960	- - - -	2,170,659 2,182,895 2,210,369 2,091,533	16.4 14.1 13.7 17.8

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

June 30, 2021

OPEB: (HEALTH INSURANCE) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Year Ended June, 30	PEB Liabili Beginning o Year	Service Cost	Liability Interest	 Changes of Benefit Terms	 Changes of Assumptions		Benefit Payments	OPEB Liability End of Year	Estimated Covered Payroll		Total OPEB iability as a % Covered Payroll
2021 2020	\$ 174,437 N/A	\$ 6,175 N/A	\$ 6,112 N/A	\$ - \$	\$ 14,408 \$ N/A	S	(12,062) N/A	\$ 189,070 174,437	N/A N/A	*	8.12% 7.61%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBTUIONS

Year Ended June, 30	Det	(a) tuarially ermined tribution	C	(b) Contributions During Year	(b) - (a) Difference	(c) Covered Payroll	(b/c) contributions as a Percentage of Payroll
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A

The above table presents the most recent calculation of the post-retirement health insurance under GASB 75 and it provides information about the total plan unfunded liability.

This Schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

* Information not available

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

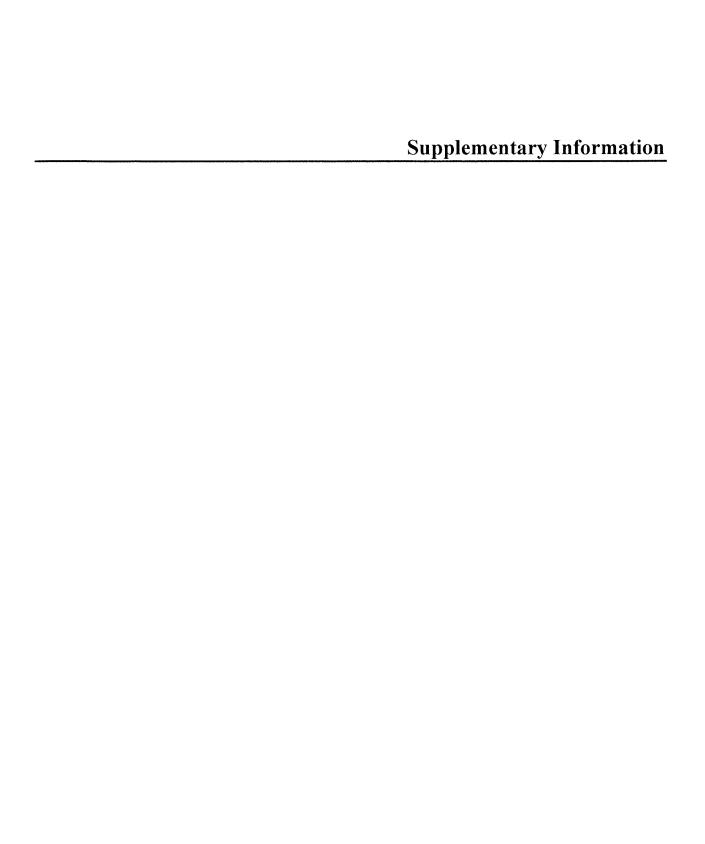
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Taxes and assessments				
Property taxes - current year	\$ 209,912	\$ 209,912	\$ 199,321	\$ (10,591)
Previously levied taxes	12,000	12,000	14,488	2,488
Franchise fees	47,500	47,500	70,660	23,160
Utility taxes	485,351	485,351	519,703	34,352
Transient tax	455,100	455,100	744,016	288,916
Total taxes	1,209,863	1,209,863	1,548,188	338,325
License and permits	237,643	237,643	229,457	(8,186)
Intergovernmental				
Cigarette tax	3,723	3,723	3,080	(643)
Marijuana tax	11,200	11,200	10,635	(565)
Liquor tax	61,175	61,175	64,868	3,693
Total intergovernmental	76,098	76,098	78,583	2,485
Fines and police income	30,500	30,500	40,754	10,254
Payments in lieu of taxes				
Electric fund	358,351	358,351	362,338	3,987
Water fund	61,468	61,468	58,531	(2,937)
Sewer fund	57,116	57,116	55,545	(1,571)
Heritage Place	1,761	1,761	1,342	(419)
Total payments in lieu of taxes	478,696	478,696	477,756	(940)
Reimbursements	424,174	424,174	408,855	(15,319)
Other				
Interest	7,500	7,500	3,686	(3,814)
Community center rent	25,000	25,000	12,879	(12,121)
Rental	28,000	28,000	21,962	(6,038)
Sprague theater rent	21,025	11,025	11,367	342
Grants & donations	38,200	48,200	128,644	80,444
Miscellaneous		-	18,642	18,642
Total other	119,725	119,725	197,180	77,455
TOTAL REVENUES	2,576,699	2,576,699	2,980,773	404,074

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (continued)

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	7	/ariance
EXPENDITURES			 Dauger	-	 7 TOTUGI		uriurioc
General government							
Administration and general	\$	486,397	\$ 486,397	(1)	\$ 489,485	\$	3,088
Accounting and billing		204,034	304,034	(1)	323,937		19,903
Municipal court		3,100	7,100	(1)	3,950		(3,150)
Mayor and council		37,450	37,450	(1)	12,597		(24,853)
Planning department		238,923	238,923	(1)	242,534		3,611
Non-departmental		35,628	 75,628	(1)	52,890		(22,738)
Total general government		1,005,532	 1,149,532	-	 1,125,393		(24,139)
Public safety							
Police department		1,159,218	1,159,218	(1)	1,075,858		83,360
Fire department		113,821	169,321	(1)	169,307		14
Total public safety		1,273,039	1,328,539		1,245,165		83,374
III alaman and attacks							-
Highway and streets Street department		165.005	107.007	(1)	101 015		-
Total highway and streets		165,205	 195,205	(1)	 131,315		63,890
Total fighway and streets		165,205	 195,205	-	 131,315		63,890
Culture and recreation							-
Parks and recreation		177,006	177,006	(1)	133,312		43,694
Community center		81,257	81,257		67,198		14,059
Sprague theater		28,850	28,850		22,188		6,662
Total culture and recreation		287,113	 287,113	•	 222,698		64,415
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,730,889	 2,960,389		2,724,571		235,818
NET REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							-
EXPENDITURES		(154,190)	(383,690)	_	256,202		639,892
OTHER EDIANORIC COURGE (MODE)							-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from other funds		(2 (00	(0.600		(2 (00		-
Transfer to other funds Transfer to other funds		62,600	62,600	(1)	62,600		15.050
Transfer to outer rungs		-	 	(1)	(17,353)		17,353
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							-
SOURCES (USES)		62 600	62 600		45 247		17 252
BOOKELB (UBLS)	***************************************	62,600	 62,600	-	 45,247		17,353
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(91,590)	(321,090)		301,449		(622,539)
							-
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	***************************************	91,590	 321,090	-	 575,229		(254,139)
FUND BALANCE, end of year		-	\$ _	= :	\$ 876,678		876,678

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level



City of Bandon Major Funds June 30, 2021

General Fund – This fund is used to account for resources and activities directly associated with carrying out those operations related to the City's basic objectives. Included are all resources and activities, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. The primary sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees and intergovernmental revenue.

