City of Bandon

CITY COUNCIL AGENDA DOCUMENTATION	DATE: Feb 5, 2018
SUBJECT: Accepting the Financial Audit Report for FY2015-16	ITEM #: 5.1.2

BACKGROUND

The Accounting Firm of Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C. completed the FY2015-16 Financial Audit for the City of Bandon in January 2018, with the assistance of Moss Adams, LLP, who prepared the Financial Statements.

Copies of the Independent Auditor's Report and Annual Financial Report were made available to the Mayor and Council prior to the meeting.

A brief summary of the report will be provided.

FISCAL IMPACT

Not Applicable

RECOMMENDATION

Acknowledge and accept the report.

RECOMMENDED MOTION(S)

Motion to accept the City of Bandon's Annual Financial and Independent Auditor's Report for Fiscal Year 2015-16, as prepared by Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C.

SUBMITTED BY

Robert J Mawson, City Manager/Director of Utilities



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF BANDON COOS COUNTY, OREGON

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

City of Bandon Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Table of Contents

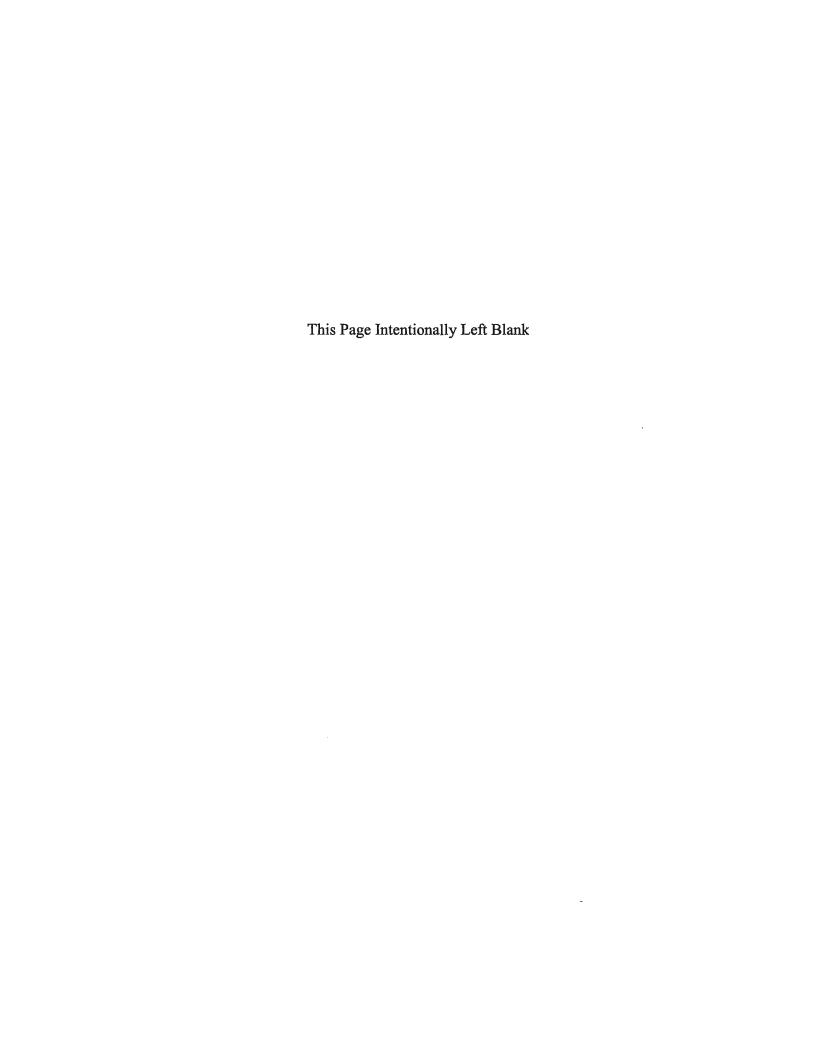
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CITY OF BANDON

CITY OFFICIALS June 30, 2016

Mayor and City Council	Term Expirations
Mary Schamehorn, Mayor	December 31, 2016
Brian Vick	December 31, 2016
Claudine Hundhausen	December 31, 2016
Geri Procetto	December 31, 2016
Chris Powell	December 31, 2018
Madeline Seymour	December 31, 2018
Peter Braun	December 31, 2018

Robert Mawson, City Manager

City of Bandon 555 Highway 101 P.O. Box 67 Bandon, Oregon 97411





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November 29, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Bandon Coos County, Oregon

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bandon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bandon as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The City adopted the provisions of GASB 72 - Fair Value Measurement and Application and GASB 79 - Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, for the year ended June 30, 2016. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the schedules of Net pension liability and contributions for PERS or management's discussion and analysis because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

The budgetary comparison schedules presented as Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in our opinion are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The listing of council members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

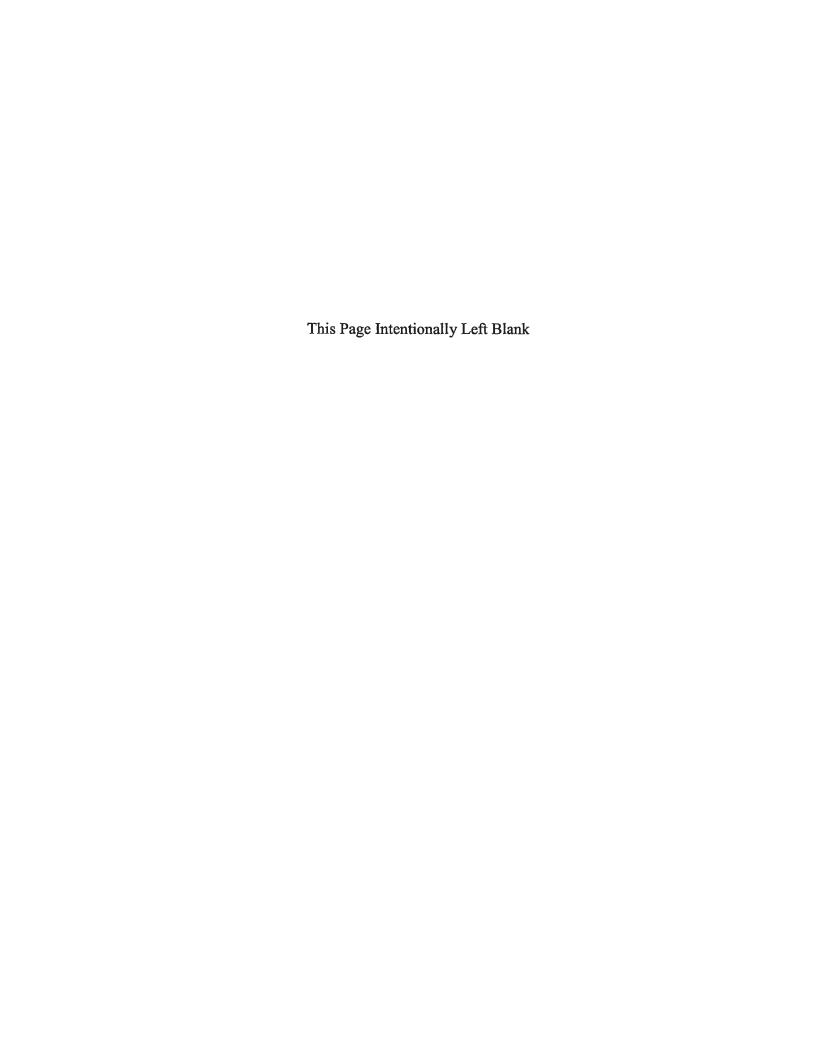
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2017 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 29, 2017, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

ROY R. ROGERS, CPA

Koy R Rogers

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the City of Bandon, Oregon (City) presents this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the City's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. It focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow. The report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and supplementary information.

Financial Highlights

Total assets of the City of Bandon exceeded its liabilities by \$37.7 million (reported as net position). Of this amount, \$3.4 million was reported as "unrestricted net position." Unrestricted net position represents the amount available to be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6.3 million. The balance was comprised of a restricted balance of \$3.3 million, \$2.4 million committed, and the remaining balance of \$659 thousand was unassigned. During the current fiscal year, the City's Net Position decreased by \$3.7 million and total debt decreased by \$340 thousand.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the major individual funds. The dual perspectives allow the reader to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position (or deficit net position if liabilities exceed assets). Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in a future fiscal period (e.g., uncollected property taxes and earned but unused vacation time). The statement of activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type activities). This statement is intended to summarize and simplify the reader's analysis of the revenues and costs of various City activities and the degree to which activities are subsidized by general revenues.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include administrative and financial accounting services, library, recreation and cultural services, planning and development, police, and public works (streets and storm drain projects). The business-type activities of the City include water, electric and wastewater utilities.

City of Bandon, Oregon

June 30, 2016

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Urban Renewal Agency (URA) for which the City is financially accountable. Although legally separate, the URA's governing body is identical to the City's, and because the services of the URA are exclusively for the benefit of the City, it is included as an integral part of the primary government. Complete financial statements for the URA may be obtained from the City of Bandon, Finance Department, PO Box 67, Bandon, OR 97411. The government-wide financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found in the basic financial statements.

The City maintains twenty-three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major funds and an aggregate total for all other non-major governmental funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, the urban renewal district No. 1 and 2 funds, the LID debt service fund, and block grant fund. Summary fund data by fund-type for the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided as other supplementary information.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. To demonstrate compliance with the budget, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for General and Block Grant funds as required supplementary information. Budgetary comparisons for all other governmental funds have been provided as other supplementary information. The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions that are presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water and electric utility operations. The enterprise funds are reported separately as proprietary fund financial statements in the basic financial statements.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all proprietary funds. To demonstrate compliance with the budget, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the enterprise funds as other supplementary information. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements.

City of Bandon, Oregon

June 30, 2016

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information. In addition to this discussion and analysis, this report also presents required supplementary information of budgetary comparison for the general fund.

Other supplementary information. The combining statements and schedules for the non-major funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and the enterprise funds follow the required supplementary information in this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the City of Bandon, total net position (total assets less total liabilities) were \$37.7 million as of June 30, 2016. A portion of the City's net position (\$29.6 million or 79%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and right-of-ways, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Of the remaining net position, 2% is restricted for debt service, 10% is restricted for capital projects, less than 1% is restricted for street and library projects, and the rest (9%) is unrestricted.

The statement of net position provides a focus on the assets and liabilities related to the City's governmental activities.

City of Bandon Net Position

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	otal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets	\$ \$7,279,592	\$ \$7,357,294	\$ \$4,143,228	\$ \$4,573,526	\$ \$11,422,820	\$ \$11,930,820
Capital assets	\$ 16,681,734	\$ 18,286,072	\$ 20,994,379	\$ 21,759,858	\$ 37,676,113	\$ 40,045,930
Total assets	\$ 23,961,326	\$ 25,643,366	\$ 25,137,607	\$ 26,333,384	\$ 49,098,933	\$ 51,976,750
Total deferred outflows of resources (restated)	\$ 158,273	\$ 104,683	\$ 233,440	\$ 145,607	\$ 391,713	\$ 250,290
Long-term liabilities outstanding (restated)	\$ 7,242,276	\$ 6,565,127	\$ 2,645,746	\$ 1,535,886	\$ 9,888,022	\$ 8,101,013
Other liabilities	\$ 655,558	\$ 656,868	\$ 737,121	\$ 632,096	\$ 1,392,679	\$ 1,288,964
Total liabilities	\$ 7,897,834	\$ 7,221,995	\$ 3,382,867	\$ 2,167,982	\$ 11,280,701	\$ 9,389,977
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 235,050	\$ 583,606	\$ 240,462	. \$ 811,752 \$ 475,51		\$ 1,395,358
NET POSITION (restated) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 10,119,446	\$ 11,461,205	\$ 19,458,493	\$ 20,146,758	\$ 29,577,939	\$ 31,607,963
Restricted	\$ 3,269,458	\$ 3,248,183	\$ 1,500,289	\$ 1,605,570	\$ 4,769,747	\$ 4,853,753
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Unrestricted	\$ 2,597,811	\$ 3,233,060	\$ 788,936	\$ 1,746,929	\$ 3,386,747	\$ 4,979,989
Total net position	\$ 15,986,715	\$ 17,942,448	\$ 21,747,718	\$ 23,499,257	\$ 37,734,433	\$ 41,441,705

The statement of activities focuses on the program costs and their matching resources. To the extent a program's costs are not recovered by grants and direct charges, the costs are paid from general taxes and other resources.

-VIII-

City of Bandon, Oregon

June 30, 2016

City of Bandon's Statement of Activities

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Tot	tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
REVENUES						
Program revenues Charges for services and contracts Operating grants and	300,207	394,857	6,851,479	6,464,849	7,151,686	6,859,706
contributions Capital grants and	485,540	388,020	•	-	485,540	388,020
contributions	-	-	-	287,519	-	287,519
General revenues						
Taxes	2,318,004	2,229,514			2,318,004	2,229,514
Contributions in lieu of taxes	351,676	438,584			351,676	438,584
Franchise fees	70,815	72,953			70,815	72,953
Gain on sale		358,842			-	358,842
Miscellaneous revenue	2,320	-			2,320	-
Unrestricted investment earnings	56,873	55,344	39,219	39,002	96,092	94,346
Total Revenues	3,585,435	3,938,114	6,890,698	6,791,370	10,476,133	10,729,484
EXPENSES (restated)						
General government	2,716,464	2,284,158			2,716,464	2,284,158
Public safety	1,263,577	817,838			1,263,577	817,838
Highways and streets	362,459	210,024			362,459	210,024
Economic development	98,983	98,574			98,983	98,574
Culture and recreation	780,273	652,236			780,273	652,236
Interest on long-term debt	319,412	351,043			319,412	351,043
Water utility			1,203,130	772,944	1,203,130	772,944
Sewer utility			1,099,163	821,097	1,099,163	821,097
Electric utility			6,339,944	4,043,212	6,339,944	4,043,212
Total Expenses	5,541,168	4,413,873	8,642,237	5,637,253	14,183,405	10,051,126
Net change in fund balance	(1,955,733)	(475,759)	(1,751,539)	1,154,117	(3,707,272)	678,358
Transfers/equity donations		(123,064)		123,064	-	-
Net position, July 1 (restated)	17,942,448	18,541,271	23,499,257	22,222,076	41,441,705	40,763,347
Net position, June 30 (restated)	15,986,715	17,942,448	21,747,718	23,499,257	37,734,433	41,441,705

As previously mentioned, the City's activities are divided between governmental and business-type activities. The majority of support for governmental activities comes from taxes, while the business-type activities are supported primarily through user charges.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities resulted in a net reduction in the City's net position of \$1.95 million. The main reason for this decrease is due to expenses exceeding revenues during the year. The basic financial statements include a reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the statement of net position.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$1.75 million due primarily to increased capital expenditures in all three utilities.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2016, total fund balance for the general fund equaled \$659 thousand, which was all unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the amount considered available to spend. At June 30, 2015, the fund balance of the City's general fund was \$515 thousand. The reason for the increase is due primarily to higher tax receipts.

City of Bandon's General Fund

	Fiscal Y	'ear	Increase (decrease)
	2016	2015	
REVENUES			
Taxes & in-lieu of taxes	1,484,999	1,430,929	54,070
License and permits	38,503	29,582	8,921
Intergovernmental	54,807	52,924	1,883
Fines and police income	27,165	28,211	(1,046)
Reimbursements	375,180	326,435	48,745
Interest	7,056	8,975	(1,919)
Other	107,057	76,647	30,410
Total Revenues	2,094,767	1,953,703	141,064
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	577,252	500,275	76,977
Public Safety	969,379	1,003,337	(33,958)
Highways and streets	44,255	54,579	(10,324)
Economic development	95,574	90,580	4,994
Culture and recreation	239,629	195,994	43,635
Total Expenditures	1,926,089	1,844,765	81,324
Other financing sources (uses)	(25,000)	(15,000)	(10,000)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance	143,678	93,938	49,740

The urban renewal district No. 1 & 2 funds, block grant fund, and local improvement districts debt service fund are the other major governmental funds. During the fiscal year 2016 the urban renewal district No. 1 fund had an increase in its fund balance of \$17 thousand. The fund balance of the urban renewal district No. 2 fund was increased by \$87.5 thousand. The block grant fund increased by \$27.8 thousand. The local improvement districts debt service fund balance decreased by \$20 thousand during the year.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. The sewer fund, water fund, and electric fund are the major proprietary funds. For fiscal year end 2016 all enterprise funds saw a decrease in net position, due primarily to the increased cost of doing business. The sewer fund reported a \$255 thousand decrease in net position, the water fund reported a \$527 thousand decrease and the electric fund reported a decrease of \$969 thousand. These dramatic changes indicate that revenues were not sufficient to cover expenses in this fund for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

General Fund Budget. Actual revenues for the year were greater than budgeted and expenditures for the year were less than budgeted. Actual revenues were \$2.1 million compared to the budgeted amount of \$1.9 million. The general fund expenditures were budgeted at \$2.2 million and actual expenditures were \$1.9 million.

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 amounts to \$37.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure (streets, water, wastewater, storm drainage, and electric system). Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

City of Bandon's Capital Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Tota	al
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land	1,555,312	1,543,009	845,055	845,055	2,400,367	2,388,064
Construction in Progress	718,360	396,196	88,932		807,292	396,196
Buildings	6,609,876	6,530,540	4,887,018	4,887,018	11,496,894	11,417,558
Land Improvements	1,355,668	1,218,095			1,355,668	1,218,095
Furnishings and Equipment	1,410,781	1,354,410	2,169,053	2,138,984	3,579,834	3,493,394
Streets	61,995,142	61,995,142			61,995,142	61,995,142
Storm drains	2,675,402	2,675,402			2,675,402	2,675,402
Infrastructure		-	32,462,715	32,261,481	32,462,715	32,261,481
Total	76,320,541	75,712,794	40,452,773	40,132,538	116,773,314	115,845,332

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2016, the City had total long-term debt of \$8.09 million, including enterprise activity commitments. Outstanding debt includes \$2.45 million in general obligation bonds to be serviced by general property taxes and \$1.94 million Urban Renewal general obligation bonds that are serviced by tax increment financing. The City would be liable for this Urban Renewal debt in the event of default by the Urban Renewal Agency. In addition, there is \$525 thousand in local improvement district bonds (special assessment debt) for which the City is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment.