Debt Service Funds

12th Court Local Improvement District Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for loans and repayments of assessments that are associated with local improvement districts (LIDs) in the City of Bandon.

General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for all general obligation bonds.

Capital Project Funds

Urban Renewal District No. 1 Fund – This fund is used to account for construction, administration, and certain debt service payments within the urban renewal areas. These funds are financed by property taxes (tax increments) levied in various taxing districts.

Local Option Street Fund – This fund is used to account for loan proceeds, interest, capital expenditures, and interfund transfers necessary for the street paving project.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

12TH COURT LID DEBT SERVICE

DEVENTURA	,	ginal and al Budget		Actual		/ariance
REVENUES Special assessments Interest	\$	7,800 6,000	\$	13,865 11,458	\$	6,065 5,458
Total revenues		13,800		25,323		11,523
EXPENDITURES Debt service		44,742 (1	1)	39,799		4,943
Total expenditures		44,742		39,799		4,943
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(30,942)		(14,476)		16,466
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year,		240,906		239,970	www	(936)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	209,964	\$	225,494	\$	15,530

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS DEBT SERVICE

	iginal and nal Budget		Actual	v	ariance
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 206,143	\$	220,408	\$	14,265
Out of city contributions	36,430		38,400		1,970
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,452		3,855		403
Interest	 6,959		2,748		(4,211)
Total revenues	 252,984		265,411		12,427
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service	 223,776 (1)	223,776		-
Total expenditures	 223,776		223,776		**
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	29,208		41,635		12,427
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	336,466		366,192		29,726
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 365,674		407,827	\$	42,153

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT NO. 1 FUND

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget			Actual	 Variance
Taxes					
Property taxes - current year Previously levied taxes Interest Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	469,201 17,000 17,000	\$	336,254 24,706 8,890 5,789	\$ (132,947) 7,706 (8,110) 5,789
Total revenues	-	503,201		375,639	(127,562)
EXPENDITURES General government					
Materials and services		55,000 (1)		20,010	34,990
Capital outlay		1,078,109 (1)		12,906	1,065,203
Debt service		394,943 (1)		194,942	 200,001
Total expenditures		1,528,052		227,858	 1,300,194
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	`	(1,024,851)		147,781	1,172,632
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,024,851		1,325,102	 300,251
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	1,472,883	\$ 1,472,883

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LOCAL OPTION STREET TAX FUND

REVENUES		ginal and al Budget					
Taxes							
Property taxes - current year	\$	423,814	\$	413,980	\$	(9,834)	
Previously levied taxes		20,000		28,952		8,952	
Interest		31,000		11,276		(19,724)	
Payments in lieu of tax		6,581		6,581		-	
Other		···	***************************************	45,817		45,817	
Total revenues		481,395		506,606		25,211	
EXPENDITURES Local Option Street							
Capital outlay		1,682,443 (1)		68,607		1,613,836	
Debt service interest	··········	54,865 (1)		55,008		(143)	
Total expenditures	***************************************	1,737,308		123,615		1,613,693	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,255,913)		382,991		1,638,904	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,255,913		1,329,880		73,967	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	and the second s	\$	1,712,871	\$	1,712,871	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for resources and activities that are required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in separate funds.

State Tax Street Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipt of state gasoline taxes. Expenditures are legally restricted to the maintenance and improvements of streets, footpaths, and bicycle trails.

Library Memorial Fund – This fund is used to account for private donations to the library.

Library Fund – This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's library. The primary source of revenue is taxes levied through the Coos County Library Services District.

Community Beautification Fund – This fund uses the receipts from the solid waste franchise fees for the purpose of community beautification projects.

State Revenue Sharing Fund – This fund is used to account for receipts from the state of Oregon through the revenue sharing program. Expenditures are legally restricted to certain areas.

Block Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for the collection of principal and interest from rehabilitation loans.

Police Reserve Fund – This fund is used to account for the Police Reserve Program, Holiday with a Hero Program, and miscellaneous other police activities.

Debt Service Fund

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Local Improvement District Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction and assessment of water, sewer, and street improvements within organized special assessment districts of the City. This fund is comprised of a number of individual assessment districts.

City of Bandon Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for capital expenditures including debt incurred for such expenses which are financed by a portion of the local utility tax. This fund was closed out in the current fiscal year.

Urban Renewal District No. 2 Fund – This fund is used to account for construction, administration, and certain debt service payments within the urban renewal areas. These funds are financed by property taxes (tax increments) levied in various taxing districts.

Parks and Recreation Development Fund – This fund is used to account for funds paid to the City by subdivisions in lieu of dedicating land for public park and recreation uses. The City is required to use said funds to aid in securing suitable areas for park and recreation purposes to serve the area containing the subdivision.

Street SDC Reimbursement Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

Street SDC Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

Storm Drain SDC Reimbursement Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

Storm Drain SDC Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

ACCETTO		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	600.024	\$	54 220	Φ.	2 000 002	¢.	2 ((2 254
Receivables	Þ	600,034	Ъ	54,338	\$	2,008,982	\$	2,663,354
Property taxes				-		15,874		15,874
Notes receivable						15,071		15,071
Notes/Loans receivable		24,195		-		-		24,195
Special assessments	****	-				24,473		24,473
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	624,229	\$	54,338		2,049,329		2,727,896
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	5,536	\$	-	\$	17,898	\$	23,434
Accrued payroll and benefits	····	6,622						6,622
Total liabilities		12,158		-		17,898		30,056
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues								
Property taxes		-		-		13,145		13,145
Loans		24,195		-		-		24,195
Assessments		-		-		24,472		24,472
Total deferred inflows of								
resources		24,195		-		37,617		61,812
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted		518,656		54,338		1,898,126		2,471,120
Committed		69,220		-		95,688		164,908
Total fund balances		587,876		54,338	****	1,993,814	***************************************	2,636,028
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	Φ.	(24.220	ф.	54.226	ф	2 0 4 0 2 2 2	Φ.	2 727 00 1
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	624,229	\$	54,338	\$	2,049,329	\$	2,727,896

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	•	221 055	\$		\$	174 475	\$	406,330
Intergovernmental	\$	231,855 410,027	Þ	•	Э	174,475	Ф	410,027
Payments in lieu of taxes		410,027				855		855
System development charges		_				229,872		229,872
Special assessments		_				(17,246)		(17,246)
Interest		3,823		404		13,914		18,141
Contributions & donations		29,275				-		29,275
Other		66,854		-		23,453		90,307
Total revenues		741,834		404		425,323		1,167,561
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		6,529		6,529
Public safety		32,238		-		-		32,238
Highways and streets		182,717		-		-		182,717
Culture and recreation		401,179		-		17,434		418,613
Capital outlay		10,000		-		96,899		106,899
Debt service		-				28,826		28,826
Total expenditures		626,134		-		149,688		775,822
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		115,700		404		275,635		391,739
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer in (out)		(32,600)				17,353		(15,247)
Loan principal		2,206		-		-		2,206
Loan interest		959		-		_		959
Total other financing sources (uses)		(29,435)		-	1200	17,353		(12,082)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		86,265		404		292,988		379,657
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		501,610		53,934		1,700,826		2,256,370
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	587,875	\$	54,338	_\$_	1,993,814	\$	2,636,027