The City's total debt decreased by \$340 thousand during the current fiscal year due to paying scheduled payments. The City of Bandon complies with Oregon Revised Statutes that limit general obligation bond debt to 3% of the real market value of all taxable property within the City's boundaries. Additional information on the City's bonded debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The total budget for fiscal year 2016-17 is \$22,527,531, which represents a increase of \$1,396,585, or seven percent (7%) over the fiscal year 2015-2016 budget of \$21,130,946. The reason for the increase is primarily attributable to higher anticipated revenues and accompanying expenditures.

Unlike most other Cities whose budgets are based heavily on property taxes, Bandon's revenues are primarily generated by its electric, water, and sewer utilities. At only \$.46 per \$1,000 assessed valuation, the City of Bandon's permanent property tax rate is extremely low compared to other full-service cities in the County, whose rates range from \$6.10 to \$8.00. The most significant single long-term fiscal challenge facing the City is to ensure the continued financial viability of the municipal water, sewer, and electric utility systems, and, thereby provide a financial basis for all other public services. These utilities contribute to the City's operation through sales taxes, in-lieu taxes, and direct payments.

The largest individual sources of general fund revenues continue to be the transient occupancy tax, utility taxes, utility in-lieu taxes, and utility reimbursements. Other resources include property taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental reimbursements such as liquor, cigarette, and miscellaneous permits and fees.

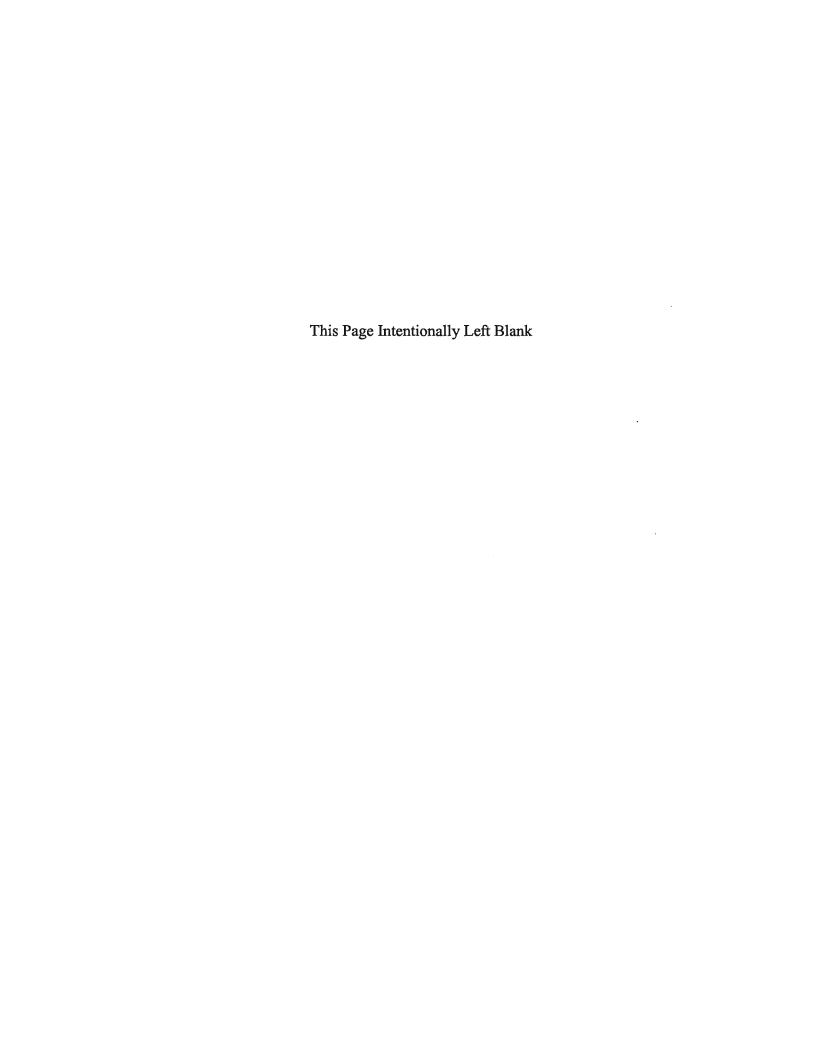
The main concern with the water, sewer, and electric utility systems revolves around the City charter amendments which limit the ability of the City Council to increase utility rates. The problem is compounded in the near term by the overall downturn in the national economy, fuel price increases, the housing market slowdown, and decline in property values. In a local economy such as Bandon's, which is heavily dependent on utility revenue growth, tourism, and retirement in-migration, the revenue impacts can be significant for both local businesses and municipal government. In recent years, system development charges (SDC's), which depend on continued growth, have provided a significant portion of the City's capital improvement revenues for streets, drainage, and other City needs.

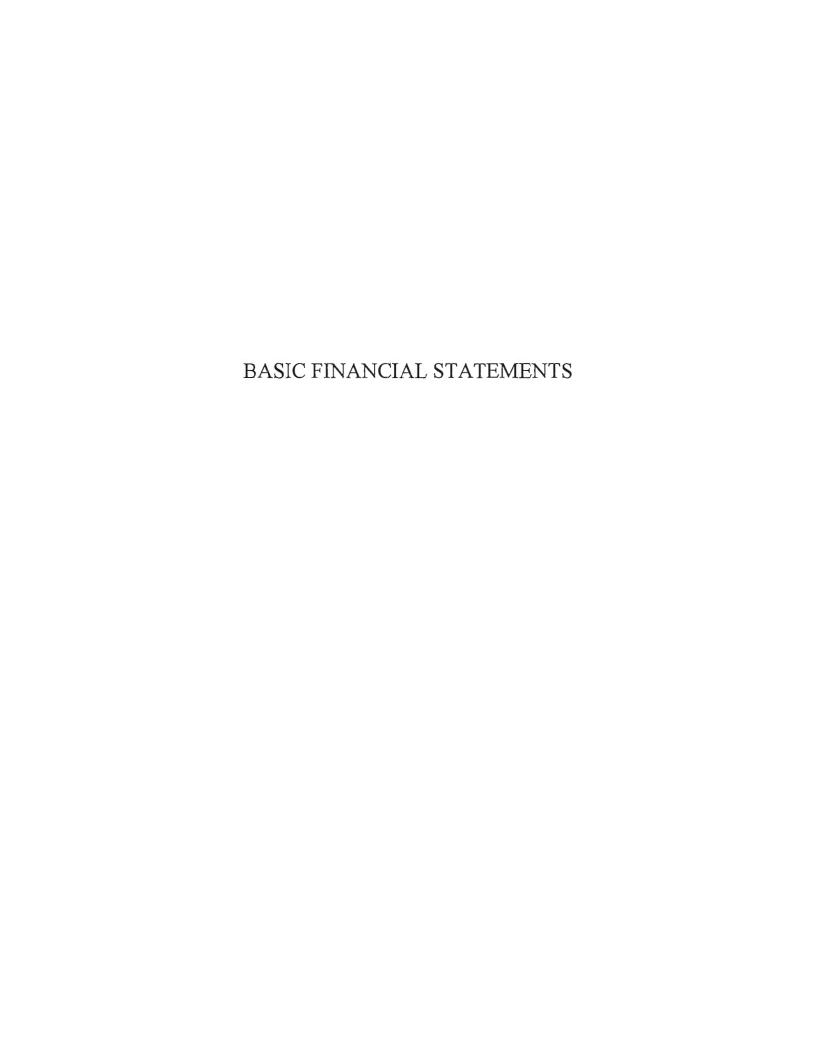
The City continues to receive local option street tax funds for streets, drainage systems, and pedestrian facilities. This is a voter approved local option tax in the amount of \$0.8455 per \$1,000 assessed valuation for 10 years. The Urban renewal special levy will not be imposed while there is a local option street tax.

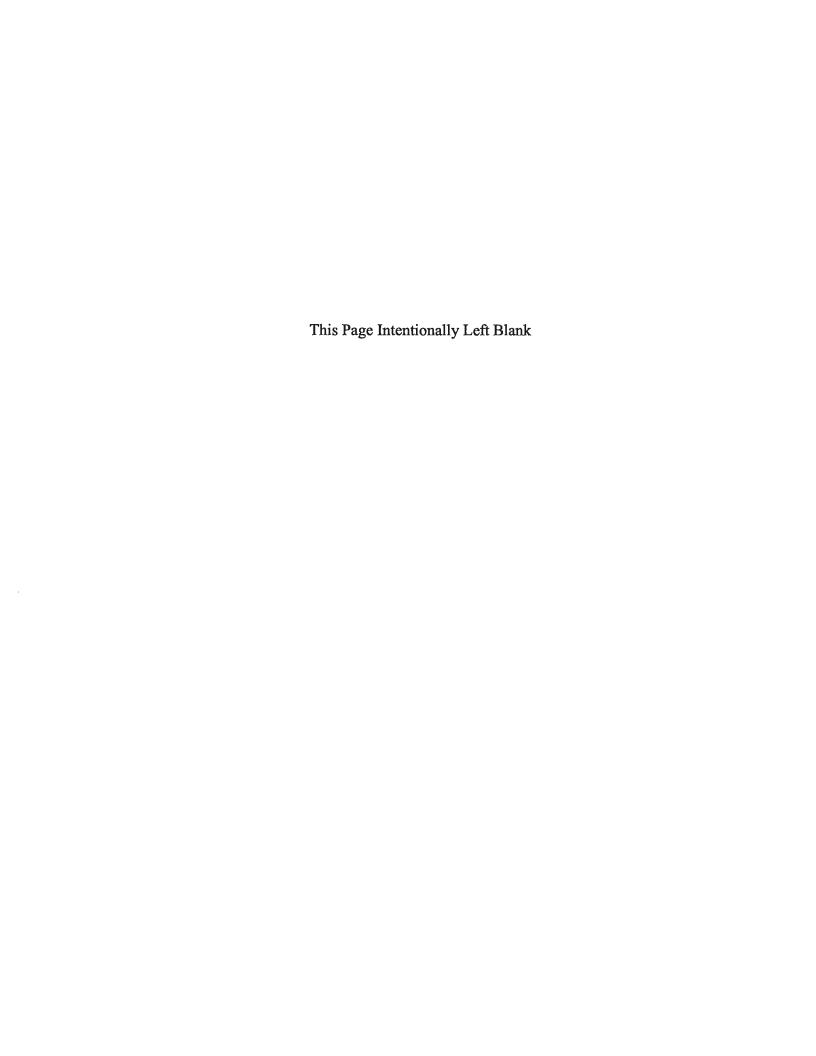
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

Robert J Mawson City Manager/Director of Utilities City of Bandon PO Box 67 Bandon, OR 97411







City of Bandon Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	overnmental Activities		isiness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,582,974	\$	2,632,995	\$ 9,215,969
Receivables	00.505		460 505	FF(000
Accounts	93,585		462,735	556,320
Property taxes	114,165		-	114,165
Notes	105,249		385,474	490,723
Special assessments	383,619		15,747	399,366
Inventories	~		520,407	520,407
Restricted cash	-		125,870	125,870
Capital assets	1 555 212		845,055	2 400 267
Land Construction in process	1,555,312 718,360		88,932	2,400,367 807,292
Capital assets	74,046,869		39,518,786	113,565,655
•				
Less accumulated depreciation	 (59,638,807)		(19,458,394)	 (79,097,201)
Total assets	 23,961,326		25,137,607	 49,098,933
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflow - PERS	 158,273		233,440	 391,713
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	328,438		370,278	698,716
Accrued payroll and benefits	22,306		35,786	58,092
Customer deposits	5,565		101,974	107,539
Accrued interest payable	151,459		16,368	167,827
Compensated absences payable	142,738		155,044	297,782
Other liabilities	5,052		57,671	62,723
Non-current liabilities				
Amount due within one year	273,137		80,968	354,105
Amount due after one year	6,289,151		1,454,918	7,744,069
Bond premium amount amortized within one year	177		-	177
Bond premium amount amortized after one year	2,662		-	2,662
Net pension liability - PERS	 677,149	-	1,109,860	 1,787,009
Total liabilities	 7,897,834		3,382,867	 11,280,701
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflow - PERS	 235,050		240,462	475,512
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	10,119,446		19,458,493	29,577,939
Restricted for				
Debt service	659,061		23,653	682,714
Capital projects	2,319,884		1,381,494	3,701,378
Streets	290,513		-	290,513
Customer deposits	-		95,142	95,142
Unrestricted	 2,597,811		788,936	 3,386,747
Total net position	\$ 15,986,715	_\$	21,747,718	\$ 37,734,433

City of Bandon Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Progr	am Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities			Total
Governmental activities General government Public safety Highways and streets Economic development Culture and recreation	\$	2,716,464 1,263,577 362,459 98,983 780,273	\$	78,614 27,165 108,648 - 85,780	\$	50,978 29,595 - - 404,967	\$		\$	(2,586,872) (1,206,817) (253,811) (98,983) (289,526)	\$	- - - -	\$	(2,586,872) (1,206,817) (253,811) (98,983) (289,526)
Interest on long-term debt		319,412	_	-		-	_			(319,412)	_	-		(319,412)
Total governmental activities		5,541,168		300,207		485,540		-		(4,755,421)	_	-		(4,755,421)
Business-type activities Sewer Water Electric		1,099,163 1,203,130 6,337,624		838,754 624,895 5,387,830		- - -		:		-		(260,409) (578,235) (949,794)		(260,409) (578,235) (949,794)
Total business-type activities		8,639,917		6,851,479		-		-		_		(1,788,438)		(1,788,438)
Total government	\$	14,181,085	\$	7,151,686	\$	485,540	\$	-		(4,755,421)		(1,788,438)		(6,543,859)
	Taxo Pi Or Con Frai	eral revenues es roperty taxes ther taxes and a tributions in lie nchise fees erest and invest	eu of	taxes						1,343,822 974,182 351,676 70,815 56,873		- - - - 39,219		1,343,822 974,182 351,676 70,815 96,092
	Tota	l general reve	nues							2,797,368		39,219	_	2,836,587
		r revenues (ex nsfers	kpen	ditures)						2,320		(2,320)	_	-
	Chan	ge in net posi	tion							(1,955,733)		(1,751,539)		(3,707,272)
	Net p	osition, beginn	ing o	f year						17,942,448		23,499,257		41,441,705
		osition, end of								15,986,715	\$	21,747,718	\$	37,734,433

City of Bandon Balance Sheet - Government Funds June 30, 2016

				Capital Pro	jects F	und	Special	Revenue Fund	ł			Other		
				an Renewal		an Renewal				h Court LID	Go	vernmental		m . 1
		General	Di	strict No. 1	Dis	trict No. 2	B	ock Grant	De	ebt Service		Funds		Total
ASSETS		CTC 160		000 000		252.046	.	240 502		250 540		4.450.764		< F02.07
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	676,460	\$	822,207	\$	352,016	\$	310,782	\$	270,748	\$	4,150,761	\$	6,582,97
Receivables		46645		27.054		14.074						FF 22F		11416
Property taxes		16,615		27,951		14,374		-		-		55,225		114,16
Accounts		90,251		-		•		-		-		3,334		93,58
Special assessments		-				-		-		374,382		9,237		383,61
Loans		-		19,151		-		86,098		-		-		105,24
Interfund loans receivable								69,483		-				69,48
Total assets	\$	783,326	_\$	869,309	\$	366,390	\$	466,363	\$	645,130	<u>\$</u>	4,218,557	\$_	7,349,07
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	87,692	\$	-	\$	372	\$	-	\$	-	\$	240,374	\$	328,43
Accrued payroll benefits		15,967		-		-		-		-		6,339		22,30
Customer deposits		4,315		1,250		-		-		-		-		5,56
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		5,052		5,05
Interfund loans payable						69,483				-		-		69,48
Total liabilities		107,974		1,250		69,855						251,765		430,84
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenues														
Property taxes		16,615		27,951		14,374		-		-		55,225		114,16
Assessments				_		_		_		374,382		9,237		383,61
Loan		-		19,151		_		86,098		<u>-</u>		-		105,24
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	16,615		47,102		14,374		86,098		374,382		64,462		603,03
FUND BALANCES														
Restricted for debt service		_		_		_		_		270,748		388,313		659,06
Restricted for capital projects		_		_		_		_				2,319,884		2,319,88
Restricted special projects - streets		_		_				_		_		290,513		290,51
Committed for capital projects		_		820,957		282,161		_				834,117		1,937,23
Committed for special projects		_		-		202,101		380,265		_		69,503		449,76
Unassigned		658,737		_		-		500,205		-		-		658,73
Total fund balances		658,737		820,957		282,161		380,265		270,748		3,902,330		6,315,19
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												-1:	_	
resources and fund balances	\$	783,326	\$	869,309	\$	366,390	\$	466,363	\$	645,130	\$	4,218,557		7,349,07

City of Bandon Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 6,315,198
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
The net pension asset (liability) is the difference between the total pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries - PERS	(677,149)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date:	(76,777)
Capital assets are not current financial resources in governmental funds, but are reported in the statement of net position at their net depreciable value:	
Land\$ 1,555,31Construction in process718,36Depreciable assets74,046,86Accumulated depreciation(59,638,80	50 59
The statement of net position reports receivables at their net realizable value. However, receivables not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in governmental funds:	
Property taxes 114,16 Loans receivable 105,24 Special assessments 383,63	49
All liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. However, if they are not due and payable in the current period, they are not recorded in the governmental funds:	
Bonds payable Loans payable Compensated absences (5,290,69 (749,24 (749,24 (525,18 (525,18 (525,18 (151,48 (142,73) (142,73)	46) 88) 59)
Net position - governmental activities	\$ 15,986,715

City of Bandon Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Capital Projects Fund			Special Revenue Fund			Other		Other		
			an Renewal		Renewal	_			ID Debt	Go	vernmental	
	General	_ Dis	trict No. 1	Dis	trict No. 2	В	lock Grant		Service		Funds	Total
Revenues						_		_		4	505.056	
Taxes	\$ 1,152,180	\$	288,091	\$	145,614	\$	-	\$	-	\$	725,076	\$ 2,310,961
Licenses and permits	38,503		-		-		-		-		-	38,503
Intergovernmental	54,807		-		-		-		-		377,834	432,641
System development charges	-		-		-		-		-		77,152	77,152
Payments in lieu of taxes	332,819		-		-		-		-		18,857	351,676
Fines and police income	27,165		-		-		-		-		-	27,165
Special assessments	-		-		-		-		10,304		21,192	31,496
Grants	-		-		-		-		-		20,104	20,104
Interest	7,056		5,078		1,619		1,751		13,098		28,271	56,873
Reimbursements	375,180		-		-		-		-		-	375,180
Other	107,057										105,776	<u>212,833</u>
Total revenues	2,094,767		293,169		147,233		1,751		23,402		1,374,262	3,934,584
Expenditures												
Current												
General government	577,252		737		397		-		-		333,676	912,062
Public safety	969,379		-		-		-		-		-	969,379
Highways and streets	44,255		-		-		-		-		237,986	282,241
Economic development	95,574		-		-		5,308		-		-	100,882
Culture and recreation	239,629		-		-		-		-		403,181	642,810
Capital outlay	-		76,386		26,417		-		-		435,508	538,311
Debt service												
Principal retirement	-		114,335		23,313		-		19,902		107,876	265,426
Interest			84,740		9,594				23,774		156,175	2,74,283
Total expenditures	\$ 1,926,089	\$	276,198	_\$	59,721	_\$_	5,308	_\$_	43,676	_\$_	<u>1,674,402</u>	\$ 3,985,394

City of Bandon Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		 Capital Pro	jects	Fund	Spec	ial Revenue Fund			Other	
	General	an Renewal trict No. 1		Renewal strict No. 2	Bl	ock Grant	LID Debt Service	Go	overnmental Funds	Total
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 168,678	\$ 16,971	\$	87,512	\$	(3,557)	\$ (20,274)	\$	(300,140)	\$ (50,810)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in (out)	(25,000)			-		-	-		27,320	2,320
Loan repayments Loan Interest	-			-		25,842 5,557	-		-	 25,842 5,557
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,000)			-		31,399	_		27,320	 33,719
Net change in fund balance	143,678	16,971		87,512		27,842	(20,274)		(272,820)	(17,091)
Fund balances, beginning of year	515,059	 803,986		194,649		352,423	291,022		4,175,150	6,332,289
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 658,737	\$ 820,957	\$	282,161	\$	380,265	\$ 270,748	\$	3,902,330	\$ 6,315,198

City of Bandon Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$	(17,091)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities a different because:	are			
The pension expense represents the changes in net pension asset (liability to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension available to pay pension benefits.			(571,791)	
Governmental funds defer inflows of resources that do not provide curren However, the statement of activities recognizes such revenues at their realue when earned, regardless of when received:			ırces	
Property taxes	\$	(254)		
Loans receivable		(27,526)		
Special assessments		(10,519)		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the period:				(38,299)
Capital assets		607,747		
Depreciation	(2	2,212,085)	r.	1,604,338)
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities consist of:	d		(.	1,604,336)
Change in interest payable		4,217		
Changes in compensated absences payable		8,813		
Principal payments on long-term debt		262,756		
				275,786
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$(1,955,733)

City of Bandon Statement of Net Position Enterprise Funds June 30, 2016

	Sewer	Water	Electric	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivable	\$ 726,476	\$ 1,160,387	\$ 746,132	\$ 2,632,995
Accounts	68,899	41,036	352,800	462,735
Special assessments	3,207	12,540	-	15,747
Restricted cash	12,763	6,832	82,622	102,217
Inventory	_	32,865	487,542	520,407
Total current assets	811,345	1,253,660	1,669,096	3,734,101
Noncurrent assets				
Notes receivable	-	375,263	10,211	385,474
Restricted cash	-	23,653	-	23,653
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	4,829,519	7,047,680	9,117,180	20,994,379
Total noncurrent assets	4,829,519	7,446,596	9,127,391	21,403,506
Total assets	5,640,864	8,700,256	10,796,487	25,137,607
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-			
Deferred outflow - city pension	30,546	38,541	164,353	233,440
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	13,442	98,371	258,465	370,278
Accrued payroll benefits	5,752	5,221	24,813	35,786
Compensated absences payable	34,443	22,847	97,754	155,044
Customer deposits	12,763	6,832	82,379	101,974
Accrued interest payable	6,973	9,395	-	1 6, 368
Other liabilities	-	57,671	-	57,671
Current portion of long-term debt	57,315	23,653		80,968
Total current liabilities	130,688	223,990	463,411	818,089
Long-term liabilities	104 == 1	105 101		
Net pension liability	136,774	195,491	777,595	1,109,860
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	1,138,055	316,863		1,454,918
Total liabilities	1,405,517	736,344	1,241,006	3,382,867
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflow - city pension	39,549	27,984	172,929	240,462
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	3,634,149	6,707,164	9,117,180	19,458,493
Restricted for debt service	-	23,653	-	23,653
Restricted for capital projects	298,501	1,082,993	-	1,381,494
Restricted for customer deposits	12,763	-	82,379	95,142
Unrestricted	280,931	160,659	347,346	788,936
Total net position	\$ 4,226,344	\$ 7,974,469	\$ 9,546,905	\$ 21,747,718

City of Bandon Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Sewer	Water	Electric	Totals	
Operating revenues Charges for services					
Sewer charges	\$ 803,643	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 803,643	
Water sales	-	502,858	-	502,858	
Electricity sales BPA Conservation	-	-	5,229,733 17,074	5,229,733 17,074	
Service charges, fees and permits	29,982	122,030	138,175	290,187	
Other	5,129		2,848	7,984	
Total operating revenues	838,754	624,895	5,387,830	6,851,479	
Operating expenses					
Administration	101,455	66,831	460,036	628,322	
Cost of sales and services	775,487	810,675	5,303,393 5,217	6,889,555 5,217	
Energy assistance payments Depreciation and amortization	207,801	308,935	568,978	1,085,714	
Total operating expenses	1,084,743	1,186,441	6,337,624	8,608,808	
Operating income (loss)	(245,989)	(561,546)	(949,794)	(1,757,329)	
Nonoperating revenues (expense)					
Interest income	5,243	28,017	5,959	39,219	
Interest expense	(14,420)	(16,689)		(31,109)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(9,177)	11,328	5,959	8,110	
Income before operating transfers	(255,166)	(550,218)	(943,835)	(1,749,219)	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer (to) from other funds		22,680	(25,000)	(2,320)	
Change in net position	(255,166)	(527,538)	(968,835)	(1,751,539)	
Net position, beginning of year	4,481,510	8,502,007	10,515,740	23,499,257	
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,226,344	<u>\$ 7,974,469</u>	\$ 9,546,905	\$ 21,747,718	

City of Bandon Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Sewer	Water	Electric		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 846,371 (343,528) (447,808)	\$ 655,202 (335,354) (261,605)	\$ 5,325,128 (1,413,207) (3,721,259)	\$	6,826,701 (2,092,089) (4,430,672)
Net cash provided by operating activities	55,035	58,243	190,662		303,940
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Customer deposits Interfund transfers (net)	(1,363)	(492) 22,680	(4,982) (25,000)		(6,837) (2,320)
Net cash flows provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,363)	22,188	(29,982)		(9,157)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Principal payments	(54,630)	(22,584)	-		(77,214)
Interest paid Acquisition of capital assets	(14,639) (24,379)	(17,175) (97,311)	(198,545)		(31,814) (320,235)
	(24,377)	(77,311)	(170,543)		(3720,233)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(93,648)	(137,070)	(198,545)		(429,263)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Principal payments on notes receivable	5,243 	28,017 16,113	5,959 2,297		39,219 18,410
Net cash received from investing activities	5,243	44,130	8,256		57,629
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(34,733)	(12,509)	(29,609)		(76,851)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (including restricted cash of \$131,395)	773,972	1,203,381	858,363		2,835,716
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (including restricted cash of \$125,870)	\$ 739,239	\$ 1,190,872	\$ 828,754	\$	2,758,865
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (245,989)	\$ (561,546)	\$ (949,794)	\$	(1,757,329)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation and amortization	207,801	308,935	568,978		1,085,714
Change in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable	(3,206)	(1,587)	(62,702)		(67,495)
Inventory	(3,200)	(10,228)	-		(52,994)
Special assessments receivable	10,823	31,894	-		42,717
Pension asset (liability)	192,689	260,895	1,069,085		1,522,669
Deferred outflow	(10,824) (35,772)	(15,471) 85,511	(61,538) 43,949		(87,833) 93,688
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	3,983	3,452	16,262		23,697
Compensated absences	5,933	(656)			14,725
Other liabilities	-	57,671	-		57,671
Deferred inflow	(70,403)	(100,627)	(400,260)		(571,290)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 55,035	\$ 58,243	\$ 190,662	\$	303,940

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Bandon (City), Coos County, Oregon, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a council. The City provides public safety (police), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), these basic financial statements present the City and all component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

The basic financial statements include all financial activities, organizations and functions for which the City Council is responsible for financial accountability. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose its will on the component unit, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. Therefore, although legally separate entities, blended component units are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. Based on the application of the criteria established by Governmental Auditing Standards Board (GASB), the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Bandon is a component unit of the City.

Blended Component Unit-The Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Bandon, Oregon (Agency), was created by adoption of City Ordinance 1191 on August 5, 1986. The Agency is organized under general laws pertaining to urban renewal agencies in the state of Oregon. The City is not responsible for deficits nor entitled to surpluses of the Agency, the Agency Board designates management, budgeting authority lies solely with the Agency Board, the Agency is responsible for fiscal management and determination of revenue sources and the City is not legally or morally obligated for the Agency's debts. In this situation, the preceding factors are conclusive in contrast with the following factor which may indicate inclusion: the Agency Board is appointed by and made up of the same members as the Common Council of the City. However, legally the two boards are distinct and conduct all business as such. Based on standards set forth in GASB Statement 61, the Agency is considered to be a "component unit" of the City because the City appoints the board members of the Agency. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Agency are included in the City's basic financial statements as capital project funds using the "blended" method of presentation.

A copy of the financial statement for the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Bandon may be obtained by contacting City Hall.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP as applied to government units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Interfund activity such as loans and transfers are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental activities—The City's general government activities are reported in this category, including the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds. Funding sources vary and include property, utility and franchise taxes, special assessments, permits and licensing, and charges for services.

Business-type activities—The City provides sewer, water and electrical service to its customers and this category reports the activities of the enterprise funds.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The various funds of the City are grouped into the categories governmental and proprietary.

All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for the governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City's finances meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available").

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, claims of judgments and pension costs which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes, utility taxes, franchise taxes, special assessments, licenses, fees and permits, interest and charges for services are susceptible to accrual if collected within 30 days of fiscal year end. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met. There are, however, essentially two types of intergovernmental revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, all eligibility requirements are determined to be met when the underlying expenditures are recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to the purpose of the expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements; therefore, all eligibility requirements are determined to be met at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

The City presents separate financial statements for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements, with nonmajor funds being combined into a single column.

Major governmental funds include:

General Fund–This is the City's primary operating fund. This fund is used to account for all financial resources and transactions not required to be accounted for in other funds.

Urban Renewal, District No. 1 Fund and **Urban Renewal, District No. 2 Fund**–These funds are used to account for construction, administration, and certain debt service payments within the urban renewal areas. These funds are financed by property taxes (tax increments) levied in various taxing districts.

Block Grant Fund-This fund is used to account for the collection of principal and interest from rehabilitation loans.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Major governmental funds (Continued):

12th **Court Local Improvement Districts Debt Service Fund**—This fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments. Expenditures are restricted to the repayment of the debt incurred.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects).

The **Debt Service Funds** account for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary funds.

The **Capital Projects Funds** account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds include the following fund type:

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Major enterprise funds include:

Sewer Fund-This fund is used to account for the activities of the sewer disposal system.

Water Fund-This fund is used to account for the activities of the water system.

Electric Fund-This fund is used to account for the activities of the electric utility.

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents—The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments in the Oregon State Treasury Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The City maintains merged bank accounts and investments for its funds in a central pool of cash and investments. The investment policy of the City is to invest in LGIP and interest bearing demand deposits with local banks and to transfer resources to the general checking account as the need arises. This policy is in accordance with ORS 294.035, which specifies the types of investments authorized for municipal corporations. The City allocates earnings on investments to each fund based on average monthly cash balances throughout the year. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments are stated at amortized cost, which equals market value.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Receivables and Payables—Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Other receivables including property taxes, accounts, entitlements, and shared revenues are reported in accordance with the policies enumerated in Paragraph B above. A small allowance for bad debts is carried in the enterprise funds. The City has strong enforcement procedures including shut off of services and uncollectible amounts are relatively small. An allowance for bad debt is not carried in the governmental funds because the City has determined that any uncollectible amount would be immaterial to the basic financial statements.

Inventories—Physical inventories, with the exception of the proprietary funds, are taken for control purposes only. The cost value of such inventories has been recorded as expenditures when purchased. Accordingly, with the exception of the proprietary funds, a value is not included in the balance sheet and is considered immaterial.

Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of proprietary fund-type inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets—Certain resources are set aside for repayment of debt and are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited. Reserve accounts are used to report resources set aside for repairs and replacement to the water and sewer system and, when necessary, for the purpose of making principal and interest payments on the bonds and notes payable. Utility deposits of \$101,974 are also reported as restricted assets.

Capital Assets—General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and a useful life of over one year. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Furnishings and equipment	5-7 years
Infrastructure	10-60 years
Land improvements	5-100 years
Buildings	30-100 years
Other	5-100 years

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. There is \$391,713 of deferred outflow relating to PERS.

In addition to liabilities, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has property taxes, assessments, and loans receivable of \$603,033 that fit into this classification reported on the balance sheet and \$475,512 related to PERS Pension reported on the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences—It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation leave can be accumulated up to 240 hours. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave. In proprietary funds, vested vacation benefits are recognized as expenses when earned by the employee and unpaid benefits are liabilities of those funds. Governmental fund types recognize the expenditure when benefits are paid. Vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as the result of employee resignations and retirements.

The funds typically used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences are any funds with payroll, which include: general fund, library, state tax street, sewer, water, and electrical funds. Employees have the option to accumulate overtime as compensatory pay, which accrues at overtime rates.

Long-term Obligations—The City reports long-term debt on the statement of net position. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as another financing source net of the applicable premium or discount. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Operating Revenues and Expenses, Non-operating Revenues and Expense-Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for sales of water, sewer, and electrical services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that is the primary activity of the fund.

Non-operating revenues and expenses of the City are those revenues and expenses not directly related to the service provided by the fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses include interest, grants, and gain or loss on disposition of capital assets.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance—In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-Spendable–Includes amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted-Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, granters or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.

Committed—Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned–Includes amounts assigned for specific purposes by council action who authorizes, by resolution, the City Manager to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

Unassigned-This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category. Only the general fund may have an unassigned balance.

Use of Restricted Resources—When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Net Position—Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there is limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or law or regulations of other governments. For specific details see the statement of net position.

NOTE 2-STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) for all governmental funds with the exception of interfund loan payments. The annual budget for the proprietary funds is adopted on the same basis to comply with Oregon Local Budget Law. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Oregon Local Budget Law establishes standard procedures relating to the preparation, adoption, and execution of the annual budget. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The level of control for the general fund, water fund, sewer fund, and electric fund is by department. Total personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, contingency and transfers are the levels of control for the remaining funds.

NOTE 2-STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

Original appropriations may be increased through resolutions by transferring amounts between appropriations in the same fund or by transferring from an appropriation in the general fund to an appropriation category in another fund. A supplemental budget is needed to increase appropriations when appropriations transfers are unauthorized. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

Management may reassign resources within functions without seeking approval of the City Council.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following amounts:

Fund	Budget Category	Amount of Over Expenditure		
General Fund				
General government				
Administration and general	Personal services	\$	21,415	
Planning department	Materials and services	\$	12,482	
Non-department	Personal services	\$	1,816	
State Tax Street Fund				
Highways and streets	Personal services	\$	43,191	
Library Fund				
Culture and recreation	Materials and services	\$	10,148	
Sewer Fund				
Operating expenses	Administration	\$	3,003	
Operating expenses	Accounting and billing	\$	20,140	
Operating expenses	Plant operations	\$	36,740	
Sewer SDC Reimbursement Fund				
Operating expenses	Materials and services	\$	6,584	
Water Fund				
Operating expenses	Administration	\$	21,599	
Water SDC Reimbursement Fund				
Operating expenses	Materials and services	\$	100,588	
Water SDC Improvement Fund				
Operating expenses	Materials and services	\$	8,627	
Electric Fund				
Operating expenses	Administration	\$	65,414	
Deficit Fund Balance				

Deficit Fund Balance

State Tax Street (\$5,052)

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

Deposits The GASB has adopted U.S. GAAP, which include standards to categorize deposits to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at June 30, 2016. If bank deposits at year end are not entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, the City must disclose the custodial credit risk that exists. Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits. Any deposits with financial institutions will be covered up to \$250,000 by Federal Depositary Insurance, and the remaining deposited at an approved depositary as prescribed by the Oregon State Treasurer.

The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Effective July 1, 2008, state statutes (ORS 295.002) allow public officials to deposit public funds in one or more depositories currently qualified pursuant to ORS 295.001 to 295.108. As long as the bank depository has entered into an agreement (ORS 295.008(2)(b)) and has deposited securities pursuant to state statutes (ORS 295.015(1)), there may now be on deposit at any one bank depository and its branches, a sum in excess of the amount insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the carrying amounts of the City's deposits in various financial institutions were \$362,753 and the bank balance was \$249,123. All deposits are held in the name of the City. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk-Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2016, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to credit risk.

Investments The City has invested funds in the State Treasurer's Oregon Short-Term Fund LGIP during fiscal year 2016. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the local government investment pool for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). LGIP is an unrated external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The amounts invested in the pool are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 40.