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SUB-COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2021

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Loans receivable	State Tax Street	Library Memorial	Library \$ 44,040	Community Beautification \$ 12,842	State Revenue Sharing \$ 21,558	Block Grant \$ 137,365 24,195	Police Reserve	Total \$ 600,034 24,195
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 244,884	\$ 93,080	\$ 44,040	\$ 12,842	\$ 21,558	\$ 161,560	\$ 46,265	\$ 624,229
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Interfund payable Total liabilities	\$ - 2,936 2,936	\$ - - -	\$ 2,236 3,686 	\$ 3,300	\$ - - 	\$ - - 	\$ - - 	\$ 5,536 6,622
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue	************************		-		-	24,195	**	24,195
Fund balances Restricted Committed	241,947	93,080	38,119	9,542	21,558	137,364	46,265	518,656 69,219
Total fund balances	241,947	93,080	38,119	9,542	21,558	137,364	46,265	587,875
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 244,883	\$ 93,080	\$ 44,041	\$ 12,842	\$ 21,558	\$ 161,560	\$ 46,265	\$ 624,229

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SUB-COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	State Tax Street	Library Memorial	Library	Community Beautification	State Revenue Sharing	Block Grant	Police Reserve	Total
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 231,855	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 231,855
Intergovernmental	\$ 231,633 -		364,903		45,124	J -		410,027
Interest	1,265	693	427	147	-	987	304	3,823
Contributions & donations			16,093		-	-	13,182	29,275
Other	6,444		13,060	47,181	169			66,854
Total revenues	239,564	693	394,483	47,328	45,293	987	13,486	741,834
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety	-	-	-	-	29,147	-	3,091	32,238
Highways and streets	182,717	-	-	-	-	-	-	182,717
Culture and recreation	-	-	361,341	39,838	-		-	401,179
Capital outlay		-	_		-	10,000	-	10,000
Total expenditures	182,717		361,341	39,838	29,147	10,000	3,091	626,134
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	56,847	693	33,142	7,490	16,146	(9,013)	10,395	115,700
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES) Transfer in (out)				(12,600)	(20,000)			(32,600)
Loan repayment	-		-	(12,000)	(20,000)	2,206	•	2,206
Loan interest	_	-	-		-	959	-	959
Loan interest			***************************************					
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		(12,600)	(20,000)	3,165		(29,435)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	56,847	693	33,142	(5,110)	(3,854)	(5,848)	10,395	86,265
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	185,100	92,387	4,977	14,652	25,412	143,212	35,870	501,610
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 241,947	\$ 93,080	\$ 38,119	\$ 9,542	\$ 21,558	\$ 137,364	\$ 46,265	\$ 587,875

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STATE TAX STREET FUND

DEVENTED	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES State street tax Interest Other	\$ 227,435 2,013	\$ 231,855 1,265 6,444	\$	4,420 (748) 6,444	
Total revenues	 229,448	239,564		10,116	
EXPENDITURES Highways and streets Personnel services Materials and services	181,639 (1 145,661 (1			8,610 135,973	
Total expenditures	327,300	182,717		144,583	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(97,852)	56,847		154,699	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	97,852	185,100	<u> </u>	87,248	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ _	\$ 241,947	\$	241,947	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LIBRARY MEMORIAL FUND

	_	inal and l Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES							
Interest	\$	3,500	\$	693	\$	(2,807)	
Grants		1,000		-		(1,000)	
Contributions and Donations		5,000		-	***************************************	(5,000)	
Total revenues		9,500	 	693		(8,807)	
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and recreation							
Materials and services		67,500 (1))	-		67,500	
Capital outlay		30,000 (1))	_		30,000	
Total expenditures		97,500		-		97,500	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(88,000)		693		88,693	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		88,000		92,387	•	4,387	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	93,080	\$	93,080	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LIBRARY FUND

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance	
Intergovernmental							
County library support	\$	355,000		\$	364,903	\$	9,903
Contributions and donations		18,000			16,093		(1,907)
Interest		250			427		177
Other		4,500			13,060		8,560
Total revenues		377,750			394,483		16,733
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and recreation							
Personnel services		293,668	(1)		286,674		6,994
Materials and services		84,082	(1)		74,667		9,415
Total expenditures		377,750	-	***************************************	361,341		16,409
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-			33,142		33,142
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		-	-		4,977		4,977
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	<u>.</u>	=	\$	38,119	\$	38,119

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COMMUNITY BEAUTIFICATION FUND

		ginal and al Budget	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Garbage franchise fees	\$	41,622	\$	47,181	\$	5,559
Interest		400		147		(253)
Total revenues		42,022		47,328		5,306
EXPENDITURES						
Culture and recreation						
Materials and services		50,000 (1)	***************************************	39,838		10,162
Total expenditures	MANAGEMENT AND	50,000		39,838		10,162
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(7,978)		7,490		15,468
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to other funds	·	(12,600) (1)		(12,600)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(20,578)		(5,110)		15,468
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		20,578	***************************************	14,652	***************************************	(5,926)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$	9,542	\$	9,542

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STATE REVENUE SHARING FUND

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES	•		•	45.104		. 12.
State revenue sharing Interest	\$	41,000 850	\$	45,124 169	\$	4,124 (681)
Total revenues		41,850		45,293		3,443
EXPENDITURES						
State revenue sharing						
Materials and services		48,236 (1)		29,147		19,089
Total expenditures		48,236		29,147		19,089
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(6,386)		16,146		22,532
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to other funds		(20,000) (1))	(20,000)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(26,386)		(3,854)		22,532
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		26,386		25,412		(974)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$	21,558	\$	21,558

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

BLOCK GRANT FUND

		Original and Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance	
REVENUES Interest Other	\$	2,000		\$	987	\$	(1,013)
Total revenues		2,000			987	***************************************	(1,013)
EXPENDITURES Economic development Capital outlay		129,592	(1)		10,000		119,592
Total expenditures		129,592			10,000		119,592
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	······	(127,592)			(9,013)	***************************************	118,579
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Principal collections Loan interest		-	-		2,206 959		2,206 959
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	_		3,165		3,165
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(127,592)			(5,848)		121,744
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		127,592	•		143,212		15,620
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	**		\$	137,364	\$	137,364

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation level

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

POLICE RESERVE PROGRAM FUND

DEVENTUR	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Grants	\$	250		\$	_	\$	(250)
Contributions & Donations	Ψ	4,700		Ψ	13,182	Ψ	8,482
Interest		700			304		(396)
		5,650			13,486		7,836
EXPENDITURES	***************************************		•				
Police Reserve Program							
Materials and services		9,000	(1)		3,091		5,909
Capital outlay		4,950	(1)		-		4,950
Total expenditures	***************************************	13,950		············	3,091		10,859
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(8,300)			10,395		18,695
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year,							
budgetary basis		35,946			35,870		(76)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	27,646	= :	\$	46,265	\$	18,619

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SUB-COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	Dis	Local provement trict Debt Service
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,338
Cash and Cash equivalents	Ψ	34,336
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	54,338
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted		54,338
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	54,338

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON

SUB-COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	Impro Distr	Local Improvement District Debt Service		
REVENUES				
Interest		404		
Total revenues	·····	404		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		404		
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer in (out)	***************************************			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		404		
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	*************************	53,934		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	54,338		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND DEBT SERVICE

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget		 Actual		Variance	
Special assessments Interest	\$	1,100	\$ 404	\$	(696)	
Total revenue		1,100	 404		(696)	
EXPENDITURES General government						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,100	404		(696)	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		141,159	 53,934		(87,225)	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	142,259	\$ 54,338	\$	(87,921)	

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SUB-COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

June 30, 2021

		an Renewal trict No. 2	Re	arks and creation elopment	reet SDC
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net, where applicable of allowance	\$	873,834	\$	95,688	\$ 252,612
for uncollectible) Taxes Special assessments Due from other funds		15,874		- - -	2,879
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	889,708	\$	95,688	\$ 255,491
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	17,898	\$		\$ -
Due to other funds		_		-	 _
Total liabilities		17,898		_	 -
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue Property taxes Assessments receivable	-	13,145	***************************************	-	 2,879
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,145		-	 2,879
Fund balances Restricted Committed Unrestricted		858,665 - -		95,688	 252,612
Total fund balances		858,665		95,688	252,612
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	889,708	\$	95,688	\$ 255,491

SUB-COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - Continued

June 30, 2021

	Street SDC Improvement		orm Drain SDC nbursement	orm Drain SDC provement	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net, where applicable of allowance	\$	499,181	\$ 194,015	\$ 93,652	\$ 2,008,982
for uncollectible) Taxes		_		-	15,874
Special assessments		5,759	8,635	7,200	24,473
Due from other funds		-	 -	 -	 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	504,940	\$ 202,650	\$ 100,852	\$ 2,049,329
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,898
Due to other funds		-	 	 -	
Total liabilities			 •	 -	 17,898
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue					
Property taxes		-	-	-	13,145
Assessments receivable		5,758	 8,635	 7,200	 24,472
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,758	 8,635	 7,200	37,617
Fund balances					
Restricted		499,182	194,015	93,652	1,898,126
Committed		•	-	-	95,688
Unrestricted		_	 -	 -	 _
Total fund balances		499,182	 194,015	 93,652	 1,993,814
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	504,940	\$ 202,650	\$ 100,852	\$ 2,049,329

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON

L-COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

DEMENTING		npital ovement		n Renewal trict No. 2	Re	arks and ecreation elopment
REVENUES Taxes	\$		\$ 174.475		\$	
Special assessments	Þ	-	Þ	174,475	Э	-
System development charges		•		-		-
Interest		•		6,287		750
Payments in lieu of taxes		•		855		730
Other		-		833		-
Other						
Total revenues		-		181,617		750
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		-		6,529		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		17,434
Capital outlay		-		25,086		-
Debt service		-		28,826		-
	-					
Total expenditures				60,441		17,434
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF						
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		121,176		(16,684)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer in (out)		17,353				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		17,353		121,176		(16,684)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		(17,353)		737,489	***************************************	112,372
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	858,665	\$	95,688

SUB-COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - Continued

DEVENTED	Street SDC Reimbursement					rm Drain SDC bursement	Storm Drain SDC Improvement		****	Total
REVENUES	¢.		e.		\$		\$		\$	174 475
Taxes	\$	(1.006)	\$	(4.100)	Ъ	(6.126)	3	(5.006)	Ъ	174,475
Special assessments		(1,996)		(4,108)		(6,136)		(5,006)		(17,246)
System development charges		28,270		49,301		81,102		71,199		229,872
Interest		1,746		3,482		1,114		535		13,914
Payments in lieu of taxes		-				-		-		855
Other		2,759		5,518		8,278		6,898		23,453
Total revenues		30,779		54,193	***************************************	84,358		73,626		425,323
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		_		-		-		-		6,529
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		17,434
Capital outlay		-		-		14,392		57,421		96,899
Debt service		-		-		-		-		28,826
Total expenditures		**		-		14,392		57,421		149,688
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		30,779		54,193		69,966		16,205		275,635
, ,										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE Transfer in (out)	ES)					-		-		17,353
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		30,779		54,193		69,966		16,205		292,988
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		221,833		444,989		124,049		77,447		1,700,826
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	252,612	\$	499,182	\$	194,015	\$	93,652	\$	1,993,814

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

OTHER ENLANGING SOURGES (1979)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds	17,353	17,353 (1)	17,353 *	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	17,353	17,353	17,353	-
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	(17,353)	(17,353)	(17,353)	-
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

^{*} Transfer to close out fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT NO. 2 FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	 /ariance
REVENUES					
Taxes	_				
Property taxes - current year	\$	163,291	\$	162,531	\$ (760)
Previously levied taxes		9,000		11,944	2,944
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		855	855
Interest		12,200		6,287	 (5,913)
Total revenues		184,491		181,617	 (2,874)
EXPENDITURES					
General government					
Materials and services		21,960	(1)	6,529	15,431
Capital outlay		764,682	(1)	25,086	739,596
Debt service		58,825	(1)	28,826	 29,999
Total expenditures		845,467	-	60,441	 785,026
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(660,976)		121,176	782,152
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	W-7-12	660,976	FRE-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-	737,489	 76,513
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_		858,665	\$ 858,665

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PARKS AND RECREATION DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Original and Final Budget				Actual	Variance		
REVENUES Interest	\$	2,250		\$	750	\$	(1,500)	
interest	Ψ	2,230		Φ	730	Φ	(1,300)	
Total revenues		2,250			750		(1,500)	
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation								
Materials and services		20,000	(1)		-		20,000	
Capital outlay		50,884	(1)		-		50,884	
Debt service		17,434	(1)	Market Co.	17,434		-	
Total expenditures		88,318			17,434		70,884	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(86,068)			(16,684)		69,384	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		86,068			112,372		26,304	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-		\$	95,688	\$	95,688	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET SDC REIMBURSEMENT FUND

DEVENIUE	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance		
REVENUES System development fees Special assessments	\$	12,000		\$	28,270	\$	16,270	
Principal Interest Interest		150 4,500			(2,080) 84 1,746		(2,080) (66) (2,754)	
Other		-,500			2,759		2,759	
Total revenues		16,650			30,779		14,129	
EXPENDITURES Highways and streets								
Capital outlay		235,237	(1)		-		235,237	
Total expenditures		235,237			_		235,237	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(218,587)			30,779		249,366	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		218,587		***************************************	221,833		3,246	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	: :	\$	252,612	\$	252,612	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET SDC IMPROVEMENT FUND