In addition, the Oregon State Treasury LGIP distributes investment income on an amortized cost basis and participants' equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investments in the Oregon State Treasury LGIP are made under the provisions of ORS 194.180. These funds are held in the City's name and are not subject to collateralization requirements or ORS 295.015. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Credit Risk-State statutes authorize the City to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers, and the State Treasurer's investment pool, among others. The City has no formal investment policy that further restricts its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk-The City is required to provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in one issuer that represent 5.00% or more of the total investments, excluding investments in external investment pools or those issued and explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The City has no such investments.

Interest Rate Risk—The City has no formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

As of June 30, 2016, the City had the following investment:

, , ,		Percentage of		
Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	<u>I</u>	Fair Value
Local Government Investment Pool	1 day	100%		8,979,086
A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents sheet follows:	s as shown on the	e statement of net pos	ition	and balance
Carrying amount of deposits Cash with County Treasurer			\$	321,913 40,840
Local Government Investment Pool				8,979,086
Total			_\$_	9,341,839
Balance Sheet				
Governmental Activities				
General Fund (includes customer depo	osits of \$4,315)		\$	676,460
Urban Renewal District #1 Fund (incl	udes customer de	posits of \$1,250)		822,207
Urban Renewal District #2 Fund				352,016
Block Grant Fund				310,782
Local Improvement District Debt Serv	ice Fund			270,748
Nonmajor Funds				4,150,761
				6,582,974
Business-type Activities				
Sewer Fund (includes restricted cash				739,239
Water Fund (includes restricted cash	-			1,190,872
Electric Fund (includes restricted cash	n of \$82,622)			828,754
				2,758,865
Total			\$	9,341,839

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Receivables

Receivables as of fiscal year end June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Prop	erty Taxes	A	ccounts		ther pans	Special sessments	Re	Total ceivables
General	\$	16,615	\$	90,251	\$	-	\$ -	\$	106,866
URA No. 1		27,951		-	:	19,151	-		47,102
URA No. 2		14,374		-		-	-		14,374
Block Grant		-		-	1	36,098	-		86,098
LID debt service fund		-		-		-	374,382		374,382
Nonmajor funds		55,225		3,334			9,237		67,796
	\$	114,165	\$	93,585	\$ 10	05,249	\$ 383,619		696,618

Business-type Activities

	A	Accounts		•		Special essments	Note receiva			Total
Sewer	\$	68,899	\$	3,207	\$	-	\$	72,106		
Water		41,036		12,540	375,2	63		428,839		
Electric		352,800			10,2	11		363,011		
Total receivables	\$	462,735	\$	15,747	\$ 385,4	74	_\$_	863,956		

Non-current property taxes and special assessments receivable are treated as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Accounts receivables are considered to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no provision for estimated uncollectibles has been established for those accounts.

Property Taxes-Property taxes are assessed and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable on November 15. They may be paid in installments due November 15, February 15, and May 15. Taxes are billed and collected by the County of Coos and remittance to the City is made at periodic intervals. For fiscal year 2015-16, the City imposed a property tax rate of \$0.4580, bond levies of \$0.3669, and local option tax levy of \$0.8455 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The County determined the actual taxable assessed valuation within the City to be \$439,597,931. After subtracting the Urban Renewal excess amount of \$45,642,809 and after adjustments, the net levy result is \$738,249.

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Following is a summary of property tax transactions for the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

					C	ollections		
	Re	ceivable	20	15-2016		and	Re	ceivable
Coos County	July	1, 2015		let Levy	Ac	ljustments	June	30, 2016
2015-2016			\$	738,249	\$	(704,323)	\$	33,926
2014-2015	\$	33,846		-		(14,850)		18,996
2013-2014		17,501		-		(6,385)		11,116
2012-2013		10,843		-		(6,517)		4,326
2011-2012		5,011		-		(3,915)		1,096
2010-2011		1,407		-		(666)		741
2009-2010		1,230		-		(602)		628
Prior years		2,092		-	_	(1,081)		1,011
Total	\$	71,930	\$	738,249	_\$	(738,339)	\$	71,840

The Urban Renewal Agency receives a tax increment under Section 1c, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution, and ORS Chapter 457. It states that the portion of the taxes representing the levy against the increase, if any, in true cash value of property located in the urban renewal area shall, after collection by the tax collector, be paid into a special fund of the Agency and shall be used to pay the principal and interest on indebtedness incurred by the Agency to finance or refinance the implementation of the urban renewal plan.

Following is a summary of property tax transactions for the Urban Renewal Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Coos County	Receivable July 1, 2015		Collections and Adjustments	Receivable June 30, 2016
2015-2016		\$ 435,726	\$ (415,703)	\$ 20,023
2014-2015	\$ 19,22	4	(8,435)	10,789
2013-2014	10,62	2 -	(3,875)	6,747
2012-2013	6,62	2 -	(3,980)	2,642
2011-2012	3,29	1 .	(2,571)	720
2010-2011	85	2 -	(403)	449
2009-2010	66	1 .	(324)	337
Prior years	1,21	7	(599)	618
Total	\$ 42,48	9 \$ 435,726	\$ (435,890)	\$ 42,325

All non-current property taxes receivable are treated as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue. Other accounts and intergovernmental receivables are considered to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no provision for estimated uncollectibles has been established.

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Due To/From Other Funds-Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2016 consisted of a loan to the Agency fund. The amount reported in the individual fund is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
Block Grant Fund	URA No. 2 Fund	\$	69,483	

The payments on the block grant Community Center loan is due July 1st of each year, if funds are available. As required by the GASB, this amount is reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 1,543,009	\$12,303	\$ -	\$ 1,555,312
Construction in progress	396,196	322,164		718,350
Total nondepreciable capital assets	1,939,205	334,467	_	2,273,672
Depreciable capital assets			-	
Buildings	6,530,540	79,336	-	6,609,876
Land improvements	1,218,095	137,573	-	1,355,668
Furnishing & equipment	1,354,410	56,371	-	1,410,781
Streets	61,995,142	-	-	61,995,142
Storm drains	2,675,402	-		<i>2,6</i> 75,402
Total depreciable capital assets	73,773,589	273,280	-	74,046,869
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(1,431,943)	(140,886)	-	(1,572,829)
Land improvements	(103,290)	(34,636)	-	(137,926)
Furnishing & equipment	(1,035,175)	(67,116)	-	(1,102,291)
Streets	(53,813,009)	(1,883,584)	-	(55,696,593)
Storm drains	(1,043,305)	(85,863)		(1,129,168)
Total accumulated depreciation	(57,426,722)	(2,212,085)		(59,638,807)
Total depreciable assets	16,346,867	(1,938,805)		14,408,0 <i>62</i>
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 18,286,072	<u>\$ (1,604,338)</u>	\$	\$ 15,681,734

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the governmental programs as follows:

General government	\$ 2,060,536
Public safety	28,860
Highways and streets	733
Culture and recreation	121,956
	\$ 2,212,085
Business-type Activities	

· ·	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land Construction in progress	\$ 845,055 	\$ - 88,932	\$ - -	\$ 845,055 88,932	
Total nondepreciable capital assets	845,055	88,932	-	933,987	
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings	4,887,018	-	-	4,887,018	
Furnishing & equipment	2,138,984	30,069	-	2,169,053	
Infrastructure	32,261,481	201,234		32,462,715	
Total depreciable capital assets	39,287,483	231,303	-	39,518,786	
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(1,779,459)	(123,497)	-	(1,902,956)	
Furnishing & equipment	(1,406,978)	(118,690)	-	(1,525,668)	
Infrastructure	(15,186,243)	(843,527)		(16,029,770)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(18,372,680)	(1,085,714)		(19,458,394)	
Total depreciable assets	20,914,803	(854,411)	-	20,060,392	
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 21,759,858	\$ (765,479)	\$ -	\$ 20,994,379	

Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the business-type activities as follows:

Electric	\$ 568,978
Water	308,935
Sewer	 207,801
	\$ 1,085,714

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds—The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary funds. In prior years, these bonds were reported in the proprietary funds if they were expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues; otherwise, they were reported in the governmental activities. All general obligation bonds have been reclassified into one general obligation fund that is reported in governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Revenue Bonds—The City also issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Loans The City obtained a loan from the State of Oregon State Revolving Fund for use in construction of its sewer treatment plant. The City has pledged the net operating revenues of the sewer fund to pay amounts due under this loan. State revolving fund loans currently outstanding are as follows.

2006 OECDD Water Loan On November 30, 2006, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Economic & Community Development Department to borrow \$740,010 to finance the airport water and sewer project. During 2006 and 2007 the City drew on the note and the note closed in October 2007. This debt is payable prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is to be computed annually on the outstanding balance at 4.73%. The grant portion of the loan was realized during the 2011-12 fiscal year resulting in a reduction in loan principal of \$204,518. Principal and interest payments are due in December of each year through 2028.

Fiscal Year	P	Principal		Interest		Total		
2017	\$	23,653	\$	16,106	\$	39,759		
2018		24,771		14,988		39,759		
2019		25,943		13,816		39,759		
2020		27,170		12,589		39,759		
2021		28,455		11,304		39,759		
2022-2026		163,785		35,010		198,795		
2027-2028		46,739	,	2,646		49,385		
		340,516	\$	106,459	\$	446,975		
Less current portion		(23,653)			<u> </u>			
Total	\$	316,863						

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

2015 Bandon Wastewater Improvements Loan On July 1, 2015, the City entered into a loan agreement with Business Oregon to borrow \$1,250,000 to finance the sewer project. This debt is payable prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is to be computed annually on the outstanding balance at 1.00%. Principal and interest payments are due in December of each year through 2035.

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 57,315	\$	11,954	\$	69,269
2018	57,889		11,381		69,270
2019	58,467		10,802		69,269
2020	59,052		10,217		69,269
2021	59,643		9,626		69,269
2022-2026	307,280		39,066		346,346
2027-2031	322,954		23,392		346,346
2032-2035	 272,770		6,890		279,660
	\$ 1,195,370	\$	123,328	\$	<u>1,318,698</u>
Less current portion	 (57,315)				
Total	\$ 1,138,055				

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

2009 OECDD Water Clarifier Loan During 2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Economic & Community Development Department to borrow \$1,010,000 to finance the water clarifier project. The City intends to repay the loan from the water fund. As of June 30, 2008, the City had drawn down \$1,008,823 of the loan. During 2009, the City made a payment in the amount of \$99,354, (\$16,107 for interest and \$83,247 for a principal pay down). On May 27, 2009, the note closed with a revised loan agreement to finance a \$925,576 loan instead of the original \$1,010,000 amount. Interest is to be computed annually on the outstanding balance at a rate of 3.00% to 4.75%. Principal and interest payments are due on December 1 each year through 2034. There are no reserve requirements. After January 1, 2019, this debt may be paid in full without penalty.

Fiscal Year	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	29,864	\$	35,436	\$	65,300	
2018		30,059		34,242		64,301	
2019		30,261		33,039		63,300	
2020		30,484		31,753		62,237	
2021		30,731		30,381		61,112	
2022-2026		187,799		128,362		316,161	
2027-2031		241,689		77,389		319,078	
2032-2034		175,097	***************************************	16,916	<u> </u>	192,013	
		755,984	\$	387,518	_\$_	1,143,502	
Less current portion		(29,864)	-				
Total	\$	726,120					

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

2000 General Obligation Water Bond The original issue date was November 9, 2000 for \$3,050,000. There are no reserve requirements. Interest is computed annually at 4.50% on the outstanding balance. All or part of the outstanding installments may be paid in inverse order on any date without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are November 9 each year through 2040. Annual debt requires are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	55,190	\$	110,578	\$	165,768
2018		57,674		108,094		165,768
2019		60,269		105,499		165,768
2020		62,981		102,787		165,768
2021		65,816		99,952		165,768
2022-2026		376,259		452,581		828,840
2027-2031		468,889		359,951		828,840
2032-2036		584,321		244,519		828,840
2037-2040		725,882		100,671		826,553
		2,457,281	\$	1,684,632	_\$	4,141,913
Less current portion		(55,190)				
Total	\$	2,402,091				

2000 State Revolving Fund Loan Number 599001 (SDW) The original issue date was February 25, 2000 for \$500,000. There is no reserve requirement. Interest is computed annually at the rate of 4.12% on the outstanding balance. The scheduled payment dates are December 1 of each year through 2020. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	F	Principal		Interest		Total		
2017	\$	31,638	\$	5,545	\$	37,183		
2018		32,941		4,242		37,183		
2019		34,298		2,884		37,182		
2020		35,712		1,471		37,183		
		134,589	\$	14,142	\$	148,731		
Less current portion		(31,638)						
Total	\$	102,951						

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

2000 Local Improvement City Bond The original issue date was June 28, 2000 for \$352,995. The Bond Resolution created a sinking fund for the installment payments. Interest is computed annually at 5.316% on the outstanding balance. The City paid an additional \$108,800 of principal during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 and renegotiated the term of the bond. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are on June 28 and December 28 each year through 2023. During 2013, the City made additional principal pay down of \$20,890. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Pı	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	2,857	\$	1,107	\$	3,964	
2018		2,931		1,033		3,964	
2019		3,007		956		3,963	
2020		3,083		880		3,963	
2021		3,166		798		3,964	
2022-2024		7,034		1,892		8,926	
		22,078	\$	6,666	\$	28,744	
Less current portion		(2,857)					
Total	\$	19,221					

2004 HWY 101 Sewer LID The original loan date was October 2004 for \$417,698. The City paid an additional \$10,000 of principal during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 and renegotiated the term of the loan. Interest is computed bi-annually at 4.93%. During 2013, the City made additional principal pay down of \$7,541. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total	
2017	\$	13,703	\$	21,728	\$	35,431
2018		14,396		21,034		35,430
2019		15,125		20,306		35,431
2020		15,838		19,593		35,431
2021		16,692		18,739		35,431
2022-2026		96,971		80,183		177,154
2027-2031		124,134		53,020		177,154
2032-2036		133,171		18,249		151,420
	\$	430,030	\$	252,852	\$	682,882
Less current portion		(13,703)				
Total	\$	416,327				

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

2005 OECDD Loan On July 15, 2005, the City entered into an agreement with the Oregon Economic Development Department to borrow \$985,000 to finance improvements to Fillmore Avenue. The Agency has agreed to make the annual debt service payments, but the City retains ultimate responsibility. There are no reserve requirements. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is computed semi-annually on the outstanding balance at 4.00%. Principal and interest payments are required in December of each year through December 2, 2031. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		_	Total	
2017	\$	24,508	\$	24,835		\$	49,343
2018		24,688		23,855			48,543
2019		29,876		22,867			52,743
2020		30,071		21,672			51,743
2021		30,280		20,432			50,712
2022-2026		174,964		81,380			256,344
2027-2031		217,078		39,658			256,736
2032		48,416		2,118	_		50,534
		579,881	\$	236,817	-	\$	816,698
Less current portion		(24,508)			-		
Total	\$	555,373					

2012 Wedbush Refinancing of LoCap Loan On November 28, 2012, the City entered into an agreement for a \$248,000 loan with Wedbush Bank to refinance their loan from 2008 to finance improvements to the community building. The Agency has agreed to make the annual debt service payments, but the City retains ultimate responsibility. There are no reserve requirements. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Interest is computed semi-annually on the outstanding balance at a rate of 2.95% until maturity on December 1, 2022.

Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	24,005	\$	4,821	\$	28,826	
2018		24,718		4,107		28,825	
2019		25,453		3,373		28,826	
2020		26,210		2,616		28,826	
2021		26,988		1,837		28,825	
2022-2023		41,991		1,245		43,236	
Less current portion	\$	169,365 (24,005)	\$	17,999	====	187,364	
Total	\$	145,360					

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

2012 12th Court LID Loan The original loan date was April 11, 2012 for \$300,000. There are no reserve requirements. Interest is computed annually at 5.39% on the outstanding balance. The City paid an additional \$3,077 of interest during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012. This debt may be paid prior to maturity without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are April 11 and October 11, each year, through 2041. During 2013, the City made additional principal pay down of \$211,545. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	<u>l</u> 1	nterest	Total	
2017	\$	1,372	\$	3,975	\$	5,347
2018		1,448		3,899		5,347
2019		1,528		3,819		5,347
2020		1,603		3,745		5,348
2021		1,702		3,646		5,348
2022-2026		10,021		16,717		26,738
2027-2031		13,121		13,615		26,736
2032-2036		17,180		9,558		26,738
2037-2041		22,504		4,232		26,736
2042		2,601		72		2,673
	\$	73,080	\$	63,278	\$	136,358
Less current portion		(1,372)				-
Total		71,708				

2012 General Obligation Bond On August 15, 2012, the city entered into an agreement with Wedbush Securities Inc. for the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$2,200,000. Interest is computed bi-annually at 2.00% to 4.00%. This debt can be prepaid after August 1, 2022 without penalty. Scheduled payment dates are February 1 and August 1, each year through 2033. Annual debt requirements are shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	\$ 90,000	\$ 57,131	\$ 147,131	
2018	95,000	55,281	150,281	
2019	95,000	53,281	148,281	
2020	95,000	51,481	146,481	
2021	100,000	49,531	149,531	
2022-2026	545,000	194,805	739,805	
2027-2031	635,000	101,925	736,925	
2032-2033	285,000	9,807	294,807	
	\$ 1,940,000	\$ 573,242	\$ 2,513,242	
Less current portion	(90,000)			
Total	\$ 1,850,000			

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

	Balance			Balance	Due within
	June 30, 2015	Additions Deletions		June 30, 2016	one year
Governmental activities					
Note payable - S99001	\$ 164,975	\$ -	\$ (30,386)	\$ 134,589	\$ 31,638
2009 OECDD Water Clarification loar	780,661	-	(24,677)	755,984	29,864
2000 General obligation bonds	2,510,095	-	(52,814)	2,457,281	55,190
2000 LID bond	24,859	-	(2,781)	22,078	2,857
12th Court LID loan	74,369	-	(1,289)	73,080	1,372
Note payable - 2004 HWY 101 LID	443,015	-	(12,985)	430,030	13,703
2005 OECDD loan	604,216	-	(24,335)	579,881	24,508
2012 General obligation bonds	2,030,000	-	(90,000)	1,940,000	90,000
2012 Wedbush LoCap refinance	192,677		(23,312)	169,365	24,005
Total governmental activities	\$ 6,824,867	\$ -	\$ (262,579)	\$ 6,562,288	\$ 273,137
Business-type activities					
2006 OECDD loan	\$ 363,100	\$ -	\$ (22,584)	\$ 340,516	\$ 23,653
2015 Wastewater Improvement loan	1,250,000	<u> </u>	(54,630)	1,195,370	57,315
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,613,100	\$ -	\$ (77,214)	\$ 1,535,886	\$ 80,968