REVENUES		ginal and al Budget		 Actual	Variance		
System development fees Special assessments	\$	20,000		\$ 49,301	\$	29,301	
Principal Interest		100		(4,227) 119		(4,227) 19	
Interest Other	***************************************	7,000		3,482 5,518	-	(3,518) 5,518	
Total revenues		27,100		 54,193		27,093	
EXPENDITURES							
Highways and streets Capital outlay		462,968	(1)	 _	<u></u>	462,968	
Total expenditures		462,968		 -		462,968	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(435,868)		54,193		490,061	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		435,868		 444,989		9,121	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_		\$ 499,182	\$	499,182	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STORM DRAIN SDC REIMBURSEMENT FUND

	Original and Final Budget				Actual	Variance		
REVENUES	\$	35,000		\$	81,102	\$	46,102	
System development fees Special assessments	Ф	33,000		Ф	61,102	Ф	40,102	
Principal		_			(6,314)		(6,314)	
Interest		100			178		78	
Interest		2,900			1,114		(1,786)	
Other					8,278		8,278	
Total revenues		38,000			84,358		46,358	
EXPENDITURES								
Storm Drainage								
Capital outlay		154,192	(1)		14,392		139,800	
Total expenditures		154,192			14,392	<u> </u>	139,800	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(116,192)			69,966		186,158	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		116,192	•		124,049		7,857	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	:	\$	194,015	\$	194,015	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STORM DRAIN SDC IMPROVEMENT FUND

	ginal and al Budget		 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES						
System development fees	\$ 30,000		\$ 71,199	\$	41,199	
Special assessments						
Principal	-		(5,183)		(5,183)	
Interest	100		177		77	
Interest	2,400		535		(1,865)	
Other	 _		 6,898		6,898	
Total revenues	 32,500		 73,626		41,126	
EXPENDITURES						
Storm Drainage						
Capital outlay	 100,185	(1)	 57,421		42,764	
Total expenditures	 100,185		 57,421		42,764	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(67,685)		16,205		83,890	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 67,685		77,447		9,762	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	: :	\$ 93,652	\$	93,652	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

City of Bandon Enterprise Funds June 30, 2021

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the City's governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the City's council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Sewer Fund – This fund and its related sub-funds are used to account for the activities of the sewer disposal system.

Sub funds:

Sewer SDC Reimbursement Fund Sewer SDC Improvement Fund

Water Fund – This fund and its related sub-funds are used to account for the activities of the water system.

Sub funds:

Water SDC Reimbursement Fund Water SDC Improvement Fund Water Plant Improvement Fund

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the electric utility.

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SUB-COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION SEWER FUNDS

June 30, 2021

ACCETTO		Sewer		ewer SDC mbursement		ewer SDC provement		Totals
ASSETS Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,460	\$	_	\$	_	\$	48,460
Receivable	Ð	40,400	Ф	-	Þ	-	Ф	46,400
Accounts, net of bad debt reserve		84,892				_		84,892
Special assessments		-		4,989		7,123		12,112
Restricted cash		10,613		108,501		318,319		437,433
Total current assets		143,965		113,490		325,442		582,897
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets (net of								
accumulated depreciation)		4,283,321		-		-		4,283,321
Total assets		4,427,286		113,490		325,442		4,866,218
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related deferrals - OPEB		1,843		_		_		1,843
Pension related deferrals - PERS		121,806		_		_		121,806
1 Shows to allow determine 1 Each	_	121,000						121,000
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED								
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	4,550,935	\$	113,490	\$	325,442	\$	4,989,867
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	14,659	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,659
Accrued payroll benefits		5,072		-		-		5,072
Accrued interest payable		5,268		-		-		5,268
Customer deposits		10,613		-		-		10,613
Compensated absences payable		43,551		-		-		43,551
Current portion of long-term debt		60,239		-		-		60,239
Total current liabilities		139,402		-		-		139,402
Long-term liabilities								
Net pension liability - PERS		385,174		-		-		385,174
Net OPEB Liability - Health Insurance		14,349		-		-		14,349
Long-term debt (net of current portion)		842,765		_		-		842,765
Total long-term liabilities		1,242,288		A4		•		1,242,288
Total liabilities		1,381,690		-		-		1,381,690
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related defferals - PERS		20,320		-				20,320
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,402,010	-	-		-		1,402,010
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		3,380,317		-				3,380,317
Restricted for customer deposits		10,613		-				10,613
Restricted for capital projects		-		113,490		325,442		438,932
Unrestricted		(242,005)		-		-		(242,005)
Total net position		3,148,925		113,490		325,442		3,587,857
·		5,115,725		110,170		323,112		2,207,037
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	4,550,935	\$	113,490	\$	325,442	\$	4,989,867

SUB-COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION SEWER FUNDS

	Sewer	Sewer SDC Reimbursement	Sewer SDC Improvement	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	0.00	ሰ ን	Φ	e 064.926
Sewer charges Service charges, fees and permits	\$ 964,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 964,836
Other	618	36,405	55,064	91,469
Outer	018	4,860	6,943	12,421
Total operating revenues	965,454	41,265	62,007	1,068,726
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administration	125,600	_	_	125,600
Cost of sales and services	660,843	-	-	660,843
Depreciation and amortization	235,321			235,321
Total operating expenses	1,021,764	-	-	1,021,764
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(56,310)	41,265	62,007	46,962
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
(EXPENSES)				
Loan/Assessment interest	-	96	1,271	1,367
Interest income	183	606	2,231	3,020
Capital Asset Contribution	51,087		(51,087)	-
Interest expense	(9,279)	-		(9,279)
Total nonoperating revenues				
(expenses)	41,991	702	(47,585)	(4,892)
(0.15011505)			(11,500)	(,,0,2)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(14,319)	41,967	14,422	42,070
NET POSITION, beginning of year	3,163,244	71,523	311,020	3,545,787
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 3,148,925	\$ 113,490	\$ 325,442	\$ 3,587,857

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER FUND

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES		Duaget	Dudget	•	 Actual	v arrance
Charges for services						
Sewer charges	\$	951,935	\$ 951,935		\$ 964,836	\$ (12,901)
Other		-	-		618	\$ (618)
				•	 	
Total operating revenues		951,935	951,935		 965,454	(13,519)
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administration		105,511	104,186	(1)	94,586	9,600
Accounting and billing		28,746	34,351	(1)	32,589	1,762
Collection		140,717		(1)	118,544	70,569
Plant operations		551,777	552,100	` '	535,030	17,070
Nondepartmental		331,777	332,100	(1)	333,030	17,070
Materials and services		57,116	57,116	(1)	55,545	1,571
Debt service		69,269	69,269	` '	69,269	1,5/1
Debt service		09,209	09,209	(1)	 09,209	
Total operating expenses		953,136	1,006,135		 905,563	100,572
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,200)	(54,200)		 59,891	(114,091)
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
(EXPENSES)						
Interest income		1,200	1,200		183	(1.017)
interest income		1,200	1,200	•	 103	(1,017)
Total nonoperating revenues						
(expenses)		1,200	1,200		183	(1,017)
(enpenses)		1,200	1,200	•	 100	(1,017)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	(53,000)		60,074	113,074
			(= , = = ,		,	,
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		_	53,000		 53,547	547
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$ -	:	\$ 113,621	\$ 113,621
Decree Western to New Poolston						
Reconciliation to Net Position:					4 202 224	
Capital assets					4,283,321	
Net pension asset (liability) - C					(14,349)	
Net pension asset (liability) - P	ERS				(385,174)	
Deferred outflow - PERS					121,806	
Deferred outflow - OPEB					1,843	
Interest payable			-		(5,268)	
Compensated absences payable	9				(43,551)	
Long term debt (including curr	ent p	ortion)			(903,004)	
Deferred inflow - PERS	•				(20,320)	
GAAP net position					\$ 3,148,925	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SEWER SDC REIMBURSEMENT FUND

	_	inal and Budget			Actual	 ariance_
OPERATING REVENUES				_	* < 10 *	
System development fees	\$	17,500		\$	36,405	\$ 18,905
Other (New Assessment)					4,860	 4,860
Total operating revenues		17,500			41,265	 23,765
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Materials and services		10,000	(1)			10,000
Capital outlay		83,181	(1)		_	83,181
Total nonoperating		00,10.	(-)			
revenues (expenses)		93,181				 93,181
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(75,681)			41,265	 116,946
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Assessment interest		100			96	(4)
Interest income		3,736			606	(3,130)
Total nonoperating revenues						
(expenses)		3,836			702	 (3,134)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	((71,845)			41,967	113,812
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		71,845			71,523	 (322)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_		\$	113,490	\$ 113,490

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SEWER SDC IMPROVEMENT FUND

ODED A TIME DEVENIUE	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES System development fees Other (New Assessment)	\$ 27,500	\$ 55,064 6,943	\$ 27,564 6,943
Other (New Assessment)		0,943	0,943
Total operating revenues	27,500	62,007	34,507
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Materials and services	20,000 (1)	-	20,000
Capital outlay	257,507 (1)	51,087	206,420
Total operating expenses	277,507	51,087	226,420
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(250,007)	10,920	260,927
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Assessment interest	100	1,271	1,171
Interest income	6,401	2,231	(4,170)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	6,501	3,502	(2,999)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(243,506)	14,422	257,928
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	243,506	311,020	67,514
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ 325,442	\$ 325,442

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SUB-COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION WATER FUNDS

June 30, 2021

		Water	ater SDC bursement		Vater SDC		ater Plant		Total
ASSETS			 		····		<u> </u>		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(28,880)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(28,880)
Receivable Accounts, net of bad debt reserve Special assessments		78,692	- 7,198		28,075		-		78,692 35,273
Restricted cash Inventory		6,040 18,334	268,467		1,765,840		788,030		2,828,377 18,334
Total current assets		74,186	275,665	***********	1,793,915	***************************************	788,030		2,931,796
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash Loans receivable		29,801 283,463	-		-		-		29,801 283,463
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		5,990,630			-		_		5,990,630
Total noncurrent assets		6,303,894	268,467		1,765,840		-		6,303,894
Total assets		6,378,080	275,665		1,793,915		788,030		9,235,690
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related deferrals - PERS		181,371	-		-		-		181,371
OPEB related deferrals - Health Insurance		2,311	-		-		-		2,311
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_\$_	6,561,762	\$ 275,665	_\$_	1,793,915	\$	788,030	\$	9,419,372
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	12,524	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,524
Accrued payroll benefits		6,318	-		-		-		6,318
Compensated absences payable Customer deposits		25,089 6,040	-		-		-		25,089 6,040
Interest payable		5,809	-		<u>-</u>		-		5,809
Current portion of long term debt		29,801	-		_		-		29,801
Total current liabilities		85,581	-		-		_		85,581
Long-term liabilities									
Net pension liability - PERS		515,376	-				-		515,376
Net OPEB Liability - Health Insurance		17,990	-		_		-		17,990
Long term debt (net of current portion)		180,722	 -				_		180,722
Total long-term liabilities		714,088	•				-		714,088
Total liabilities		799,669			-		-		799,669
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related deferrals - PERS		2,852			_		_		2,852
Total deferred inflows		2,852	 						2,852
		2,652	 						2,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		802,521	 m.		-		-		802,521
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		5,780,107	-		-		-		5,780,107
Restricted for customer deposits		6,040	-		-		-		6,040
Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects		29,801	275,665		1 702 015		788,030		29,801
Unrestricted Unrestricted		(56,707)	273,003		1,793,915		788,030		2,857,610 (56,707)
Total net position		5,759,241	 275,665		1,793,915		788,030		8,616,851
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			 			***************************************			, .,
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	6,561,762	\$ 275,665	\$	1,793,915	\$	788,030	<u>\$</u>	9,419,372

CITY OF BANDON SUB-COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER FUNDS

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON

SUB-COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER FUNDS

OPERATING REVENUES	Water		 er SDC ursement		er SDC ovement	Water I			Total
Charges for services Water sales Service charges, fees, and permits Property rental Miscellaneous, other	\$ 979,8 30,3 21,2	346	\$ 64,219 - 6,830	\$	249,281 - 26,646	\$	- - -	\$	979,899 343,846 21,298 33,494
Total operating revenues	1,031,	561	71,049		275,927		-		1,378,537
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration Cost of sales and services Plant Improvement (non-capital) Depreciation	122,; 627,; 329,9	716 -	- - -		- - - -	3	- - 34,998 		122,328 627,716 34,998 329,929
Total operating expenses	1,079,9	973	 		_	3	34,998		1,114,971
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(48,	412)	71,049		275,927	(3	34,998)		263,566
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest income Interest expense Special assessment interest	(11,		 1,683		11,909 - 728		4,863	###	18,615 (11,304) 15,580
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,	630	 1,761		12,637		4,863		22,891
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(44,	782)	 72,810		288,564	(3	30,135)		286,457
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer (to) from other funds	(280,	677)	 _		_	28	30,677		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(280,	<u>677)</u> .	_			28	80,677		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(325,	459)	72,810		288,564	25	50,542		286,457
NET POSITION, beginning of year	6,084,	700	 202,855	1	,505,351	53	37,488		8,330,394
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 5,759,	241	\$ 275,665	\$ 1	,793,915	\$ 78	88,030	\$	8,616,851