Changes in other liabilities The following is a summary of changes in other liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance			Balance	Due within
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016	one year
Governmental activities					
Vacation payable	\$ 151,551	\$ 105,386	\$ (114,199)	\$ 142,738	\$ 142,738
Business-type activities					
Vacation payable	\$ 140,319	\$ 134,106	\$ (119,381)	\$ 155,044	\$ 155,044

NOTE 3-DETAILED NOTE ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Restricted Net Position

The City's bond covenants require certain reservations of certain funds' net position for repayment of general obligations. Property taxes levied for payment of debt are restricted as to their use. In addition, revenues derived from certain sources are restricted for special projects. Net position in these funds as of June 30, 2016 are classified as follows:

	De	bt Service		Special Projects		Capital rojects		Total
Governmental activities								
LID debt service Nonmajor funds	\$	270,748 388,313	\$	290,513	\$	- 2,319,884	\$	270,748 2,998,710
Total restricted net position for governmental activities		659,061	\$	290,513	\$ 2	2,319,884	\$_	3,269,458
Pucinoss type activities	De	bt Service		Capital Projects		ustomer eposits		Total
Business-type activities Sewer Water Electric	\$	23,653	\$	298,501 1,082,993	\$	12,763 - 82,379	\$	311,264 1,106,646 82,379
Total restricted net position for business-type activities	\$	23,653	\$_	1,381,494	\$	95,142	\$	1,500,289
Internal Transfers								

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General fund	\$	\$ 25,000
Electric fund		25,000
Water fund	22,680	-
Other Governmental	27,320	
Total	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000

The above transfers in the amount of \$50,000 are routine in nature and occur annually to support a summer recreation program and State Tax Street Fund personnel costs. The other transfer in the amount of \$22,680 was to move capital assets related to the water reservoir from Capital Improvements Fund to Water Fund.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by granter agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granter cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Construction in Progress

At June 30, 2016, the City is involved in the various phases of improvement projects. There were no significant contracts and remaining amounts at year end.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Plan Description

The City contributes to two pension plans administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS or the System). The Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund (OPERF) applies to the City's contribution for qualifying employees who were hired before August 29, 2003, and is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) is a hybrid successor plan to the OPERF and consists of two programs: The Pension Program, the defined benefit portion of the plan, applies to qualifying government employees hired after August 29, 2003, and to inactive employees who return to employment following a six-month or greater break in service. Benefits are calculated by a formula for members who attain normal retirement age. The formula takes into account final average salary and years of service. Beginning January 1, 2004, all PERS member contributions go into the Individual Account Program (IAP), the defined contribution portion of the plan. PERS members retain their existing PERS accounts, but any future member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP, not the member's PERS accounts.

Both PERS plans provide retirement and disability benefits, post-employment healthcare benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS is administered under Oregon Revised Statute Chapter 238, which establishes the Public Employees Retirement Board as the governing body of PERS. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to PERS, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR, 97281-3700 or by calling 503-598-7377.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Benefits Provided.

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

PERS Pension (Chapter 238)

- Pension Benefits: The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.00% for police and fire employees, 1.67% for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalence of benefits to which he or she is entitled. Police and fire members may purchase increased benefits that are payable between the date of retirement and age 65. A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. A judge member who has made contributions to PERS during each of five calendar years shall receive a retirement allowance, payable monthly, for life. Before reaching age 60, judge members must choose the calculation formula under which they will retire. The election is irrevocable after the member attains age 60. The two formulas, A and B, are described in the following paragraph. The Plan A retirement allowance for judge members is computed by multiplying 2.8125% by the final average salary for the first 16 years of service and 1.67% of the final average salary multiplied by the number of years of service as a judge in excess of 16. For most judge members the maximum amount is limited to 65.00% of final average salary. The Plan B retirement allowance for judge members is computed by multiplying 3.75% by the final average salary for the first 16 years of service and 2.00% of the final average salary multiplied by the number of years of service as a judge in excess of 16. For most judge members the maximum amount is limited to 75.00% of final average salary. Plan B requires a judge to serve up to 35 days per year for a period of five years as a pro-tem judge. There is no actuarial reduction for retirement before age 65.
- Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:
 - the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
 - the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
 - the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

A member's beneficiary may choose a monthly payment for life instead of the lump-sum or a combination of lump-sum and monthly payments, if eligible. The monthly payment must be a minimum of \$30 per month for deaths that occur July 30, 2003, and earlier; \$200 per month for deaths that occur after July 30, 2003.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

- Disability Benefits: A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled
 from other than duty-connected causes may receive a nonduty disability benefit. A disability
 resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members)
 for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a
 nonduty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when
 determining the monthly benefit.
- Benefit Changes: After retirement members may choose to continue participation in a variable
 equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to
 changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted
 annually through cost-of-living changes. The COLA for fiscal year 2015 was capped at 1.50% for all
 benefit recipients. As a result of the Moro Decision (Everice Moro et al v. State of Oregon et al), the
 cap on the COLA will be restored to 2.00% for fiscal years 2016 and beyond.

OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

- Pension Benefits: This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: Police and fire: 1.80% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement. General service: 1.50% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit. A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.
- Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50.00% of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
- Disability Benefits: A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the
 member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall
 receive a disability benefit of 45.00% of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of
 employment before the disability occurred.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation as subsequently modified by 2013 legislated changes in benefit provisions. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2015. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivisions have made lump sum payments to establish side accounts, and their rates have been reduced.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$295,347, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$1,787,009 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013 and rolled forward to June 30, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was 0.0311%.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,735,049. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

J	D	eferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	96,365	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportionate share Differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		•		(374,598) (3,098) (97,816)	
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)		96,365		(475,512)	
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		295,347		-	
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	391,712	\$	(475,512)	

The City reported \$295,347 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflow of resources, \$96,365, and deferred inflow of resources, (\$475,512), net to \$(379,146) and will be recongnized as a pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2017	\$ (180,799)
2018	(1830,799)
2019	(180,799)
2020	161,808
2021	1,443
	\$ (379,146)

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Method and Assumptions

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Valuation date	December 31, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2015
Experience study report	2014, published September, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases
	over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years
	and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions	
Inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%
Discount rate	7.75%
Projected salary	3.75% overall payroll growth; salaries for individuals are assumed to grow
increases	at 3.75% plus assumed rates of merit/longevity increase; biased on service
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries
	RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA, with collar
	adjustments and set-backs as described in valuation
	Active members
	Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by
	group, as described in valuation
	Disabled retirees
	Mortality rates are a percentage (65% for males, 90% for females) of
	the RP-2000 static combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2013.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment. The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which
 is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the
 assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods
 and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future
 experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
Debt securities	15.00%	25.00%	20.00%
Public equity	32.50%	42.50%	37.50%
Private equity	16.00%	24.00%	20.00%
Real estate	9.50%	15.50%	12.50%
Alternative equity	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Opportunity portfolio	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
Total			100.00%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both the actuary's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows the actuary's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OICs description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Compound Annual Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Core fixed income	7.20%	4.50%
Short-term bonds	8.00%	3.70%
Intermediate-term bonds	3.00%	4.10%
High yield bonds	1.80%	6.70%
Large capitalization domestic equities	11.70%	7.20%
Mid capitalization domestic equities	3.90%	7.30%
Small capitalization domestic equities	2.30%	7.50%
Developed foreign equities	14.20%	6.90%
Emerging foreign equities	5.50%	7.40%
Private equities	20.00%	8.30%
Opportunity funds/absolute return	5.00%	6.00%
Real estate (properties)	13.80%	6.50%
Real estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.80%
Commodities	1.10%	6.10%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Inflation Mean		2.80%

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Curre	ent Discount Rate	19	% Increase
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,312,879	\$	1,787,009	\$	(341,636)

Impact of Legislation and Litigation

On April 30, 2015, the Oregon Supreme Court declared Senate Bills 822 and 861 unconstitutional in so far as they affect retirement benefits earned before May 6, 2013.

Senate Bill 822 was enacted during the 2013 Oregon regular legislative session to lower the cap on the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) from 2.00% to 1.50%, and eliminate the tax remedy benefit for recipients who do not pay Oregon state income taxes because they do not reside in Oregon. The tax remedy benefit portion of Senate Bill 822 was upheld by the Oregon Supreme Court. Senate Bill 861 was enacted during a special legislative session in September 2013, and modified subsequent yearly COLAs for all PERS benefit recipients.

The decision reduced PERS' funded status and negated a large portion of the cost savings for PERS employers that were factored into 2015-17 contribution rates. The potential financial impact of this decision increases the present value of future benefits by \$5.1 billion. PERS has executed a project to restore COLA payments to benefit recipients and enhance its systems to implement the new COLA allocation going forward.

Changes in Assumptions

A summary of key changes implemented since the December 31, 2013 valuation are described briefly below. Additional detail and a comprehensive list of changes in methods and assumptions can be found in the 2014 Experience Study for the System, which was published on September 23, 2015, and can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/docs/2014_experience_study_9-23-15.pdf

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

Allocation of Liability for Service Segments-For allocating Tier One/Tier Two liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

Investment Return and Interest Crediting—The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

Inflation-The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%

Payroll Growth-The assumed payroll growth rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

Tier One/Tier Two Administrative Expenses—Administrative expenses for the Tier One/Tier Two System are assumed to be \$33.0 million per year.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

Mortality—The healthy mortality assumption is based on RP2000 generational mortality tables with group-specific class and setback adjustments. The group-specific adjustments have been updated to more closely match system experience and the future projection of mortality has been changed to use mortality improvement Scale BB.

Disability, Retirement and Termination—Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

Changes in Plan Provisions

The following change in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier One/Tier Two, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon stated that the reduced COLA
amounts provided by Senate Bills 822 and 861 (both passed in 2013) only apply to benefits earned
after the effective date of the legislation. As a result, PERS members who performed service both
before and after the effective date will receive a blended COLA rate reflecting the differing COLA
provisions applicable to each service period.

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

The City of Bandon has multiple defined contribution pension plans covering substantially all employees. Police officers and certain community corrections employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) OPSRP Individual Account Program. All City employees can choose to participate in various deferred compensation plans.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP) Benefits

- Pension Benefits: An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.
- Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the
 member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution
 account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the
 beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions

Members of PERS are required to contribute 6.00% of their salary covered under the plan but the employer is allowed to pay any and all of the employee's contribution, which is invested in the OPSRP IAP. The City has elected to contribute the 6.00% "pickup" or \$138,318 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Recordkeeping-OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

NOTE 5-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

To accommodate for the GASB Statement No. 45 requirement that governmental employers account for and report the annual cost of OPEB, the City worked with City County Insurance Services, the City's insurance carrier, to have a valuation done. Milliman Consultants, an actuarial firm, performed the GASB 45 valuation for the City and concluded that the City has no OPEB liability under GASB 45. Their finding was based on the fact that all medical and dental coverages offered by the City to its employees and retirees are community rated. This means that the medical and dental coverage premiums paid the City and its employees and retirees are not determined with regard to claims experience or demographic characteristics of the City' covered population. The City does not pay for any portion of the premiums for its retirees' medical, dental, or life insurance coverage.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. Workers' compensation insurance is also provided through a commercial carrier. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year, and the City has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 6-FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1	Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
Level 2	Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.
Level 3	Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. Investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. The City intends to measure these investments at book value, as the LGIP's fair value approximates its amortized cost basis.

NOTE 6-FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

LGIP measured at the net asset value (NAV) are readily available to spend when needed. The balance in this pool is expected to stay fairly static as the interest rate in the pool is desirable. The risk associated with the LGIP is very low. The City only invests in the LGIP. The NAV of the City's investments as of June 30, 2016 was \$8,979,086.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



General Fund–This fund is used to account for resources and activities directly associated with carrying out those operations related to the City's basic objectives. Included are all resources and activities, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. The primary sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees and intergovernmental revenue.

Capital Project Funds

Urban Renewal District No. 1 Fund-This fund is used to account for construction, administration, and certain debt service payments within the urban renewal areas. These funds are financed by property taxes (tax increments) levied in various taxing districts.

Urban Renewal District No. 2 Fund-This fund is used to account for construction, administration, and certain debt service payments within the urban renewal areas. These funds are financed by property taxes (tax increments) levied in various taxing districts

Special Revenue Funds

Block Grant Fund—This fund is used to account for the collection of principal and interest from rehabilitation loans.

Debt Service Funds

12th **Court Local Improvement District Fund**–This fund is used to account for loans and repayments of assessments that are associated with local improvement districts (LIDs) in the City of Bandon.

City Of Bandon Schedule Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues Taxes and assessments Property taxes - current year, net \$ 157,651 \$ 159,651 \$ 159,218 \$ 1,567 Property taxes - current year, net \$ 1,000 10,000 17,446 7,446 Franchise fees 30,485 30,485 36,401 5,916 Utility taxes 259,576 259,576 414,762 155,186 Transient tax 461,470 461,470 524,353 62,883 Total taxes 919,182 919,182 1,152,180 232,998 License and permits 29,820 29,820 38,503 8,683 Intergovernmental 29,820 29,820 38,503 8,683 Intergovernmental 53,483 43,253 44,631 1,378 Grants-in-aid 9,100 9,100 6,079 (8,021) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes 4,044 290,704 290,704 290,704 290,704 20,7165 (20,745)		Original Budget Final Budget		Actual	Variance
Taxes and assessments Property taxes - current year, net \$ 157,651 \$ 157,651 \$ 159,218 \$ 1,567 Previously levied taxes 10,000 10,000 17,446 7,446 Franchise fees 30,485 30,485 36,401 5,916 Utility taxes 259,576 259,576 414,762 155,186 Transient tax 461,470 461,470 524,353 62,883 Total taxes 919,182 919,182 1,152,180 232,998 License and permits 29,820 29,820 38,503 8,683 Intergovernmental Cigarette tax 3,136 3,136 4,097 961 Liquor tax 43,253 43,253 44,631 1,378 Grants-in-aid 9,100 9,100 6,079 (30,21) Total intergovernmental 55,489 55,489 54,807 (682) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes 1,44,610 290,704 290,704 290,704	Revenues	Duuget	1 mai baaget	netual	Variance
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Intergovernmental Cigarette tax 3,136 3,136 4,097 961 Liquor tax 43,253 43,253 44,631 1,378 Grants-in-aid 9,100 9,100 6,079 (3,021) Total intergovernmental 55,489 55,489 54,807 (682) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - 4,000 Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) Heritage Place 209 209 - (209) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - (209) Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 2,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005)	Total taxes	919,182	919,182		
Cigarette tax 3,136 3,136 4,097 961 Liquor tax 43,253 43,253 44,631 1,378 Grants-in-aid 9,100 9,100 6,079 (3,021) Total intergovernmental 55,489 55,489 54,807 (682) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) (20,9) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 <td>License and permits</td> <td></td> <td>29,820</td> <td></td> <td></td>	License and permits		29,820		
Cigarette tax 3,136 3,136 4,097 961 Liquor tax 43,253 43,253 44,631 1,378 Grants-in-aid 9,100 9,100 6,079 (3,021) Total intergovernmental 55,489 55,489 54,807 (682) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) (20,9) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 <td>Intergovernmental</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Intergovernmental				
Liquor tax 43,253 43,253 44,631 1,378 Grants-in-aid 9,100 9,100 6,079 (3,021) Total intergovernmental 55,489 55,489 54,807 (682) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes 40,510 290,704 290,702 20,745 16,515 16,515 16,515 16,515 16,515 16,516 16,516 16,516 16,516 16,516 11,518 16,518 18,518 <td< td=""><td><u> </u></td><td>3.136</td><td>3.136</td><td>4.097</td><td>961</td></td<>	<u> </u>	3.136	3.136	4.097	961
Grants-in-aid 9,100 9,100 6,079 (3,021) Total intergovernmental 55,489 55,489 54,807 (682) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) Heritage Place 209 209 - (209) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,42) Commun		•			
Total intergovernmental 55,489 55,489 54,807 (682) Fines and police income 23,600 23,600 27,165 3,565 Payments in lieu of taxes Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) Heritage Place 209 209 - (209) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other 1 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342)	1070		·	· ·	•
Payments in lieu of taxes Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - 290,705 - 290	Total intergovernmental	55,489	55,489	54,807	
Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) Heritage Place 209 209 - (209) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent -	Fines and police income	23,600	23,600	27,165	3,565
Hydro Electric Fund 290,704 290,704 290,704 - Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) Heritage Place 209 209 - (209) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent -	Payments in lieu of taxes				
Water Fund 28,643 28,643 16,350 (12,293) Sewer Fund 46,510 46,510 25,765 (20,745) Heritage Place 209 209 - (209) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5		290.704	290.704	290.704	_
Sewer Fund Heritage Place 46,510 209 46,510 209 25,765 	•		•	•	(12 293)
Heritage Place 209 209 - (209) Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548			•		
Total payments in lieu of taxes 366,066 366,066 332,819 (33,247) Reimbursements Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005)		•	·	-	•
Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565	-	366,066	366,066	332,819	
Intergovernmental 2,250 2,250 2,250 - Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565	Reimbursements				
Other external 5,000 5,000 11,583 6,583 Other internal 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565		2.250	2.250	2.250	_
Other internal Engineering & public works 400,458 400,458 359,846 (40,612) Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565	_	·	•		6.583
Engineering & public works 650 650 1,501 851 Total reimbursements 408,358 408,358 375,180 (33,178) Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565		•	•		
Other Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565	Engineering & public works				•
Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565	Total reimbursements	408,358	408,358	375,180	(33,178)
Interest 10,398 10,398 7,056 (3,342) Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565	Other				
Community center rent 22,000 22,000 22,259 259 Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565		10,398	10,398	7,056	(3,342)
Rental 22,000 22,000 28,855 6,855 Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565					-
Sprague theater rent - 18,000 34,571 16,571 Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565	•				
Donations 5,150 5,150 18,377 13,227 State revenue sharing 22,000 22,000 - (22,000) Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565		· -			
State revenue sharing Miscellaneous 22,000 22,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565		5,150			
Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 2,995 (2,005) Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565				_	
Total other 86,548 104,548 114,113 9,565				2,995	
Total revenues \$ 1,889,063 \$ 1,907,063 \$ 2,094,767 \$ 187,704	Total other	86,548	104,548		
	Total revenues	\$ 1,889,063	\$ 1,907,063	\$ 2,094,767	\$ 187,704