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	,	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services					•		***************************************	
Water sales Service charges, fees and permits	\$	1,024,459 22,600	\$ \$	1,024,459 22,600		\$ 979,899 30,346	\$	(44,560) 7,746
Property rental		17,000	\$	17,000		21,298		4,298
Other		1,100	_\$_	1,100		 18		(1,082)
Total operating revenues		1,065,159		1,065,159		 1,031,561		(33,598)
OPERATING EXPENSES		02.20#		00.410	(1)	50.040		4.000
Administration Accounting and billing		82,205 33,227		83,419 34,365		78,849 33,595		4,570 770
Distribution		179,035		188,732	. ,	166,091		22,641
Plant operations		411,965		454,916	(1)	416,418		38,498
Non-departmental Materials and services		61,468		61,468	(1)	50 521		2.027
Debt Service		39,759		39,759		58,531 39,759		2,937
Total operating expenses		807,659		862,659	_ ` ` ^ .	 793,243		69,416
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		257,500		202,500		238,318		35,818
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE Special assessments	S)							
Interest		17,000		17,000		14,774		(2,226)
Interest income		500		500		 160		(340)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		17,500		17,500		 14,934		(2,566)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		275,000	-	220,000		253,252		33,252
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer to other funds		(275,000)		(275,000)	(1)	 (280,677)		(5,677)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(275,000)		(275,000)		(280,677)		(5,677)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(55,000)		(27,425)		27,575
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		-		55,000		 371,659		316,659
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	-	= :	344,234	\$	344,234
Reconciliation to Net Position: Inventory Net pension asset (liability) - PERS Net pension asset (liability) - OPEB Capital assets Deferred outflow - PERS Deferred outflow - OPEB Compensated absences payable Accrued interest Long term debt Deferred inflow - PERS GAAP FUND BALANCE (1) Appropriation Level						\$ 18,334 (515,376) (17,990) 5,990,630 181,371 2,311 (25,089) (5,809) (210,523) (2,852) 5,759,241		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER SDC REIMBURSEMENT FUND

ODED A TIME DEMENATES		iginal and nal Budget		 Actual		/ariance
OPERATING REVENUES System development fees Other	\$	25,000		\$ 64,219 6,830	\$	39,219 6,830
Total operating revenues		25,000		 71,049		46,049
OPERATING EXPENSES Materials and services Capital outlay	-	10,000 219,362	(1)	-		10,000 219,362
Total operating expenses		229,362		 _		229,362
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(204,362)	. ,	 71,049		275,411
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENS Assessment interest Interest income	ES)	100 3,800		78 1,683		(22) (2,117)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	***	3,900	. ,	 1,761	•	(2,139)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(200,462)		72,810		273,272
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	***	200,462		 202,855		2,393
FUND BALANCE, end of year		_		\$ 275,665	\$	275,665

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL WATER SDC IMPROVEMENT FUND

OPERATING REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES System development fees Other	\$ 115,000	\$ 249,281 26,646	\$ 134,281 26,646
Total operating revenues	115,000	275,927	160,927
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Materials and services	10,000 (1)	-	10,000
Capital outlay	1,603,498 (1)		1,603,498
Debt service	47,000 (1)	-	47,000
Total operating expenses	1,660,498	_	1,660,498
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,545,498)	275,927	(1,499,571)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Assessment interest Interest income	300 29,200	728 11,909	428 (17,291)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	29,500	12,637	(16,863)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,515,998)	288,564	1,804,562
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,515,998	1,505,351	(10,647)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,793,915	\$ 1,793,915

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL WATER PLANT IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
OPERATING EXPENSES Plant Improvement (Net-Capital)	\$ 809,073 (1)	\$ 34,998	\$ 774,075
Total operating expenses	809,073	34,998	774,075
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(809,073)	(34,998)	774,075
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES Interest income) 	4,863	4,863
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS FROM/TO OTHER FUNDS	(809,073)	(30,135)	778,938
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds	275,000	280,677	5,677
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(534,073)	250,542	784,615
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	534,073	537,488	3,415
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	\$ 788,030	\$ 788,030

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON SUB-COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION ELECTRIC FUNDS

June 30, 2021

ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,641,697
Receivable		400.001
Accounts, net of bad debt reserve Restricted cash		409,831
Inventory		63,379
inventory		488,202
Total current assets	***************************************	2,603,109
Noncurrent assets		
Notes receivable		765,000
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		7,083,706
Total noncurrent assets		7,848,706
Total assets		10,451,815
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflow - pension		614,921
Deferred outflow - OPEB Health Insurance		8,174

TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,074,910
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	36,923
Accrued payroll benefits		24,811
Compensated absences payable		90,458
Customer deposits		63,379
Total current liabilities		215,571
Long-term liabilities		
Net pension liability		1,905,575
Net OPEB liability - Health Insurance		63,633
Total liabilities		
Total habilities		2,184,779
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflow - pension		85,689
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		7,083,706
Restricted for customer deposits		63,379
Unrestricted		1,657,357
TOTAL NET POSITION		8,804,442
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,		
AND NET POSITION	\$	11,074,910

SUB-COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ELECTRIC FUND

		Electric
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	•	C 151 455
Electricity sales BPA conservation	\$	6,171,455 48,081
Service charges, fees, and permits		304,082
Other		13,668
Total operating revenues		6,537,286
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration		535,149
Cost of sales and services		5,302,245
Energy assistance payments		3,216
Depreciation		569,060
Total operating expenses		6,409,670
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		127,616
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income		12,970
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		12,970
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		140,586
OTHER EINANGRIG COURGE (LIGES)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (to) from other funds		(20,000)
Transfers (to) from other funds		(30,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(30,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		110,586
		0.400.05
NET POSITION, beginning of year		8,693,856
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	8,804,442

CITY OF BANDON

COOS COUNTY, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ELECTRIC FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES	——————————————————————————————————————				
Electricity sales	\$ 5,972,517	\$ 5,972,517	\$, , , , , ,	\$ 198,938
Low income assistance	10,000	10,000		11,427	1,427
Vol Low Inc Roundup Donation	1,000	1,000		662	(338)
BPA conservation	40,000	40,000		48,081	8,081
Services charges, fees, and permits	164,500	164,500		304,082	139,582
Reimbursements Other	1,000	1,000		1.570	(1,000)
Other	7,500	7,500	_	1,579	(5,921)
Total operating revenues	6,196,517	6,196,517		6,537,286	340,769
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administration	424,326	436,105 (1)	434,514	1,591
Accounting and billing	347,977	366,198 (1)	365,879	319
Source of supply	3,100,000	3,100,000 (1)	3,052,131	47,869
Conservation	77,023	147,023 (,	63,333	83,690
Distribution	2,506,096	2,506,096 (1)	1,738,414	767,682
Nondepartmental					
Materials and services	358,351	358,351 (362,338	(3,987)
Contingency	500,000	500,000 (-	500,000
Reserve	462,755	462,755 (1)	-	462,755
Total operating expenses	7,776,528	7,876,528		6,016,609	1,859,919
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,580,011)	(1,680,011)		520,677	2,200,688
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES		•••			(200)
Conservation interest	200	200		10.050	(200)
Interest income	32,000	32,000		12,970	(19,030)
Total nonoperating revenues	32,200	32,200	_	12,970	(19,230)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(1,547,811)	(1,647,811)	_	533,647	2,181,458
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers to other funds	(30,000)	(30,000) (1)	(30,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(30,000)	(30,000)		(30,000)	-
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,577,811)	(1,677,811)		503,647	2,181,458
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,577,811	1,677,811		2,251,146	573,335
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	-	2,754,793	\$ 2,754,793
Reconciliation to Net Position:					
Inventory				488,202	
Net pension asset (liability) - OPE	В			(63,633)	
Net pension asset (liability) - PER				(1,905,575)	
Capital assets				7,083,706	
Deferred outflow - PERS				614,922	
Deferred outflow - OPEB				8,174	
Compensated absences payable				(90,458)	
Deferred inflow - PERS				(85,689)	
Net Position			\$	8,804,442	