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
Expenditures						
General government						
Administration and general						
Personal services	\$ 59,075	\$ 59,075	\$ 80,490	\$ (21,415)		
Materials and services	301,604	301,604	269,421	32,183		
Total administration and general	360,679	360,679	349,911	10,768		
Accounting and billing						
Personal services	52,202	52,202	49,569	2,633		
Materials and services	128,700	128,700	107,941	20,759		
Total accounting and billing	180,902	180,902	157,510	23,392		
Municipal court						
Materials and services	4,700	4,700	3,200	1,500		
Mayor and council						
Materials and services	31,500	31,500	22,119	9,381		
Planning department						
Personal services	124,078	124,078	75,059	49,019		
Materials and services	17,500	17,500	29,982	(12,482)		
Total planning department	141,578	141,578	105,041	36,537		
Non-departmental						
Personal services	-	-	1,816	(1,816)		
Materials and services	40,199	40,199	33,229	6,970		
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	~	10,000		
Total non-departmental	50,199	50,199	35,045	15,154		
Total general government	769,558	769,558	672,826	96,732		

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Dublic co fater	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Public safety Police department Personal services Materials and services	\$ 691,743 198,450	\$ 707,343 198,450	\$ 695,554 176,971	\$ 11,789 21,479
Total police department	890,193	905,793	872,525	33,268
Fire department Materials and services	100,854	100,854	96,854	4,000
Total public safety	991,047	1,006,647	969,379	37,268
Highway and streets Materials and services	82,500	82,500	44,255	38,245
Culture and recreation Parks and recreation Personal services Materials and services	105,918 73,000	105,918 	79,089 71,943_	26,829 1,057
Total parks and recreation	178,918	178,918	151,032	27,886
Community center Personal services Materials and services	8,774 83,900	8,774 83,900	8,261 68,954	513 14,946
Total community center	92,674	92,674	77,215	15,459
Sprague theater Materials and services		13,150	11,382	1,768
Total culture and recreation	271,592	284,742	239,629	45,113
Other financing sources (uses) Contingency	75,000	75,000		75,000
Total expenditures	2,189,697	2,218,447	1,926,089	292,358
Net revenues over (under) expenditures	(300,634)	(311,384)	168,678	480,062
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds	48,098 (50,000)	48,098 (50,000)	25,000 (50,000)	(23,098)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,902)	(1,902)	(25,000)	(23,098)

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Net change in fund balance	\$(302,536)	\$(313,286)	\$ 143,678	\$ 456,964
Fund balance, beginning of year	302,536	302,536	<u>515,059</u>	212,523
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ (10,750)	\$ 658,737	\$ 669,487

Notes to schedule:

Fund	Budget Category	nount of Expenditure
General Fund		
General government		
Administration and general	Personal services	\$ 21,415
Planning department	Materials and services	\$ 12,482
Non-department	Personal services	\$ 1,816

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Block Grant Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues Interest Other	\$ 800 500	\$ 1,751	\$ 951 (500)
Total revenues	1,300	1,751_	451
Expenditures Economic development Materials and services Capital outlay	62,359 219,261	- 5,308	62,359 213,953
Total expenditures	281,620	5,308	276,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(280,320)	(3,557)	276,763
Other financing sources (uses) Principal collections Loan interest	120,961 3,300	47,037 5,557	(73,924) 2,257
Total other financing sources (uses)	124,261	52,594	(71,667)
Net change in fund balance	(156,059)	49,037	205,096
Fund balance, beginning of year, budgetary basis	156,059	261,745	105,686
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	310,782	\$ 310,782
Interfund loan receivable		69,483	
Fund balance at end of year, U.S. GAAP basis		\$ 380,265	

City of Bandon Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for OPERS June 30, 2016

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,787,009	\$ (709,597)	\$ 1,597,545
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,210,369	\$ 2,091,533	\$ 1,940,273
Ciy's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a										
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	80.85%	-33.93%	82.34%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	91.90%	103.59%	91.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date for each year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

City of Bandon Schedule of Contributions to OPERS - Last 10 Fiscal Years

	20	23	20	22	20	21_	20	20	20	19	20	018	2(017		2016	2015		2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	1	\$:	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	295,347 295,347	\$ 244,141 244,141	\$	387,070 387,070
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2	2,210,369	\$ 2,091,533	\$	1,940,273
Contribution as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	0.	.00%	0	.00%	0	.00%	0.	00%	0	.00%	0	.00%	0	0.00%		13.36%	11.67%	,	19.95%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date for each year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 1- years. Hoewever, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Urban Renewal District No. 1 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	ginal & Final Budget	Actual	 Variance
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property taxes - current year	\$ 260,835	\$ 272,192	\$ 11,357
Previously levied taxes	20,000	15,899	(4,101)
Interest	5,000	5,078	78
Other	500	-	(500)
Payments in lieu of taxes	732		 (732)
Total revenues	287,067	293,169	6,102
Expenditures			
General government			
Materials and services	33,500	737	32,763
Capital outlay	621,464	76,386	545,078
Debt service			
Principal	114,335	114,335	_ *
Interest	84,740	84,740	-
Bond reserve	200,000	 	 200,000
Total expenditures	 1,054,039	 276,198	 777,841
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(766,972)	16,971	783,943
Fund balance, beginning of year	766,972	 803,986	 37,014
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	\$ 820,957	\$ 820,957

^{*} Exempt from Oregon budget law

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Urban Renewal District No. 2 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	ginal & Final Budget	1	Actual	V	ariance	
Revenues							
Taxes							
Property taxes - current year	\$	131,501	\$	137,308	\$	5,807	
Previously levied taxes		10,000		8,306		(1,694)	
Interest		-		1,619		1,619	
Grants		500		-		(500)	
Payments in lieu of taxes		340				(340)	
Total revenues		142,341		147,233		4,892	
Expenditures							
General government		00.000		205		0.7.000	
Materials and services		28,200		397		27,803	
Capital outlay Debt service		240,061		26,417		213,644	
Principal		115,000		44,508		70,492	*
Interest		6,000		9,594		(3,594)	*
Bond reserve		25,000		-		25,000	
				22.21.1			
Total expenditures		414,261		80,916		333,345	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(271,920)		66,317		338,237	
Other financing sources (uses):				04055		0.4.0.7.7	
Receipt of loan payment				94,957		94,957	
Net change in fund balance		(271,920)		161,274		433,194	
Fund balance, beginning of year, budgetary basis		271,920		190,370		(81,550)	
Fund balance, end of year, budgetary basis	\$	_		351,644		351,644	
Interfund loan payable				(69,483)			
Fund balance, end of year, U.S. GAAP basis			\$	282,161			

^{*} Exempt from Oregon budget law

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual 12th Court LID Debt Service

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Special assessments			
Principal (633)	\$ 850	\$ 1,037	\$ 187
Principal - 2001 Bandon LID (634)	300	3,990	3,690
Principal - 2004 Hwy 101 SW (635)	4,720	5,015	295
Principal - 12th Crt LID (636)	990	262	(728)
Interest (633)	300	1,137	837
Interest - 2001 Bandon LID (634)	295	4,373	4,078
Interest - 2004 Hwy 101 SW (635)	8,960	5,496	(3,464)
Interest - 12th Crt LID (636)	1,604	287	(1,317)
Interest	500	1,805	1,305
Total revenues	18,519	23,402	4,883
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal - 2000 St & Sewer LID	52,781	3,350	49,431
Principal - 2004 Hwy 101 SW (635)	62,985	15,276	47,709
Principal - 12th Crt LID (636)	51,289	1,276	50,013
Interest - 2000 St & Sewer LID	1,182	614	568
Interest - 2004 Hwy 101 SW (635)	22,447	19,089	3,358
Interest - 12th Crt LID (636)	4,058	4,071	(13) *
Total expenditures	194,742	43,676	151,066
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(176,223)	(20,274)	155,949
Fund balance, beginning of year	176,223	291,022	114,799
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 270,748	\$ 270,748

^{*} Exempt from Oregon budget law

City of Bandon Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for resources and activities that are required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in separate funds.

State Tax Street Fund–This fund is used to account for the receipt of state gasoline taxes. Expenditures are legally restricted to the maintenance and improvements of streets, footpaths, and bicycle trails.

Library Memorial Fund—This fund is used to account for private donations to the library.

Library Fund–This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's library. The primary source of revenue is taxes levied through the Coos County Library Services District.

Community Beautification Fund—This fund uses the receipts from the solid waste franchise fees for the purpose of community beautification projects.

State Revenue Sharing Fund-This fund is used to account for receipts from the state of Oregon through the revenue sharing program. Expenditures are legally restricted to certain areas.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

General Obligation Bonds Fund—This fund is used to account for all general obligation bonds. These bonds were previously accounted for individually in funds 343, 344, 360, and 375.

2000 Street and Sewer LID Fund-This fund is used to account for a bank loan that was used for making street and sewer improvements along Edison Avenue, Newport Avenue, and Seabird Drive.

Local Improvement District Fund-This fund is used to account for the construction and assessment of water, sewer, and street improvements within organized special assessment districts of the City. This fund is comprised of a number of individual assessment districts.

City of Bandon Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2016

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities.

Capital Improvement Fund-This fund is used to account for capital expenditures including debt incurred for such expenditures which are financed by a portion of the local utility tax.

Equipment Reserve Fund-This fund is used to account for transfers from other funds to be used for major equipment replacement.

Parks and Recreation Development Fund—This fund is used to account for funds paid to the City by subdivisions in lieu of dedicating land for public park and recreation uses. The City is required to use said funds to aid in securing suitable areas for park and recreation purposes to serve the area containing the subdivision.

Street SDC Reimbursement Fund-This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

Street SDC Improvement Fund-This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

Storm Drain SDC Reimbursement Fund-This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

Storm Drain SDC Improvement Fund-This fund is used to account for the proceeds from system development charges which are legally restricted to expenditures for certain capital improvements.

Local Option Street Fund-This fund is used to account for loan proceeds, interest, capital expenditures, and interfund transfers necessary for the street paving project.

City of Bandon Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 379,715	\$ 384,979	\$ 3,386,067	\$ 4,150,761
Receivables Property taxes	_	20,783	34,442	55,225
Accounts	_	3,334	-	3,334
Special assessments		-	9,237	9,237
Total assets	379,715	409,096	3,429,746	4,218,557
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	8,308	_	232,066	240,374
Accrued payroll and benefits	6,339	-	-	6,339
Other liabilities	5,052			5,052
Total liabilities	19,699		232,066	251,765
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues				
Property taxes	-	20,783	34,442	55,225
Assessments receivable			9,237	9,237
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	20,783	43,679	64,462
FUND BALANCE				
Restricted	290,513	388,313	2,319,884	2,998,710
Committed	69,503		834,117	903,620
Total fund balances	360,016	388,313	3,154,001	3,902,330
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 379,715	\$ 409,096	\$ 3,429,746	\$ 4,218,557
and fund balances	φ 3/7,/13	φ 403,030	Ψ 3,747,740	Ψ 7,410,337

City of Bandon Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Special Revenue				Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues	4	1.55 101	4	100 101	4	04404		70F 0F 6	
Taxes	\$	167,401	\$	193,481	\$	364,194	\$	725,076	
Grants		277 024		-		20,104		20,104	
Intergovernmental		377,834		10057		-		377,834	
Payments in lieu of taxes System development charges		-		18,857		77,152		18,857 77,152	
Special assessments		-		-		21,192		21,192	
Interest		2,308		2,296		23,667		28,271	
Out of City bond charge		2,300		35,067		23,007		35,067	
Other		70,709		-				70,709	
Total revenues		618,252		249,701	506,309		1,374,262		
Expenditures									
General government		_		-		333,676		333,676	
Highways and streets		237,986		-		_		237,986	
Culture and recreation		403,181		-		-		403,181	
Capital outlay		-		-		435,508		435,508	
Debt service									
Principal retirement		-		107,876		-		107,876	
Interest			Description	156,175				156,175	
Total expenditures		641,167		264,051		769,184		1,674,402	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(22,915)		(14,350)		(262,875)		(300,140)	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in (out)		50,000		_		(22,680)	·	27,320	
Net change in fund balance		27,085		(14,350)		(285,555)		(272,820)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		332,931		402,663		3,439,556		4,175,150	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	360,016	\$	388,313	\$	3,154,001	\$	3,902,330	

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Balance Sheet Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	State Tax Street	Library Memorial	Library	Community Beautification	State Revenue Sharing	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,495	\$ 229,316	\$ 75,876	\$ 17,199	\$ 54,829	\$ 379,715
Total assets	2,495	229,316	75,876	17,199	54,829	379,715
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Other liabilities	\$ - 2,495 5,052	\$ 2,743	\$ 3,040 3,844	\$ 2,525 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 8,308 6,339 5,052
Total liabilities	7,547	2,743	6,884	2,525		19,699
Fund balances Restricted Committed	(5,052)	226,573 	68,992 	- 14,674	- 54,829	290,513 69,503
Total fund balances	(5,052)	226,573	68,992	14,674	54,829	360,016
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,495	\$ 229,316	\$ 75,876	\$ 17,199	\$ 54,829	\$ 379,715

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	State Tax Street			Community Beautification	State Revenue Sharing	Totals
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 167,401	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 167,401
Intergovernmental	-	-	352,068	-	25,766	377,834
Interest	17	1,459	500	141	191	2,308
Other	_	36,295		34,414	<u> </u>	70,709
Total revenues	167,418	37,754	352,568	34,555	25,957	518,252
Expenditures Current						
Highways and streets Culture and recreation	237,986	- 29,108	- 327,751	46,322		237,986 403,181
Total expenditures	237,986	29,108	327,751	46,322		641,167
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(70,568)	8,646	24,817	(11,767)	25,957	(22,915)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in (out)	50,000					50,000
Net change in fund balance	(20,568)	8,646	24,817	(11,767)	25,957	27,085
Fund balances, beginning of year	15,516	217,927	44,175	26,441	28,872	332,931
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (5,052)	\$ 226,573	\$ 68,992	\$ 14,674	\$ 54,829	\$ 360,016

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual State Tax Street Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues	-	ginal & Final Budget	 Actual	Variance		
State street tax Interest Other	\$	160,715 500 500	\$ 167,401 17	\$	6,686 (483) (500)	
Total revenues		161,715	 167,418		5,703	
Expenditures Highways and streets Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		175,475 21,500 35,450	218,666 19,320		(43,191) 2,180 35,450	
Total expenditures		232,425	 237,986		(5,561)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses)		(70,710)	(70,568)		142	
Transfers from other funds		50,000	 50,000		-	
Net change in fund balance		(20,710)	 (20,568)		142	
Fund balance, beginning of year		20,710	 15,516		(5,194)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	 (5,052)	\$	(5,052)	

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Library Memorial Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Origir Final B		 Actual	Variance		
Revenues						
Interest	\$	1,500	\$ 1,459	\$	(41)	
Other						
Grants		1,000	1,000		-	
Gifts & memorials	1	5,100	12,735		(2,365)	
Miscellaneous		9,700	 22,560		12,860	
Total revenues	2	7,300	 37,754		10,454	
Expenditures						
Culture and recreation						
Materials and services	8	2,500	27,212		55,288	
Capital outlay	16	2,848	 <u>1,896 </u>		160,952	
Total expenditures	24	5,348	29,108		216,240	
Net change in fund balance	(21	8,048)	8,646		226,694	
Fund balance, beginning of year	21	8,048	 217,927		(121)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 226,573	\$	226,573	

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Library Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Intergovernmental County library support	\$ 298,192	\$ 352,068	\$ 53,876	
Interest Other	410 1,050	500 	90 (1,050)	
Total revenues	299,652	352,568	52,916	
Expenditures Culture and recreation Personal services Materials and services	329,559 27,536	290,067 37,684	39,492 (10,148)	
Total expenditures	357,095	327,751	29,344	
Net change in fund balance	(57,443)	24,817	82,260	
Fund balance, beginning of year	57,443	44,175	(13,268)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 68,992	\$ 68,992	

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Community Beautification Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
Garbage franchise fees Contributions Interest Brick sales Other	\$ 34,376 1,250,000 500 500 300	\$ 34,414 - 141 -	\$ 38 (1,250,000) (359) (500) (300)		
Total revenues	1,285,676	34,555	(1,251,121)		
Transfer from other funds Transfer in from 550 fund	135,000	-	(135,000)		
Expenditures Culture and recreation Materials and services Capital outlay	67,000 1,365,771	46,322	20,678 1,365,771		
Total expenditures	1,432,771	46,322	1,386,449		
Net change in fund balance	(12,095)	(11,767)	328		
Fund balance, beginning of year	12,095	26,441	14,346		
Fund balance, end of year	<u> </u>	\$ 14,674	\$ 14,674		

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual State Revenue Sharing Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

P	riginal & al Budget	 Actual	Variance		
Revenues State revenue sharing Interest	\$ -	\$ 25,766 191	\$	25,766 191	
Total revenues	 	 25,957		25,957	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	 (23,098)	 		23,098	
Net change in fund balance	(23,098)	25,957		49,055	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 23,098	 28,872		5,774	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	\$ 54,829	\$	54,829	

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Balance Sheet Debt Service Funds June 30, 2016