					GEN	IERAL FUND)					
TAX YEAR	IMPOSED LEVY OR BALANCE UNCOLLECTED DEDUCT AT 7/1/20 DISCOUNTS				ADJUSTMENTS ADD TO ROLLS INTEREST				COL BY	CASH LECTIONS COUNTY EASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR UNSEGREGATED AT 6/30/21	
Current:												
2020-21	\$	217,351	\$	5,560	\$	(1,734)	\$	134	\$	202,682	\$	10,709
Prior Years: 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 Prior Total All Funds	\$	7,718 4,232 2,732 1,375 1,625	\$	(16) (4) - - - - 5,540	\$	(650) (165) (163) (101) (84)		267 387 513 282 369	\$	3,313 1,860 1,691 709 554	\$	4,804 2,154 691 485 786
	RECO	NCILIATION '	ΓΟ REV	VENUE:								
	Cash Collections by County Treasurer Above 210,809 Other taxes/adj 3,000											
	Pı	roperty tax reve	enue - C	en. Fund					\$	213,809		

LOC	٩L	OP	TIO	N	SI	RE	EI	TAX

TAX YEAR	LE' BAI UNCO	POSED VY OR LANCE LLECTED 7/1/20		EDUCT COUNTS	ADJUSTMENTS ADD TO ROLLS INTEREST					CASH LECTIONS COUNTY EASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR UNSEGREGATED AT 6/30/21		
Current: 2020-21	\$	449,426	\$	11,497	\$	(3,586)	\$	277	\$	419,094	\$	22,144	
Prior Years:													
2019-20		16,400		(34)		(818)		568		7,041		9,643	
2018-19		8,717		(8)		(649)		798		3,831		4,745	
2017-18		5,631		-		(161)		1,056		3,486		1,250	
2016-17		2,833		-		(308)		580		1,460		1,101	
Prior		3,347				(243)		759		1,140		1,691	
Total All													
Funds	\$	486,354	\$	11,455	\$	(5,765)	\$	4,038	\$	436,052	\$	40,574	
	RECON	ICILIATION	TO RE	VENUE:									
		ollections by C r taxes/adj	County	Treasurer A	bove					436,052 6,880			
	To	otal Revenue -	Local	Option Stree	et Tax Fı	and			\$	442,932			

GENERAL	OBLIGATION	BONDS	DEBT	SERVICE

			2	LIVLINIL	ODLIGA	HOIV BOIVE	DLI	JI OLIK V	ICL			
TAX YEAR	LE BA UNCC	IPOSED EVY OR LANCE DLLECTED I 7/1/20		DEDUCT ADJUSTMENTS ADD ISCOUNTS TO ROLLS INTEREST					COL	CASH LECTIONS COUNTY EASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR UNSEGREGATED AT 6/30/21	
Current: 2020-21	<u>\$</u>	223,783	\$	5,725	Milanday Company	-1,786	_\$	138	\$	208,680	\$	11,026
Prior Years: 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 Prior	***************************************	9,749 5,491 3,792 1,973 1,839		(20) (5) - -	PRO COLUMN	(200) (109) (211) (147) (321)		338 503 711 404 431		4,185 2,413 2,347 1,017 648		5,446 2,689 945 699 1,199
Total All Funds	\$ RECO	246,627 NCILIATION	\$ 1 TO R	5,700 EVENUE	<u>\$</u> :	(2,774)	\$	2,525	\$	219,290	\$	22,004
		Collections by er taxes	County	y Treasure	r Above					219,290 1,118		
	Т	otal Revenue							\$	220,408		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

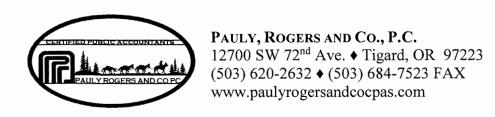
URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT NO.1

				OK	DANK	ENE WAL DI	o i rac	1 10.1				
TAX YEAR	LE BA UNCO	IPOSED EVY OR LLANCE DLLECTED IT 7/1/20		EDUCT COUNTS		USTMENTS O ROLLS		ADD EREST	COL BY	CASH LECTIONS COUNTY EASURER	UNCO	ALANCE DLLECTED OR GREGATED F 6/30/21
Current: 2020-21	\$	366,047	\$	(9,364)	\$	(2,919)	\$	226	\$	341,343	\$	15,647
Prior Years 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 Prior		23,027 7,163 4,794 2,373 3,146	TO STATE OF THE ST	(34) (6)		(2,101) (879) (901) -		568 599 838 - (388)		5,480 2,887 2,645 1,224 863		10,092 4,562 2,212 1,149 1,438
Funds	\$	406,550	\$	(9,404)	\$	(6,805)	\$	1,843		354,442	\$	35,100
	REC	ONCILIATIO	N TO	REVENU	Ε:							
		Collections b r Taxes/adj	y Cou	nty Treasur	er Abov	e				354,442 6,518		
	То	tal Revenue -	UR D	ist No. 1					\$	360,960		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT NO.2

TAX YEAR	LE BA UNCO	POSED VY OR LANCE LLECTED		EDUCT COUNTS		STMENTS ROLLS	ADD EREST	BY	CASH LECTIONS COUNTY EASURER	UNCO	LANCE DLLECTED OR GREGATED 6/30/21
Current:											
2020-21	\$	176,932	\$	4,526	\$	(1,411)	\$ 109	\$	164,991	\$	6,113
Prior Years 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 Prior		7,986 3,645 2,421 1,485 1,880		(17)		(1,026) (427) (438)	 277 291 405 (195)		2,677 1,403 1,278 615 435		4,023 1,337 301 772 724
Funds	\$	194,349	\$	4,506	\$	(3,302)	\$ 887	\$	171,399	\$	15,874
	RECO	NCILIATION	TO RI	EVENUE:							
		Collections by axes/adj	County	Treasurer A	Above			***************************************	171,399 3,076		
	Tota	l Revenue - U	R Dist	No. 2				\$	174,475		



December 9, 2021

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Bandon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Bandon was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:

1. Expenditures of all the various funds were within authorized appropriations, except as noted on page 18.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

ROYR. ROGERS, CPA

Roy R Rogers

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



PAULY, ROGERS, AND CO., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

December 9, 2021

To the City Council City of Bandon Coos County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bandon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Roy R Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

CITY OF BANDON

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

Prior Year Findings

2020-FS-1

<u>CONDITION:</u> We found during our testing of bank reconciliations that there was no indication of when bank reconciliations were prepared or reviewed, while adjusting journal entries showed no evidence of being reviewed and approved by someone other than the preparer.

<u>RESULTS:</u> Starting in April 2020, bank reconciliations were completed monthly via a contract with Caselle. Reconciliations were reviewed, approved and signed-off by the City Manager or the City Recorder. The finding did not recur for the 2020-2021 audit year.