ASSETS	O Bo	General bligation onds Debt Service	& Se	00 Street ewer LID Bond	Dis	Local provement trict Debt Service		Totals
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	332,250	\$	2,583	\$	50,146	\$	384,979
Accounts Property taxes		3,334 20,783		-		-		3,334 20,783
Total assets	\$	356,367	_\$	2,583	\$	50,146	\$	409,096
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue Property taxes	\$	20,783	\$	_	\$	_	\$	20,783
FUND BALANCES	•	.,	•		,		•	,.
Restricted		335,584		2,583		50,146		388,313
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	356,367	. \$	2,583	_\$	50,146	\$	409,096

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Ol Bo	General oligation nds Debt Service		Street & er LID	Impro Distr	ocal ovement ict Debt rvice	Totals		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	193,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	193,481	
Interest		1,995		1		300		2,296	
Out of City bond charge		35,067		-		-		35,067	
In lieu of tax		18,857						18,857	
Total revenues		249,400		1		300		249,701	
Expenditures Debt service									
Principal		107,876		_		_		107,876	
Interest		156,175		-		-		156,175	
Total expenditures		264,051		-				264,051	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(14,651)		1		300		(14,350)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		350,235	····	2,582		49,846		402,663	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	335,584	\$	2,583	\$	50,146	\$	388,313	

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Obligation Bonds Debt Service For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Taxes			
2000 RD GO BDS Prop taxes(343) - CY 2000 RD GO BDS Prop taxes(343) - PY	\$ 107,056 3,500	\$ 108,474 13,079	\$ 1,418 9,579
2000 SDWRLF BDS Prop taxes(344) - CY 2000 SDWRLF BDS Prop taxes(344) - PY 2006 WTPBONDS Prop taxes (375) - CY	23,840 1,000 38,277	24,164 4,573 38,840	324 3,573 563
2006 WTPBONDS Prop taxes (375) - PY	1,500	4,351	2,851
Interest	1,100	1,995	895
2000 RD GO BDS - out of City (343)	22,050	27,042	4,992
2000 RD GO BDS - in lieu of tax (343)	310	-	(310)
2000 SDWRLF GO BDS - out of City (344)	5,172	-	(5,172)
2000 SDWRLF GO BDS - in lieu of tax (344)	69	10.057	(69)
2006 Water Plant GO BDS - in lieu of tax (375) 2006 WTP - out of City (375)	116	18,857 8,025	18,741
2006 W 1F - Out of City (5/5)	8,078	0,023	(53)
Total revenues	212,068	249,400	37,332
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal - 2000 RD Bonds (343)	52,815	52,813	2
Interest - 2000 RD Bonds (343)	112,955	112,955	-
Reserve - 2000 RD Bonds (343)	165,770	-	165,770
Principal - 2000 SDWRLF Bonds (344)	30,387	30,386	1
Interest - 2000 SDWRLF Bonds (344)	6,798	6,797	1
Reserve - 2000 SDWRLF Bonds (344)	37,185	-	37,185
Principal - 2006 Water Plant Bonds (375)	24,678	24,677	1
Interest - 2006 Water Plant Bonds (375)	36,424	36,423	1
Reserve - 2006 Water Plant Bonds (375)	61,102	-	61,102
Total expenditures	528,114	264,051	264,063
Net change in fund balance	(316,046)	(14,651)	301,395
Fund balance, beginning of year	316,046	350,235	34,189
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 335,584	\$ 335,584

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual 2000 Street & Sewer LID Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Origi Final B		A	ctual	Variance		
Revenues Interest	\$		\$	1	\$	1	
Total revenues		-		1		1	
Fund balance, beginning of year				2,582		2,582	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	2,583	\$	2,583	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Local Improvement District Fund Debt Service For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Special assessments			
Principal	\$ 14,555	\$ -	\$ (14,555)
Interest	67,577	-	(67,577)
Interest	10	300	290
Other	5,000		(5,000)
Total revenue	87,142	300	(86,842)
Expenditures General government			
Capital outlay	2,330,861	-	2,330,861
Net change in fund balance	(2,243,719)	300	2,244,019
Other financing sources (uses)			
Issuance of debt	2,193,900	_	(2,193,900)
Net change in fund balance	(49,819)	300	50,119
Fund balance, beginning of year	49,819	49,846	27
Fund balance, end of year	_ \$	\$ 50,146	\$ 50,146

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Balance Sheet Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2016

		Capital		uipment leserve	R	Parks and ecreation velopment		treet SDC nbursement		Street SDC provement		torm Drain SDC mbursement		orm Drain SDC provement	Local Option Street	_	Totals
ASSETS	.	(20 (02	.	06 122	.	124 207	.	420 220	*	207 225	.	264 200	.	224.002	† 1 24 1 102	.	2 200 000
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net, where applicable	\$	628,602	\$	86,123	\$	124,287	\$	439,328	\$	297,235	\$	364,398	\$	231,992	\$ 1,214,102	\$	3,386,06
of allowance for uncollectible)																	
Taxes		-				-		-		-		-		-	34,442		34,44
Special assessments		-	_		_	-		1,503		2,150		2,841		2,743			9,23
Total assets	\$	628,602	\$	86,123	\$	124,287	\$	440,831	\$	299,385	\$	367,239	\$	234,735	\$ 1,248,544	\$	3,429,746
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue Property taxes Assessments receivable						-		- 1,503		2,150		2,841		2,743	34,442		34,44 9,23
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		_		-		1,503		2,150		2,841		2,743	34,442		43,67
Fund balances Restricted Committed		623,707		86,123		124,287		339,328		297,235		306,398		231,992	1,144,931		2,319,884 834,117
Total fund balances		623,707		86,123		124,287		339,328		297,235		306,398		231,992	1,144,931		3,154,00
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	628,602	_	86,123	_	124,287	\$	440,831		299,385	\$	367,239		234,735	\$ 1,248,544		3,429,74

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Im	Capital provement	•	pment serve	Re	arks and creation relopment		treet SDC nbursement		treet SDC provement	orm Drain SDC bursement	orm Drain SDC provement	Local Option Street	Totals
Revenues														
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 364,194	\$ 364,194
Grants		20,104		-		-		-		-	-	-	-	20,104
Special assessments		-		-		-		2,702		5,038	7,125	6,327	-	21,192
System development charges		-				-		9,697		18,175	26,256	23,024	-	77,152
Interest		6,461		434		798	_	2,813		1,885	 2,261	 1,393	7,622	23,667
Total revenues	_	26,565		434		798		15,212		25,098	35,642	 30,744	371,816	506,309
Expenditures Current:														
General government		333,676		-		-		-		-	-	-	-	333,676
Capital outlay	_							107,375	_	26,865	 64,795	 560	235,913	435,508
Total expenditures		333,676						107,375		26,865	 64,795	 560	235,913	769,184
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(307,111)		434		798		(92,163)		(1,767)	 (29,153)	 30,184	135,903	(262,875)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in (out)		(22,680)		-		-				-		-	-	(22,680)
Net change in fund balance		(329,791)		434		798		(92,163)		(1,767)	(29,153)	 30,184	135,903	(285,555)
Fund balances, beginning of year		953,498	8	5,689		123,489		431,491		299,002	335,551	 201,808	1,009,028	3,439,556
Fund balance, end of year	\$	623,707	\$ 8	6,123	\$	124,287	\$	339,328	\$	297,235	\$ 306,398	\$ 231,992	\$1,144,931	\$ 3,154,001

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	inal & Final Budget	Actual	Variance			
Revenues Grants Utility tax Interest	\$	200,000 139,818 2,500	\$ 20,104	\$	(179,896) (139,818) 3,961		
Total revenues		342,318	 26,565	_	(315,753)		
Expenditures General government		772 202	222 676		420.626		
Capital outlay	-	773,302	 333,676		439,626		
Total expenditures		773,302	 333,676		439,626		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(430,984)	(307,111)		123,873		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in (out) Proceeds from sale of land		50,585 15,000	(22,680)		(73,265) (15,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		65,585	 (22,680)		(88,265)		
Net change in fund balance		(365,399)	(329,791)		35,608		
Fund balance, beginning of year, budgetary basis		365,399	1,048,455		683,056		
Fund balance, end of year, budgetary basis	\$		718,664	\$	718,664		
Interfund loan payment			 (94,957)				
Fund balance, end of year, U.S. GAAP basis			\$ 623,707				

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Equipment Reserve Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	ıl & Final dget	 Actual	Variance		
Revenues Interest	\$	-	\$ 434	\$	434	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in from other funds		(50,58 <u>5)</u>	 		50,585	
Net change in fund balance		(50,585)	434		51,019	
Fund balance, beginning of year		50,585	 <u>85,689</u>		35,104	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 86,123	\$	86,123	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Parks and Recreation Development Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		nal & Sudget	A	ctual	Variance		
Revenues Interest	\$	-	\$	798	\$	798	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in	(1	35,000)		-		135,000	
Net change in fund balance	(1	35,000)		798		135,798	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1	35,000		123,489		(11,511)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	40-	\$	124,287	\$	124,287	

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Street SDC Reimbursement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	inal & Final Budget	 Actual	Variance		
Revenues System development fees	\$	6,000	\$ 9,697	\$	3,697	
Special assessments						
Principal		1,000	2,543		1,543	
Interest		500	159		(341)	
Interest		500	 2,813		2,313	
Total revenues		8,000	 15,212		7,212	
Expenditures						
Highways and streets Capital outlay		430,000	 107,375	****	322,625	
Total expenditures		430,000	107,375		322,625	
Net change in fund balance		(422,000)	(92,163)		329,837	
Fund balance, beginning of year		422,000	 431,491		9,491	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 339,328	\$	339,328	

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Street SDC Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original & Final Budget			Actual	Variance		
Revenues	ф	12.000	ф	10.175	Φ.	(177	
System development fees Special assessments	\$	12,000	\$	18,175	\$	6,175	
Principal		2,000		4,735		2,735	
Interest		500		303		(197)	
Interest		1,000		1,885		885	
Total revenues		15,500		25,098		9,598	
Expenditures							
Highways and streets Capital outlay		277,529		26,865		250,664	
Total expenditures		277,529		26,865		250,664	
Net change in fund balance		(262,029)		(1,767)		260,262	
Fund balance, beginning of year		262,029		299,002		36,973	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	297,235	\$	297,235	

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Storm Drain SDC Reimbursement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		riginal & al Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues						
System development fees	\$	15,000	\$	26,256	\$	11,256
Special assessments						
Principal		3,000		6,693		3,693
Interest		1,300		432		(868)
Interest	_	1,500		<u>2,261</u>		761
Total revenues		20,800		35,642		14,842
Expenditures						
Highways and streets						
Capital outlay		315,579		64,795		250,784
Total expenditures	****	315,579		64,795		250,784
Net change in fund balance		(294,779)		(29,153)		265,626
Fund balance, beginning of year		294,779		335,551		40,772
Fund balance, end of year	\$		_\$	306,398	\$	306,398

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Storm Drain SDC Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	inal & Final Budget	 Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
System development fees	\$	15,000	\$ 23,024	\$	8,024
Special assessments					
Principal		2,000	5,943		3,943
Interest		1,000	384		(616)
Interest		1,500	 1,393		(107)
Total revenues		19,500	 30,744		11,244
Expenditures Highways and streets					
Capital outlay		188,960	560		188,400
Total expenditures		188,960	 560		188,400
Net change in fund balance		(169,460)	30,184		199,644
Fund balance, beginning of year		169,460	201,808		32,348
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 231,992	\$	231,992

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Local Option Street Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Taxes Property taxes - current year Previously levied taxes Interest In lieu of tax Other	\$ 324,670 15,000 4,500 677 500	\$ 327,847 36,347 7,622	\$ 3,177 21,347 3,122 (677) (500)
Total revenues	345,347	371,816	26,469
Expenditures Highways and streets Capital outlay	1,426,448	235,913	1,190,535
Total expenditures	1,426,448	235,913	1,190,535
Net change in fund balance	(1,081,101)	135,903	1,217,004
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,081,101	1,009,028	(72,073)
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,144,931	\$ 1,144,931

City of Bandon Enterprise Funds June 30, 2016

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the City's council is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the City's council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Sewer Fund–This fund and its related sub-funds are used to account for the activities of the sewer disposal system.

Sewer SDC Reimbursement Fund Sewer SDC Improvement Fund

Water Fund-This fund and its related sub-funds are used to account for the activities of the water system.

Water SDC Reimbursement Fund Water SDC Improvement Fund

Electric Fund-This fund is used to account for the activities of the electric utility.

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Schedule of Net Position Sewer Funds June 30, 2016

		Sewer	-	ewer SDC	ewer SDC provement		Totals
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivable	\$	431,182	\$	136,906	\$ 158,388	\$	726,476
Accounts		68,899		-	-		68,899
Special assessments		-		1,379	1,828		3,207
Restricted cash		12,763		•	 -		12,763
Total current assets		512,844		138,285	160,216		811,345
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets							
(net of accumulated depreciation)		4,829,519			 		4,829,519
Total assets		5,342,363		138,285	 160,216	_	5,640,864
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflow - city pension		30,546		-			30,546
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	5,372,909	\$	138,285	\$ 160,216	\$	5,671,410
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	13,442	\$		\$ -	\$	13,442
Accrued payroll benefits		5,752		-	-		5,752
Accrued interest payable		6,973		-	-		6,973
Customer deposits		12,763		-	-		12,763
Compensated absences payable		34,443		-	-		34,443
Current portion of long-term debt	_	57,315		-	 		57,315
Total current liabilities	_	130,688		-	 -		130,688
Long-term liabilities							
Net pension liability		136,774		-	-		136,774
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	_	1,138,055				_	1,138,055
Total long-term liabilities		1,274,829			 -	_	1,274,829
Total liabilities		1,405,517			 -		1,405,517
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflow - city pension	_	39,549		-			39,549
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		3,634,149		=	-		3,634,149
Restricted for customer deposits		12,763		-			12,763
Restricted for capital projects				138,285	160,216		298,501
Unrestricted		280,931		-	 		280,931
Total net position		3,927,843		138,285	160,216		4,226,344
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and net position	\$	5,372,909	\$	138,285	\$ 160,216	\$	5,671,410

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Sewer Funds

		Sewer	 wer SDC bursement	 wer SDC rovement	Totals
Operating revenues Charges for services					-
Sewer charges	\$	803,643	\$ -	\$ - 34.	\$ 803,643
Service charges, fees and permits Other		5,129	 11,571 	 18,411 	 29,982 5,129
Total operating revenues	_	808,772	11,571	 18,411	 838,754
Operating expenses					
Administration		101,455	-	-	101,455
Cost of sales and services		762,958	11,584	945	775,487
Depreciation and amortization		207,801	 	 -	207,801
Total operating expenses	_	1,072,214	 11,584	 945	 1,084,743
Operating income (loss)		(263,442)	 (13)	 17,466	 (245,989)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Assessment interest		-	215	324	539
Interest income		2,888	884	932	4,704
Interest expense		(14,420)	-		 (14,420)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(11,532)	 1,099	 1,256	 (9,177)
Income (loss) before operating transfers		(274,974)	 1,086	18,722	 (255,166)
Change in net position		(274,974)	1,086	18,722	(255,166)
Net position, beginning of year		4,202,817	 137,199	 141,494	 4,481,510
Net position, end of year	\$	3,927,843	\$ 138,285	\$ 160,216	\$ 4,226,344

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position–Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Sewer Fund

	Actual	Adjustment to U.S. GAAP Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Original & Final Budget	Variance	
Operating revenues						
Charges for services						
Sewer charges	\$ 803,643	\$ -	\$ 803,643	\$ 775,169	\$ 28,474	
Other	5,129_		5,129	10,000	(4,871)	
Total operating revenues	808,772		808,772	785,169	23,603	
Operating expenses						
Administration	101,455	13,113	88,342	85,339	(3,003)	
Accounting and billing	72,496	7,396	65,100	44,960	(20,140)	
Collection	63,470	(10,500)	73,970	210,296	136,326	
Plant operations	601,227	83,008	518,219	481,479	(36,740)	
Nondepartmental	25,765	-	25,765	46,510	20,745	
Depreciation	207,801	207,801				
Total operating expenses	1,072,214	300,818	771,396	868,584	97,188	
Operating income (loss)	(263,442)	(300,818)	37,376	(83,415)	(73,585)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Debt service principal	-	54,630	(54,630)	(40,000)	(14,630) *	
Debt service interest	(14,420)	222	(14,642)	(30,000)	15,358	
Interest income	2,888		2,888_	100	2,788	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(11,532)	54,852	(66,384)	(69,900)	3,516	
Income before transfers	(274,974)	(245,966)	(29,008)	(153,315)	(70,069)	
Net position, beginning of year	4,202,817	3,692,922	509,895	153,315	356,580	
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,927,843	\$ 3,446,956	\$ 480,887	\$ -	\$ 480,887	

^{*} Exempt from Oregon budget law

City of Bandon

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position-Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Sewer SDC Reimbursement Fund

	Actual	Adjustment to U.S. GAAP Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Original & Final Budget	Variance
Operating revenues					
System development fees Other	\$ 11,571 	\$ - 	\$ 11,571	\$ 8,000 100	\$ 3,571 (100)
	11,571		11,571	8,100	3,471
Operating expenses Materials and services Capital outlay	11,584	-	11,584	5,000 140,000	(6,584) 140,000
Total operating expenses	11,584	_	11,584	145,000	133,416
Operating income (loss)	(13)		(13)	(136,900)	136,887
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Assessment principal	-	-	-	1,000	(1,000)
Assessment interest	215	-	215	1,000	(785)
Interest income	884		884	500	384
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,099	-	1,099	2,500	(1,401)
Change in net position	1,086	-	1,086	(134,400)	135,486
Net position, beginning of year	137,199		137,199	134,400	2,799
Net position, end of year	\$ 138,285	\$ -	\$ 138,285	\$ -	\$ 138,285

City of Bandon

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position– Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Sewer SDC Improvement Fund

	Actual	Adjustment to U.S. GAAP Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Original & Final Budget	Variance	
Operating revenues System development fees	\$ 18,411	\$ -	\$ 18,411	\$ 12,000	\$ 6,411	
Operating expenses Materials and services Capital outlay	- 945	-	- 945	6,500 144,493	6,500 143,548	
Total operating expenses	945		945	150,993	150,048	
Operating income (loss)	17,466	-	17,466	(138,993)	156,459	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Assessment principal Assessment interest Interest income	324 932	- - -	324 932	1,300 1,400 500	(1,300) (1,076) 432	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,256		1,256	3,200	(1,944)	
Change in net position	18,722	-	18,722	(135,793)	154,515	
Net position, beginning of year	141,494		141,494	135,793	5,701	
Net position, end of year	\$ 160,216	\$ -	\$ 160,216	\$ -	\$ 160,216	

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Schedule of Net Position Water Funds June 30, 2016

	Water SDC Water Reimbursement		Water SDC Improvement	Totals
ASSETS	Water	Rembursement	mprovement	Totals
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 201,132	\$ 959,255	\$ 1,160,387
Receivable				
Accounts	41,036	-	-	41,036
Special assessments	-	2,736	9,804	12,540
Restricted cash	6,832	-	-	6,832
Inventory	32,865		-	32,865
Total current assets	80,733	203,868	969,059	1,253,660
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash	23,653	-	-	23,653
Loans receivable	375,263	-	-	375,263
Capital assets				
(net of accumulated depreciation)	7,047,680			7,047,680
Total noncurrent assets	7,446,596			7,446,596
Total assets	7,527,329	203,868	969,059	8,700,256
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflow - city pension	38,541	-	-	38,541
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 7,565,870	\$ 203,868	\$ 969,059	\$ 8,738,797
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 8,437	\$ 89,934	-	\$ 98,371
Accrued payroll benefits	5,221	-	-	5,221
Compensated absences payable	22,847	-	-	22,847
Customer deposits	6,832	-	-	6,832
Interest payable	9,395	-	-	9,395
Other liabilities	57,671	-	-	57,671
Current portion of long term debt	23,653	-	-	23,653
Total current liabilities	134,056	89,934		223,990
Long-term liabilities				
Net pension liability	195,491	-	-	195,491
Long term debt (net of current portion)	316,863			316,863
Total long-term liabilities	512,354	_		512,354
Total liabilities	646,410	89,934		736,344
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•			
Deferred inflow - city pension	27,984	-	-	27,984
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	6 707 164			6 707 164
Restricted for debt service	6,707,164 23,653	•	-	6,707,164 23,653
Restricted for capital projects	23,033	113,934	969,059	1,082,993
Unrestricted	160,659	113,754	505,035	160,659
Total net position	6,891,476	113,934	969,059	7,974,469
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and	0,071,470	113,734	909,037	7,374,403
net position	\$ 7,565,870	\$ 203,868	\$ 969,059	\$ 8,738,797

City of Bandon Sub-Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Water Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Water	Water SDC Reimbursement	Water SDC Improvement	Totals
Operating revenues				
Charges for services				
Water sales	\$ 502,858	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 502,858
Service charges, fees and permits	22,260	20,010	79,760	122,030
Miscellaneous, other	7	-		7
Total operating revenues	525,125	20,010	79,760	624,895
Operating expenses				
Administration	66,831	-	-	66,831
Cost of sales and services	651,460	125,588	33,627	810,675
Depreciation	308,935			308,935
Total operating expenses	1,027,226	125,588	33,627	1,186,441
Operating income	(502,101)	(105,578)	46,133	(561,546)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Interest income	61	1,659	6,149	7,869
Debt service interest	(16,689)	-	-	(16,689)
Special assessment interest	18,411	361	1,376	20,148
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,783	2,020	7,525	11,328
Income (loss) before transfers	(500,318)	(103,558)	53,658	(550,218)
Other financing sources (uses) Capital assets donated (to) from other funds Transfer (to) from other funds	69,913 22,680	(42,136)	(27,777)	22,680
Total other financing sources (uses)	92,593	(42,136)	(27,777)	22,680
Change in net position	(407,725)	(145,694)	25,881	(527,538)
Net position, beginning of year	7,299,201	259,628	943,178	8,502,007
Net position, end of year	\$ 6,891,476	\$ 113,934	\$ 969,059	\$ 7,974,469

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position– Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Water Fund

	Actual	Adjustment to U.S. GAAP Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Original & Final Budget	Variance
Operating revenues					
Charges for services					
Water sales	\$ 502,858	\$ -	\$502,858	\$477,380	\$ 25,478
Service charges, fees and permits	22,260	-	22,260	28,676	(6,416)
Other	7		7	2,423	(2,416)
Total operating revenues	525,125		525,125	508,479	16,646
Operating expenses					
Administration	66,831	11,264	55,567	33,968	(21,599)
Accounting and billing	30,293	6,351	23,942	35,422	11,480
Distribution	220,100	51,702	173,116	232,717	59,601
Plant operations	384,717	70,106	314,611	380,169	65,558
Non-departmental	16,350	-	16,350	28,643	12,293
Depreciation	308,935	308,935	-		_
Total operating expenses	1,027,226	448,358	583,586	710,919	127,333
Operating income (loss)	(502,101)	(448,358)	(58,461)	(202,440)	143,979
Nonoperating revenues (expense)					
Special assessments					
Principal	-	(16,113)	16,113	14,611	1,502
Interest	18,411	-	18,411	19,912	(1,501)
Debt service					
Principal	-	22,584	(22,584)	(27,584)	5,000
Interest	(16,689)	486	(17,175)	(17,175)	-
Interest income	61	-	61	920	(859)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,783	6,957	(5,174)	(9,316)	4,142
Income before operating transfers	(500,318)	(441,401)	(63,635)	(211,756)	148,121
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer from other funds	22,680	22,680	-	-	-
Equity donations from (to) other fund	69,913	69,913			-
Total other financing sources and (uses)	92,593	92,593			
Change in net position	(407,725)	(348,808)	(63,635)	(211,756)	148,121
Net position, beginning of year	7,299,201	7,058,562	240,639_	211,756	28,883
Net position, end of year	\$6,891,476	\$6,709,754	\$177,004	\$ -	\$177,004

City of Bandon

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position-Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Water SDC Reimbursement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Actual	Adjustment to U.S. GAAP Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Original & Final Budget	Variance
Operating revenues System development fees Other	\$ 20,010	\$ - 	\$ 20,010	\$ 10,000 500	\$ 10,010 (500)
Total operating revenues	20,010	-	20,010	10,500	9,510
Operating expenses Materials and services Capital outlay	125,588	(42,136)	125,588 42,136	25,000 242,075	(100,588) 199,939
Total operating expenses	125,588	(42,136)	167,724	267,075	99,351
Operating income (loss)	(105,578)	42,136	(147,714)	(256,575)	108,861
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Assessment principal Assessment interest Interest income	- 361 1,659	- - -	361 1,659	1,000 1,000 1,600	(1,000) (639) 59
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,020		2,020	3,600	(1,580)
Income (loss) before transfers to other funds	(103,558)	42,136	(145,694)	(252,975)	107,281
Other financing sources (uses) Capital assets donated from (to) other funds	(42,136)	(42,136)			
Change in net position	(145,694)	-	(145,694)	(252,975)	107,281
Net position, beginning of year	259,628	_	259,628	252,975	6,653
Net position, end of year	\$ 113,934	\$ -	\$ 113,934	\$ -	\$ 113,934

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position– Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Water SDC Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Actual	Adjustment to U.S. GAAP Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Original & Final Budget	Variance
Operating revenues System development fees	\$ 79,760	\$	\$ 79,760	\$ 50,000	\$ 29,760
Operating expenses					
Materials and services	33,627	-	33,627	25,000	(8,627)
Capital outlay	-	(27,777)	27,777	225,000	197,223
Debt service - principal	-	-	-	500,000	500,000
Debt service - interest	-			200,000	200,000
Total operating expenses	33,627	(27,777)	61,404	950,000	888,596
Operating income (loss)	46,133	27,777	18,356	(900,000)	918,356
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Assessment principal	-	-	-	5,000	(5,000)
Assessment interest	1,376	-	1,376	2,000	(624)
Interest income	6,149		6,149	2,000	4,149
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	7,525		7,525	9,000	(1,475)
Income (loss) before transfers to other funds	53,658	27,777	25,881	(891,000)	916,881
Other financing sources (uses)					
Capital assets donated from (to) other funds	(27,777)	(27,777)			
Change in net position	25,881	-	25,881	(891,000)	916,881
Net position, beginning of year	943,178		943,178	891,000	52,178
Net position, end of year	\$ 969,059	\$ -	\$ 969,059	\$ -	\$ 969,059

City of Bandon Schedule of Net Position Electric Fund June 30, 2016

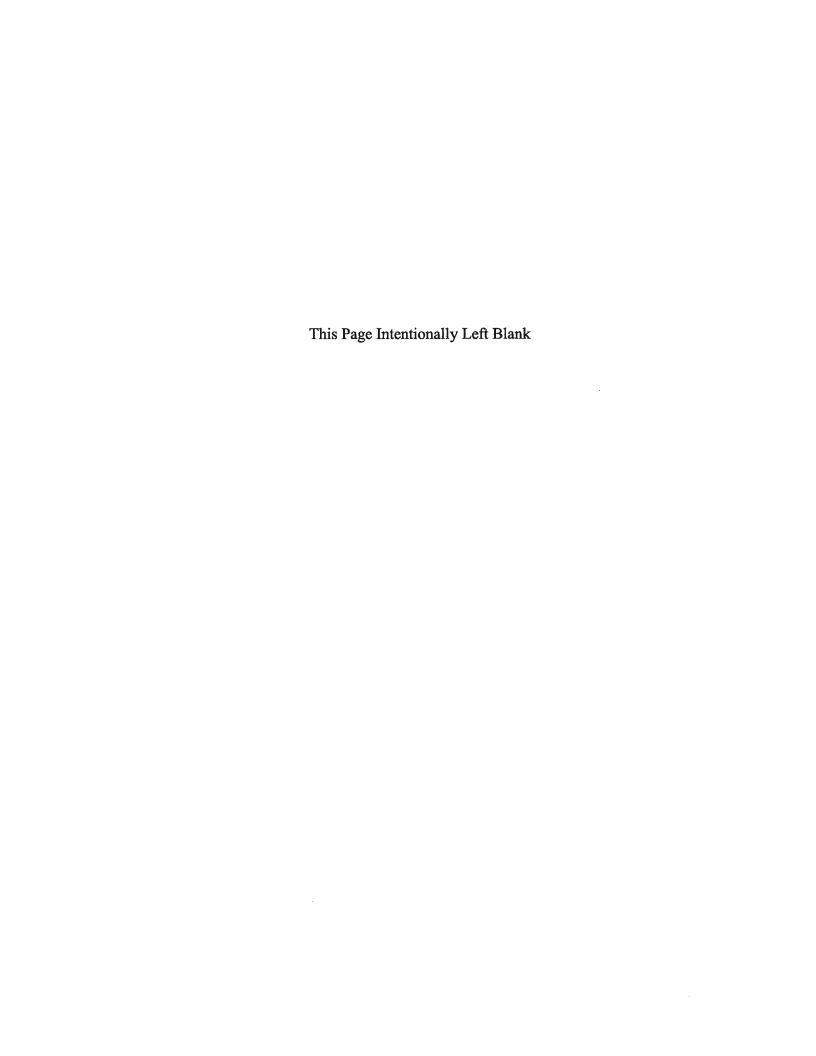
ASSETS		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivable	\$	746,132
Accounts Restricted cash Inventory		352,800 82,622 487,542
Total current assets		1,669,096
Noncurrent assets Loans receivable Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		10,211 9,117, <u>180</u>
Total noncurrent assets		9,127,391
Total assets		10,796,487
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflow - city pension		1 <u>64,35.3</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	10,960,840
Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll benefits Compensated absences payable Customer deposits	\$	258,465 24,813 97,754 82,379
Total current liabilities		463,411
Long-term liabilities Net pension liability		777,595
Total liabilities		1,241,006
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow - city pension		172,929
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for customer deposits Unrestricted		9,117,180 82,379 347,346
Total net position		9,546,905
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	*	10,960,840

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Electric Fund

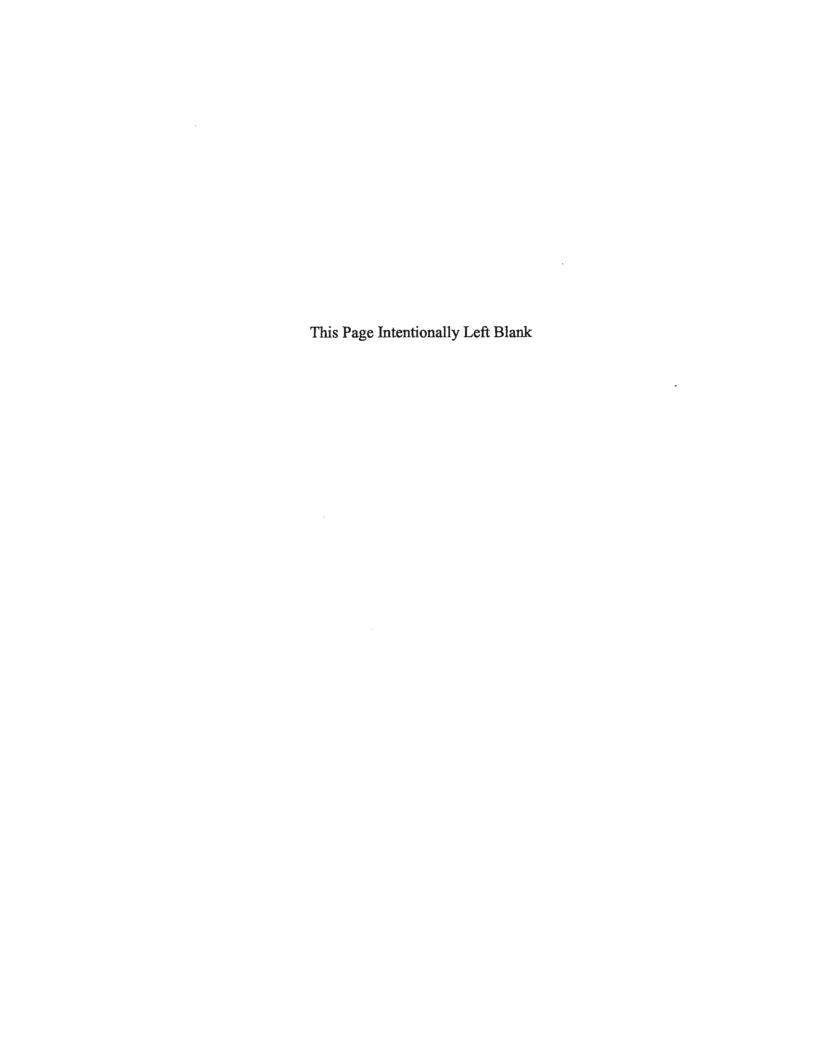
Operating revenues Charges for services Electricity sales BPA conservation Service charges, fees, and permits Other	\$ 5,229,733 17,074 138,175 2,848
Total operating revenues	5,387,830
Operating expenses Administration Cost of sales and services Energy assistance payments Depreciation	460,036 5,303,393 5,217 568,978
Total operating expenses	6,337,624
Operating income (loss)	(949,794)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest income Income (loss) before operating transfers	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers (to) from other funds	(25,000)
Change in net position	(968,835)
Net position, beginning of year	10,515,740
Net position, end of year	\$ 9,546,905

City of Bandon Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position– Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Electric Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Actual	Adjustment to U.S. GAAP Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Original & Final Budget	Variance
Operating revenues	¢ [210.077	¢	¢ F210077	¢ 5102022	ф 2F2FF
Electricity sales	\$ 5,218,077	\$ -	\$ 5,218,077	\$ 5,182,822	\$ 35,255 766
Low income assistance	10,766	-	10,766	10,000	
Vol Low Inc Roundup Donation BPA conservation	890 <u>.</u>	-	890 17,074	1,090 75,000	(200)
	17,074	-			(57,926)
Services charges, fees and permits Reimbursements	138,175	-	138,175	112,607 10,000	25,568
Other	2,848	-	2,848	10,000	(10,000)
Other .	2,840			10,000	(7,152)
Total operating revenues	5,387,830		5,387,830	5,401,519	(13,689)
Operating expenses					
Administration	460,036	54,577	405,459	340,045	(65,414)
Accounting and billing	449,806	102,500	347,306	375,141	27,835
Source of supply	2,533,892	-	2,533,892	2,735,203	201,311
Conservation	61,847	8,213	53,634	111,327	57,693
Distribution	1,968,312	252,901	1,913,956	2,574,924	660,968
Nondepartmental					
Materials and services	290,704	-	290,704	290,704	-
Debt service - interest	4,049	-	4,049	8,098	4,049
Depreciation and amortization	568,978	568,978			-
Total operating expenses	6,337,624	987,169	5,549,000	6,435,442	886,442
Operating income (loss)	(949,794)	987,169	(161,170)	(1,033,923)	872,753
Nonoperating revenues (expense)					
Conservation interest	564	-	564	500	64
Conservation principal	-	(2,297)	2,297	500	1,797
Interest income	5,395		5,395	9,000	(3,605)
Total nonoperating revenues	5,959	(2,297)	8,256	10,000	(1,744)
Income (loss) before transfers	(943,835)	984,872	(152,914)	(1,023,923)	871,009
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	(25,000)	
Change in net position	(968,835)	984,872	(177,914)	(1,048,923)	871,009
Net position, at beginning of year	10,515,740	9,705,057	810,683	1,048,923	(238,240)
Net position, at end of year	\$ 9,546,905	\$ 10,689,929	\$ 632,769	\$ -	\$ 632,769









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November 29, 2017

To the City Council City of Bandon Coos County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bandon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

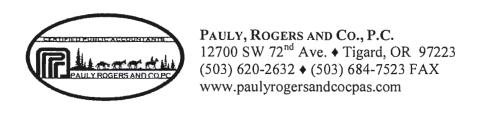
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ROY R. ROGERS, CPA

Roy R Rogers

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



November 29, 2017

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Bandon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Bandon was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:

1. Expenditures of all the various funds were within authorized appropriations, except as noted on page 18.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

We noted a matter involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be a significant deficiency under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which is noted in our management letter dated November 29, 2017.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

ROY R. ROGERS, CPA

Koy R Rogers

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.